or laden on board any Ship or Vessel, cach and every Package shall be stamped or marked by the proper Officer of the Customs, in Roman Letters of not less than Two Inches in Length, with the Word FOREIGN, and shall be also numbered pro-

gressively:

And His Majesty is further pleased to order, by and with the Advice aforefaid, and in pursuance of the Powers vested in Him, with the Advice aforefaid, by the faid first mentioned Act, that the Importation into the Port of Road Harbour, and the Exportation from thence, of all Sugar whatsoever, shall be permitted, without Payment of any Duty of Customs, under and subject to the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions beforementioned; and further, that all Sugar imported into the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland from the faid Island of Tortola, shall be deemed and taken to be Foreign Sugar, and be imported into the United Kingdom as such, and subject to the Rules, Regulations, and Reltrictions relating thereto, except fuch Sugar as shall actually be of the Growth and Produce of the British Virgin Islands, and exported as such, under the Certificate of the Collector and Comptroller of the Cultoms of the faid Island, in Manner and Form hereunto annexed; which Certificates shall not be given in any One Year for any greater Quantity than Five Millions Eight Hundred and Eighty Thousand Pounds Weight:—And the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary Directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

W. Fawkener.

FORM of CERTIFICATE.

Island of TORTOLA.

Port of

THESE are to certify, that the undermentioned Sugars, shipped in virtue of His Majetty's Order in Council, dated the 8th Day of October 1806, on board the , whereof is Master, and bound for , are the growth and Produce of the British Virgin Islands, as appears by the Oath of , the Shipper thereof.

[Here describe the Marks and Numbers of the Packages, together with their Denomination, whether Hog sheads, Tierces, or otherwise, and specify in Words at Length how many of each.]

And these are further to certify, that it appears by the original Register produced to us, that the above Ship was registered at the

Given under our Hands and Seals of Office at
, the Day of , in the
Year of the Reign of Our Sovereign
Lord George the Third, King of the United
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and in
the Year of Our Lord W. F.

A T the Court at the Queen's Palace, the 8th of Odober 1806,

P'RESENT,
The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, in virtue of the Powers vested in His Majesty by an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for reviving

and continuing several Laws of Customs relating to the establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of Newsoundland; and to the prohibiting the Exportation from, and permitting the Importation to, Great Britain, of Corn, and for allowing the Im-portation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thousand eight hundred and nine; and for continuing feveral Laws relating to the granting a Bounty upon certain Species of British and Irish Linens exported from Great Britain, and taking off the Duties on Importation into Great Britain of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax; to the granting a Bounty upon the Importation into Great Britain of Hemp, and rough and undressed Flax, from His Majesty's Colonies in America, and to the Encouragement of the Greenland Whale Fisheries; and for reviving and continuing feveral Laws relating to the regulating the Prices at which Corn and Grain, may be exported from Great Britain to Ireland, and from Ireland to Great Britain; and to the Admission to Entry in Great Britain of Oil and Blubber of Newfoundland, taken by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the Fishery from, and residing in, the said Island; and for continuing an Act of the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the Manufactures of Flax and Cotton in Great Britain; and for reviving and continuing feveral Laws relating to the permitting the Importation into Great Britain of Hides and other Articles in Foreign Ships; and to the prohibiting the Exportation from Ireland of Corn or Potatoes, or other Provisions, and to the permitting the Importation into Ireland of Corn, Fish, and Provisions, without Payment of Duty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousands eight hundred and eight; and for reviving and continuing an Act, palled in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures of Ireland until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twentyseven; and for amending and further continuing an Act made in the Seventh Year of His present Majelly for the free Importation into Great Britain of Cochineal and Indigo, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thouland eight hundred and nine:"

. His Majetty was pleased by His Order in Council, bearing Date the Sixteenth of April last, to permit for the Space of Six Months, from the Date of the faid Order, the Importation of fundry Articles of Provisions, therein specified, Duty free: And whereas it is judged expedient that the faid Per-mission should be continued for some Time longer, His Majesty is thereupon pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council to allow, and doth hereby allow, for and during the Space of Six Months, to commence from the Sixteenth of this inflant October, the Importation into any Port on Place of Great Britain of any Beans, called Kidney or French Beans, Tares, Lentiles, Calavancies, and all other Sorts of Pulse; and also of Bulls, Cows, Oxen, Calves, Sheep, Lambs, and Swine, and of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, and Lamb, (except Salted Beef, and Pork,) and of Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Butter, Cheefe, Potatoes, Sago, Sago Powder, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Millet Seed, Poultry, Fowls, Eggs, Game, and Sour Crout, in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any other Ship or Vessel