

Ships and Goods, is pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that all Ships and Goods belonging to Prussia which may have been seized subsequent to His Majesty's Order of the Nineteenth of November, One thousand eight hundred and Six, and are now detained in the Ports of this Kingdom, or elsewhere, and all Ships and Goods belonging to Inhabitants of Lubeck which are so detained, shall be restored upon being pronounced by the High Court of Admiralty, or any Court of Vice-Admiralty, in which they have been or may be proceeded against, to belong to Subjects and Inhabitants of Prussia or Lubeck, and not otherwise liable to Confiscation; and that such Ships and Goods shall be permitted to proceed to any Neutral Port, or to the Port to which they respectively belong: And it is further ordered, that the Ships and Goods belonging to Prussia or Lubeck shall not, until further Orders, be liable to Detention, provided such Ships and Goods shall be trading to or from any Port of this Kingdom, or between Neutral Port and Neutral Port, or from any Port of His Majesty's Allies, and proceeding direct to the Port specified in their respective Clearances:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and the Judges of the High Court of Admiralty and Courts of Vice-Admiralty, are to take the necessary Measures herein, as to them shall respectively appertain.

*W. Fawkenor.*

AT the Court at the *Queen's Palace*, the 25th of November 1807,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty taking into Consideration the Circumstances under which Portugal has been compelled to shut her Ports against the Ships and Goods of His Majesty's Subjects, is pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that all Ships and Goods belonging to Portugal, which have been, and are now detained in the Ports of this Kingdom, or elsewhere, shall be restored, upon being pronounced, by the High Court of Admiralty, or by the Court of Vice-Admiralty, in which Proceedings may have been, or shall be commenced, to belong to Subjects and Inhabitants of Portugal, and not otherwise liable to Confiscation; and that the said Ships and Goods shall be permitted to proceed to any Neutral Port, or to Portugal; And it is further ordered, that the Ships and Goods belonging to Portugal shall not, until further Orders, be liable to Detention; provided such Ships and Goods shall be trading to and from any Port of this Kingdom, or to and from

Gibraltar, or Malta, and proceeding direct to the Port specified in their Clearance, or between Neutral Port and Neutral Port, or between Portugal and the Ports of her own Colonies, or from any Port of His Majesty's Allies, and proceeding direct to the Ports specified in their respective Clearances; provided such Ports shall not be at the Time in a State of actual Blockade: And it is further ordered, that the Ships of Portugal shall not be considered as entitled, under any Treaty between His Majesty and Portugal, to protect any Goods laden therein which may be otherwise subject to Confiscation.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and the Judges of the High Court of Admiralty and Courts of Vice-Admiralty, are to take the necessary Measures herein as to them shall respectively appertain. *W. Fawkenor.*

AT the Court at the *Queen's Palace*, the 18th of November 1807,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in virtue of the Powers vested in His Majesty by an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act for reviving and continuing several Laws of Customs relating to the establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of Newfoundland; and to the prohibiting the Exportation from, and permitting the Importation to, Great Britain of Corn; and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thousand eight hundred and nine; and for continuing several Laws relating to the granting a Bounty upon certain Species of British and Irish Linens exported from Great Britain, and taking off the Duties on Importation into Great Britain of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax; to the granting a Bounty upon the Importation into Great Britain of Hemp, and rough and undressed Flax, from His Majesty's Colonies in America; and to the Encouragement of the Greenland Whale Fisheries; and for reviving and continuing several Laws relating to the regulating the Prices at which Corn and Grain may be exported from Great Britain to Ireland, and from Ireland to Great Britain; and to the Admission to Entry in Great Britain of Oil and Blubber of Newfoundland, taken by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the Fishery from, and residing in, the said Island; and for continuing an Act of the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Encouragement of the Manufactures of Flax and Cotton in Great Britain; and for reviving and continuing several Laws relating to the permitting the Importation into Great Britain of Hides and other Articles in Foreign Ships; and to the prohibiting the Exportation from Ireland of Corn and Potatoes, or other Provisions; and to the permitting the Importation into Ireland of Corn, Fish, and Provisions without Payment of Duty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March, One thousand eight hundred and