

# The London Gazette.

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Moscow, May 6.

**T**He Czar has been very ill, but is at present upon the recovery. We have Advice from Constantinople, that the Czars Minister there had concluded with the Grand Vizier a Peace or Truce for twenty years; and that the Grand Signior would send an Ambassador hither; upon which, a stop is put to the preparations that were making for the War, and the Troops that were ordered to march towards the Ukraine are countermanded.

Warsaw, May 26. On the 15th of January last, the General Dyet of this Kingdom met here, the usual term of their sitting is six weeks; but the Affairs that were before them being of great importance, to wit, the Consideration of a War with the Turks, and an Alliance with the Moldovites; they met with great difficulties and delays, and therefore they agreed to several Prolongations; on the 23 Instant one of the Deputies, after some very warm Debates, Declared that their sitting so long, was against the ancient Constitution, and that he disliked their Proceedings, and having made his Protest, left the Assembly, which thereupon separated for that day. In the mean time all endeavours were used to persuade the said Deputy to return, and at last he was prevailed with, and accordingly the next day the Dyet met again, and all that day he assisted at their Debates; but the following, to wit the 25th, meeting it seems with new dissatisfactions, he again made his Protestation, and several Deputies of Lybavonia joyning with him, they left the Assembly, and soon after, this City, so the Dyet was forced to break up in disorder, not being able to proceed in any Business after such a Protestation was made by any one of their Members.

Vienna, June 1. From Oedenburg in Hungary we receive the following Account; That on the 24th past, after the publick Devotions, the Dyet was opened by a Speech made to the States by the Chancellor of Hungary, in their own Language, shewing them the great ends for which they were called together, and that it would be their part so to act, as that their Consultations might produce that Peace and Happiness to their Country, which it had been so long deprived of, and which they had now an opportunity to restore to it. Then his Imperial Majesty made a Speech to them in Latine, wherein he told them, how much he desired to see the Affairs of that Kingdom established upon a lasting Foundation of Peace and Security; that he had called them together for that purpose, and that he would on his part be ready to do any thing that might contribute to the good success of their Meeting; to which the Chancellor of Hungary answered in Latine, That they were highly sensible of his Imperial Majesties Grace and Goodness to them, and gave him Thanks in the name of the States, for his having called them together, and for his Honouring them with his Presence, and so they separated for that day. The Letters add, that Count Tereley had desired a Security for his Person, that it had been Granted him, and that he was in few days expected at the Dyet.

Ratisbonn, June 2. The three Colledges have finally resolved to raise an Army of 10000 Horse, 2000 Dragoons, and 2800 Foot, and that, if there shall appear to be occasion for it, 20000 more shall afterwards be added to it.

Breslaw, June 6. From Metz they write, that the Count de Bst had received Orders from Paris, to return with several Troops into the Dutchy of Luxemburg, to take possession of Cheuar and other places which the French King pretends to. The Sovereign Chamber at Brisac has made a Decree for the annexing the Baillage of Alstein, belonging to the Palatinate, to Alsace.

Coogur, June 10. The Sieur Adocus arrived here yesterday, being sent by his Imperial Majesty, to endeavour to compose Matters between our Elector and the City of Liege.

Hamburg, June 10. The Elector of Brandenburg is now at Magdeburg, from whence he will go to Piermon in Westphalia. The King of Denmark is very suddenly expected back in Holstein. And in the mean time it is reported, that his Majesty has made Monsieur Galdenberg, Count of Oldenburg.

Brussels, June 13. Yesterday the Prince of Parma went from hence to Arsb, from whence he goes to Mons to-morrow, and will return hither by the end of the next week. This Morning the Sieur de Lenois, the Danish Minister, who came

hither to press the payment of the Arrears of Subsidies, which the King of Denmark pretends are due to him from the Crown of Spain, left this place on his return home.

Hague, June 17. The Prince and Princess of Orange continue at Honslaerde. His Highness has given the Government of Hertoghsch to Colonel Cassopin. Our Letters from Hamburg tell us, that the Elector of Brandenburg having received the Homage of the City of Magdeburg, intended to go thence to Piermon in Westphalia; where its said he will meet the King of Denmark, the Elector of Saxony, and the Princes of Lunenburg.

Paris, June 18. The King has appointed a general Assembly of the Clergy to meet in September next, on occasion of the present differences between him and the Pope; who continues firm in his first Resolutions, as appears by the Briefs he has lately written to the King, to the Jesuits, and to the Archbishop of Toulouse; in that to the Jesuits, he again calls upon them to Expell Father Meinbourg (whom you were formerly told had displeas'd the Pope by a Book he lately wrote) their Society, in a stile that is not very pleasing to them. We are told, that the King has ordered several Troops to march towards Luxemburg to take Possession of four or five Places he pretends to. And that His Majesty is going to build a Fort near Geneva, which will be a Bridge upon that City. There is a Report that our Kings Ambassador at Constantinople having caused a French Renegade, who had talked very insolently concerning His Majesty, to be secured in his House, walthey they had found means to bring him, the Grand Vizier had sent to Demand him, that the Ambassador refusing to deliver him, a second Message had been sent to his Excellency in the name of the Grand Signior, that the Ambassador thereupon suspecting that the said Renegade would be taken out of his hands by force, had Commanded his Head to be cut off, and to be delivered to those that come to Demand him; which had so incensed the Grand Vizier, that he had caused the Ambassador to be taken out of his House, and a great number of Blows to be given him; but this news seems so extraordinary, that it will need a Confirmation.

Windsor, June 11. An Humble Address has been presented to His Majesty from the Justices of the Peace, and the Grand Jury of the County of Warwick, as likewise from the Town of Derby, and from Woodstock.

## To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address and Acknowledgements of the Grand Jury of the County of Warwick, in the Name of themselves and the County aforesaid, at the General Sessions of the Peace hold for the said County, upon Tuesday before the Feast of the Holy Trinity, in the Three and thirtieth year of Your Majesties Reign.

**W**H Your Majesties most Loyal, and most Obedient Subjects, the Grand Jury at the said Sessions, hold ourselves in Duty and Allegiance bound to Present unto Your Majesty, our most humble and hearty Thanks for Your Majesties most endearing Promises renewed unto Your People in Your late Gracious Declaration; That it is Your Royal Resolution to have frequent Parliaments; and that You will use Your utmost endeavours to extirpate Popery, to Redress all the Grievances of Your Subjects, and in all things to Govern according to the Laws of Your Kingdom: For which Your Majesties Princely assurance, with Hearts full of Joy and Gratitude, We humbly and unanimously devote our Lives and Fortunes to Your Majesties Service, for the Defence of Your most Sacred Person, the Protestant Religion, and the Support of Your Majesties Government in Church and State, as by Law established. And we do humbly Pray the Concurrence of this Honourable Court, in the promotion of this our most humble Address to Your most Sacred Majesty.

May it please Your Majesty,

We Your Majesties Justices of the Peace, present at the said Sessions, do hereby heartily joyne with the Gentlemen of the Grand Jury, in this their Humble Address and Acknowledgement to Your most Sacred Majesty.

Signed by the said Justices and the Grand Jury  
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