

Art. III. The Garrison shall be embarked at the Expence of His Britannic Majesty by Battalions and Companies; each Person belonging to the Military, or Officer or other Person employed in the Civil Staff shall receive, during the Passage, the Ration allowed to each Rank according to the French Laws and Regulations.

Answer.—Granted, but to be victualled according to the English Ration.

Art. IV. The necessary Number of Carriages and Boats for transporting and embarking the personal Effects, Papers, and other Property of the Captains General, of the Colonial Prefect, of the General Officers, Commissaries, and Chiefs of Corps, of the Officers of the Administration of the Land and Sea Service, and particularly the Papers of the Council of Administration of Corps, of the Paymaster of the Colony, and of other Persons in Civil and Military Employments. These Papers shall not be subject to any Search or Inspection, under the Guarantee, that they contain nothing Foreign to the public Duties of these Agents.

Answer.—Granted, it being understood that this is not to protect public Papers or Property.

Art. V. The Sick and Wounded, as well those in the Hospitals at the Period of the Attack of the Colony, as those who have since entered them, shall be attended at the Expence of His Britannic Majesty until their Cure, and shall share the Fate of the Garrison. Those who are able, shall be immediately embarked along with it. The Sick and Wounded remaining, shall be confided to the Honour of the English Commander. A sufficient Number of French Officers of Health, and an Officer of the Civil Staff shall remain to take Care of them.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. VI. The Garrison of Pigeon Island, as well as all others, Officers and Agents of the Military Civil Staff, who are at this Moment out of Fort Defaix, shall share the Fate of the Garrison, and shall be sent back to France in the same Manner.

Answer.—It is not objected that the Garrison of Pigeon Island shall be treated in the same Manner as the Rest of the Garrison.

Art. VII. The Fortifications of Fort Defaix shall not be demolished until after a Treaty of Peace to be concluded between the Two Powers.

Answer.—The British Government alone can reply to this Article.

Art. VIII. There shall be prepared a Report of the State of the Fort, of its Establishments and Magazines, which shall be formally compared and signed by the Commissioners charged with the Execution of the present Capitulation.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. IX. As soon as the present Capitulation shall be concluded, the Redoubt of Bonité shall be occupied, partly by English and partly by French Troops. Their Number shall be regulated by the Commissioners. The French Garrison shall continue to occupy Fort Defaix until its Embarkation, having its Communication with the Town free. The Period and the Mode of evacuating it shall be regulated by the Commissioners. The Sick and Wounded actually within Fort Defaix shall be removed to the Hospital de France, and the Means of Transport shall be provided for this Purpose. The Garrison, until the Moment of embarking, shall be sub-

sisted from their own Magazines, and by the French Agents.

Answer.—Granted; but it is required that Possession should be given also of the Sally Port of the North Front, and of the Demi Lune, as soon as the Articles are ratified by the respective Commanders in Chief.

Art. X. The Officers and all others employed in the Military or Civil Service who are married, may take on board with them their Wives and Children. Those who have Property or Business in Martinique shall be permitted to remain there Six Months. The English Commanders will give them every Protection for this Purpose during their Stay in the Colony. They shall afterwards share the Fate of the Garrison, and be conducted to France at the Expence of His Britannic Majesty.

Answer.—Granted, and those Officers who remain for a Time shall be assisted with Passages as convenient.

Art. XI. The Officers of Health, and all others who have been attached for the Moment, and by Order, to the Service of the French Army, shall be permitted to return to their Homes without being molested.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. XII. The Colonists and Inhabitants who wish to follow the Fate of the Garrison, and to go to France with their Property, shall be permitted to do so:—All the Individuals, of whatever Nation they may be, who are Inhabitants of the Isle of Martinique, shall not be troubled, molested, or questioned on account of their political Opinions. Those who may have been arrested under this Pretext shall be immediately set at Liberty.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. XIII. The Persons and Property of all the Inhabitants of the Island of Martinique shall be respected. The Laws which are there actually in Force shall be maintained until a Peace between the Two Nations. The Organization of the Tribunals shall remain as it actually stands. The Exercise of the Catholic Religion shall be preferred in its present State. Its Ministers shall be protected and respected. The National Property appropriated for their Maintenance shall be strictly applied to that Purpose.

Answer.—Granted; subject to such Alterations as His Britannic Majesty may judge necessary.

Art. XIV. In Consideration of the State of Distress to which the Colony is reduced, the Inhabitants shall remain exempt from all Taxes for Two Years.

Answer.—Not granted; but every Consideration will be had for the State of the Colony.

Art. XV. The General in Chief of the French Army shall be permitted to send immediately an Officer to His Majesty the Emperor and King, with the Account of the present Capitulation. A Vessel shall be provided by the English Admiral to convey this Officer to Bourdeaux, Rochefort, or L'Orient.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. XVI. If any Doubt should arise as to the Meaning of any Article, it shall be interpreted in the most favourable Manner for the French Garrison.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. XVII. Hostages of the Rank of Field Officers, shall be delivered on the Part of the English Army and Fleet, and on the Part of the French

