

Duty shall be fixed in the Proclamation, or other lawful Instrument which shall be made and issued by the said Governor for the Purpose of imposing such Duty, which Time shall not be less than Six Months from the Day of issuing such Proclamation or other lawful Instrument; and provided also, that the Rate of Duty imposed on the Importation of Goods (not the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain or Ireland) from any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, when so imported in British-built Vessels, owned and navigated according to Law, shall in no Case be so high as that which shall be imposed on the like Goods so imported in the Vessels of Foreign States.

And it is His Majesty's Pleasure, that no Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of the Countries to the Eastward of the Cape of Good Hope; be imported into the said Settlement, or the Territories or Dependencies thereof, except by the United Company of Merchants trading to the East Indies; and that no such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize be permitted to be exported from thence, except for Sea Stores only, or by the United Company of Merchants trading to the East Indies, or by their Licence.

But it is His Majesty's Pleasure, that nothing in this Order contained shall extend to prevent Ships or Vessels employed in the Southern Whale Fishery from carrying on the same, in such and the same Manner as might have been done if this Order had not been made.

And it is also His Majesty's Pleasure, that no Arms, or Artillery, Gunpowder, or Ammunition of any Sort, be allowed to be imported into the said Settlement, or the Territories or Dependencies thereof, except by the said United Company of Merchants in England trading to the East Indies, or by Licence from His Majesty.

And it is His Majesty's further Pleasure, that the Trade and Commerce to and from the said Settlement, and the Territories and Dependencies thereof, shall be subject to such of the Laws of Trade and Navigation as would have affected the same if this Order had not been made, except so far as such Laws are contrary to this present Order.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

*Steph. Cottrell.*

AT the Court at the *Queen's Palace*, the 12th of April 1809,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, in virtue of the Powers vested in His Majesty by sundry Acts of Parliament, His Majesty was pleased, by His Order in Council, bearing Date the 5th of October last, to allow, and

did thereby allow, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Importation into any Port or Place of Great Britain, of certain Articles of Provision, in the Manner and under the Conditions therein mentioned; and whereas by an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, it is enacted, that an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for enabling His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation, and to permit the Importation of Corn, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty, to continue in Force until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament," which was continued by an Act of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, and amended and further continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall, from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, be, and the same is thereby, further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, except so far as respects the Exportation of Corn, Grain, or Flour to Ireland; His Majesty is thereupon pleased, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to allow, and doth hereby allow, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Importation into any Port or Place of Great Britain of any Beans, called Kidney or French Beans, Tares, Lentiles, Calavancies, and all other Sorts of Pulse; and also of Bulls, Cows, Oxen, Calves, Sheep, Lambs, and Swine, and of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, and Lamb, (except Salted Beef, and Pork,) and of Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Rice, Sago, Sago Powder, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Millet Seed, Poultry, Fowls, Eggs, Game, and Sour Crout, in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any other Ship or Vessel belonging to Persons of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, and navigated in any Manner whatever, without Payment of any Duty whatsoever; provided that a due Entry shall be made of all such Articles as aforesaid, that shall be imported with the proper Officers of the Customs at the Port where the same shall be imported, under the Penalties and Forfeitures mentioned and referred to in the said above-recited Act, passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty: And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary Directions herein accordingly.

*Steph. Cottrell.*

AT the Court at the *Queen's Palace*, the 12th of April 1809,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint Hugh Elliot, Esq; to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of His Majesty's Leeward