If any Person in Great Britain or Ireland shall put on board any Ship or Boat, not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain, any such Tools or Utensils as are commonly used in, or proper for the Preparing, Working up, or Finishing of the Woollen or Silk Manusactures, or any Part of such Tools, he shall, for every Offence, forseit all such Tools, or Parts thereof, put on board, and TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered by Action of Debt, &c. in any Court of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, or at any of the Four Courts in Dublin respectively, wherein no Essoin, &c. shall be allowed

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's Warehouses, all such Tools or Utensils prohibited to be exported, as such Officer shall sind on board any Vessel not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all Tools so seized shall, after Condemnation, be publicly fold to the best Bidder; and one Mosety of the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Mosety to the Officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any Veffel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the faid Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on board his Veffel, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inslicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and, if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employment under His Majesty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or sign any Cocket or Sufferance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the said Tools, or knowingly suffer the same to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same.

Statutes 14, 21, 25, and 26 of His present Majesty. BY these Statutes the like Penalties and Forfeitures as above-mentioned are extended to Persons packing or putting on board any Vessel, not bound directly for some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, any Machine, Engine, Tool, Press, Paper, Utensil, or Implement whatsoever, used in or proper for the working or sinishing of the Cotton, Steel, or Iron Manusactures of this Kingdom, or any Part or Parts of such Machines or Implements, or any Models or Plans thereof; and all Captains of Ships and other Persons receiving or being in Posselsion of any such Articles, with an Intent to export the same to Foreign Parts, and all Custom-house Officers suffering an Entry to be made thereof,

If any Person in Great Britain or Ireland shall put are respectively liable to the like Penalties as are board any Ship or Boat, not bound directly to above mentioned, in the case of Tools and Utensils are Port in Great Britain or Treland, or to some used in the Woollen and Silk Manusactures.

Whitchall, May 23, 1809.

Iff Hereas it has been humbly represented to the King, that, on Tuesday the 13th Instant, and seweral succeeding Evenings, the Carriage of Sir Henry Protheroe, of Cose House, near Bristol, was attacked on Durdham Down, near that City, by some Persons unknown, who struck the Goachman several violent Blows with a Bludgeon, and fired at the Carriage in which Sir Henry Protheroe was riding s and that the said Sir Henry Protheroe was also attacked (supposed by the same Ganz) as he was crossing the said Down on Foot, attended by Two of his Servants 3

His Majesty, for the better apprehending and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in the daring Outrage above mentioned, is bereby pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any one of them (except the Person who assually fired at the said Carriage) who shall discover his or their Accomplice or Accomplices therein, so that he or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

LIVERPOOL.

And, as a further Encouragemene, a Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS is hereby offered to any Person or Persons making such Discovery as asoresaid, (except as is before excepted,) to be paid upon the Conviction of any one or more of the Offenders by the suid Sir Henry Probberoe.

Admiralty-Office, May 15, 1800. IIIS late Majesty having been graciousty pleased, by His Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, dated the 10th Day of June 1733, to establish certain Rules and Orders for the Relief of Poor Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy; these are to give Notice, that Copies of the said Rules and Orders are lodged with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, as also with the Clerks of the Cheque at Deptford, Woodwich, and Sheerness, and with the Naval Officers at Harwich, Deal, and Kinjale; where all fuch Widows as intend to lay in their Claims may be informed of all Particulars which entitle them to the Benefit of the faid Charity, and receive the proper Certificates for that Purpose; but fuch Widows as live at too great a Distance from the Places above mentioned, may apply, by Letter, to Mr. M. Waller Cifton, at the Admiralty-Office, who will fend them all necessary Information. And the Governors of the said Charity intending to distribute to the Widows of Sea Officers, whose Circumstances come within the Rules of the Establishment, fuch Monies as may be due to them on the 31st of May inflant; This is to give Notice, that any Widows who have not yet applied, and intend to lay in their Claims, may do so as soon as possible; and that all such Widows, whose Claims have been already allowed, may jend or bring to this Office, as foon as possible, the Affidavits required by the Rules, in order to their being continued upon their Pension or Bounty.

CONTRACT FOR ARMY CLOTHING.

Commissary-General's-Office, May 16, 1809.

SUCH Persons as are desirous of contrasting with the Commissary-General to supply Regulation Great Coats, may receive Particulars of the Contrast at this Office, between the Hours of Ten and Four; and