# The London Gazette.

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## From Thursday July 7. to Wonday July 11 1681:

Hague, July 11. the Heer Ciners who is errived from England (where he is Ambassador ·from this State) to take care of his private Affairs, was yesterday in the Assembly of the States-General, to give them an account of the state of Affairs. Don Fuen Mayor the Spanish Envoye is returned from Erussels, and was yesterday in Conference with the Deputies for Forreign Affairs. This Evening his Highness the Prince of Orange is expected back from Bredd. From Liege they write, that the Sieur Fodocus the Imperial Minister was arrived there, and had been very kindly received by the Magi-Arates.

Hague, July 15. The Spanish Minister here has acquainted the State, that the King his Mafter is refolved not to yield the County of China; to the French, and that he has given Orders to the Governor of Luxemburg to relift them, in case they em ployed force; and at the same time has defired to know their Refolution, concerning the affiftance they will give his Mafter, in case a War should ensue: the States are much concerned hereat, and as we are informed, have ent Instructions to their Ambassador at Paris, to use his utmost endeavours that the French Kings Pretentions upon Chinay, may be peferred to the Conferences at Courrray: and have ordered the Heer Citters their Ambassador to return immediately for England.

Bruffels, July i1. We are told that the French King has tent to the Prince of Chimay, Governor of Luxemburg, to require him to withdraw the Spanish Garrisons that are in any Forts or Castles, depending on the County of Chinay; and that in cale he did not, he would order the Count de Biffy to post is him elf of them, and to fend such Soldiers as he should find there, to the Gallies. The Prince of Parma continues still at Antwerp, and we cannot yet certainly fay when he will be here. The Imperial Minister who is arrived at Liege, endeavours to bring that City to a submission to their Prince.

Bruffels, July 15. We are every hour expecting to hear that the French Troops are fallen into Luxemburg, for our last Letters from thence told us, they were Resolved to Attack China; and that the Phince de China; was putting himselfinto, a posture to defend it. From Alface they write, that 6000 French were on their March through the Dutchy of Deux-Ponts towards the Palatinate, to Attack Creutznach; and that the Elector Palatine, and the Marquis of Baden had sent several Troops thithen to defend it.

Paris, July 12. We have an Account from Dunkirke; that an Embargo has been laid upon all Spanish Ships in that Port, which we do not certainly know the cause of. The Chamber of Poylonings proceeds against several persons that are now in -prison, upon Accusations against them.

Hampion-Ceuri, July 7. This day the following Addless from the County of Hereford was Presented to his Majesty by Sir John Morgan, Baroner, Sir John Hoshins, Baroner, Sir Johns Hambury, Kt. Tromas Prist, History Aubres, and John Liboth, Esquires; being Introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Marquis of Wertester, Lord-Littenant of the County. His Majesty received them very Graciously, and was pleased to Thank them, and to tell them that he took their Adorest very kindly, and so assure them that he would maintain the Protestant Religion as it is established by Law; that he would use his utmost endeavours that they might continue to be liampy, and that it should not be his fault if they did not.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.,

The Hundle Address of the Deputy-Lieutenants, fusices of the Peace, and Officers of the Mili-tia, in the County of Hereford.

May it please Your Sacred Majesty.

Though we are infinitely fatisfied that the Administration of the Government, since Your Majesses happy and miraculous Restauration is such, as doth in Excellency out-do, all other parts of the Christian World, and is every way equal to that of Your most Renowned Adoestors, for Justice and Mercy, and needs not the weak Suffrage of Your most devo-Mercy, and needs not the weak Suffrage of Your most devoced Subjects and Servants to attell it; yot since Your Majesty
hath for the satisfaction of Your People, to far manifested
Your Royal Goodness and Gracious Condescention, as to publi h Your late Dectaration, to disabile the Credulous, to inform the Egnorant, and to call back the lupied to their lost
station of Injegrity; we conceive it our Ducy in such addict;
minating time of Loyalty, and indifferency (if not Faction)
to give Your Majesty some assurances of the Content and
Pleasure we enjoy daily under Your Protection, and Soveveign Power, by the steady Conduct whereof we are at
once safe, peaceable, and happy. The frequent Instances we
have received of Your Majesties Resolution to Detend and
Support the true Protestant Religion, as by Law now esta-Support the true Protestant Religion, as by Law now esta-blished; to extirpate Popery, to discountenance Fanaticitin, raile our late dejected Hearts, to an excess of Joy, to see Your Majesty Govern by the known- Liws of the Land, disa-Your lelf, nor permitting it in others our fellow Subjects, is the greatest Charter of our Liberty, and security of our Property; nor need we repeat our Petit on of Right, when our Prince himself so strictly observer, and so kindly contends for it; that Your Majesty is pleased to believe, that Parliaments are the best Merhod for healing the differences of the Kingdom, and the only means to present the Monarchy in that due Credit and Respect it ought to have, both at home and abroad; that ho irregularities can make You out of love with Parliaments, but that You are Refolv'd to have frequent ones, mult needs convince us, that if by our Ingratitude we forfeit not these Blessings, we are the happiest People under Heaven, in a long and Government. From the due Sense of to eminent Mercies, and for the better enfuring the fame of io eminent Mercies, and for the better enfuring the fame to us and our Polteriries; we do intirely, and unanimously as one Man. Devote our Selves, our Lives and Fortunes, to the preservation of Your Majessies Sacred Person, Your Heirs, and lawful Saccessors, and the Government in Church and State, as now by saw established. We do with horror and grief of Fleart nemember, that by the barbarbus Murder of Your Great Father of Blessed Memory, the Monarchy was shattered and intetrupted, and our Lives, Liberties and Fordunes subjected to Tyranny, Oppression, and Arbitrary Powalen; in his Orave was our admirable Government buried, and in Your Majessies happy Restitution raised again to the highin Your Majelites happy Relitiution raisid again to the higheft pitch of Greatness and Glory. In that Line may it ftill
continue, till Kingdians themselves shall be no more Such
was Mastingolies as these we humbly offer, not that we
conceive we do hereby add any thing to the Greatness of
Your Government; but it is a pleasure to give new Angagements of that warm Loyalty which we feel in our Breats

for your Majesty; and tho we have no reason to think it is in for your Majetty; and tho we have no reason to think it is in the leaft suspected, yet we know not but that our repeated Vows of Fidelity, and Duty, may be as grateful to our Dread Sovereign, as to His subjects it is delightful to hear his frequent Promiles, solemnly made of preserving our Religion, Liberty, and Property; however, this will serve to convince the Wrld, that we are not unreasonable Petitioners, or the W rld, that we are not unreasonable Petitioners, or joyn with that Herd that call their own subtile Contrivances Vox Populi, and in time (if they shall succeed) will be apt as much to miscall it Vox Dri: Our Debates are calme and honest, our Resolutions faithful, our Loyalty unshaken: for Your Majelty, we preserve our Portunes, and Lives, and for Your Majelty (if we ever are called to it) will sacrifice both and the and dye,

Your Majesties most Obedient, most Loyal, and Humble Subjects and Servants.

This Address was chearfully and voluntarily Signed by 59 Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and Oncers of the Militia; no Person whoever saw it, or to whom it was tendred, regretting or refuling to Sign it, except one.

### Dread SOVEREIGN,

E Your Majesties most Truly, Loyal, and Obedient Subjects, Inhabitants of Your antient City of Wist-minster, and the Liberti's thereof, do conceive it our bounden Dury gratefully to acknowledge the Justice, Wildom, and Clemency exercised in Your Government over us, ever since Your Majesties happy Restauration: And we do humbly beg leave to tender our most hearty Thanks for the manifold benefits, we and the whole Kingdom have enjoyed in Your Majesties constant promoting and securing, both at home and abroad the Trade and Commerce of this Nation; and for preserving to us our Liberties, Properties, and the true Protestant Religion by Law established; and particularly, for Your Majesties most seasonable Declaration, in which You are pleased to Express Your Gracious Resolution of having frequent Parliaments; and both in and out of Parliament, to use Your utmost endeavours to extirpate Popery, and to reders all the Grievances of Your good Subjects, and in all things to Govern according to the Laws of the Kingdom. In Gratitude for all thele, and many other Your Majesties In cratitude for all thele, and many other Your Majeffies Princely Favours vouchlated to us, we do firmly and unani. moully promile to endeavour, with our Lives and Fortunes, the prefervation of Your Majeffies Sacred Perion, Your Heirs, and lawful Succeffors, Your Royal Authority, and Your Majeffies Government as now effabilified by Law, both in Church and State, againft all opposers whatsoever.

Signed by some thousands.

#### May it please Your Sacred Majesty,

Byour Majesties most Loyal and Faithful Subjects in Your Town of Northempton, having received many singular Marks and Testimonies of Your Grace and Bounty to us, more particularly in Rebuilding Your said Town, and rassing it out of the Ashes of a most dreadful conflagration, to become one of the tairest Towns of Your Kingdom. And being highly sensible of those many Obligations and dutiful Acknowledgments which we can never enough own to Your Majesty. When we (by Your Majesties late Gracious Declaration) found added to Your Grace and Favour, those great assurances Your Majesty has been pleased to give the World and us, of the great care Your Majesty hath of us, and all Your People, to preserve and Govern us under Your happy and peaceable Reign, which Your Majesty has so justly and successfully done, ever since Your happy Restauration. And that your Majesty will still Rule us according to the Laws, as they are now established both in Church and State: we laboured to have made an early Address to your Majesty in an as they are now established both in Church and State: we laboured to have made an early Address to your Majesty in an unanimous Consent of the whole Town, to have paid our Humble and Hearty Thanks to your Sacred Majesty for these Royal Favours and Gracious Declaration; but this our Duty being so long neglected by some, we hope it will not yet be unacceptable to your Najesty, to receive the most humble and hearty Thanks of your Majesties Loyal Subjects here, for your unspeakable Grace and Clemency to us; for which we are in Duty bound, and will now and at all times defend your Majesties Sacred Person, your Heirs and lawful Successors, and the Government as it is now established by Law, with the utmost of our Lives and Fortunes. Signed by about 350 Persons.

Several other Addresses have been Presented to His Majesty, as from Brecon, Aylesbury, Ipswich, Newport in the County of Monmouth Maidstone, Chipping-Sudbury, and Borough of Weobley in the County of Hereford, which for want of room could not be injerted.

Portsmouth, July 7. Yesterday in the afternoon failed out of this Harbor the Guernsey Fright, Capt. Tennent Commander.

Whitehal, July 8. This day Mr. Edw. Whiteher was Apprehended and Committed prisoner to the Tower for High Treafrom the compating and imagining the Death and Destruction of ow Sovereign Lord the King, and in attempting to Depose himserom His Royal Crown and Dignity.

London, July 6. At the Sessions in London the 4th stant, S. P. Goldsmith, had a Fine of 101. laid on him, for making and felling a Silver Hilt of a Sword as Sterling, it being 1 s. 3 d. in every Ounce worse than the Sterling; part of the Fine is ordered by the Court to the Profecutor for his Charges; And to encourage the profecution of such Offenders, the 28th of June last past the Master and Wardens of the Company of Cutters, seized in a Goldfmiths Shop in Holborn, five Silver-Hilted Swords, the Hilts of which are found upon the Tryal, more then one Shilling in every Ounce worsa than the Sterling: And before in the same Shop, seized twenty five Silver-Hilted Swords, the Hilts upon the Tryal were found about 2 s. 6 d. in every Ounce worse than the Sterling: and several Indictments are d figned to be profecuted against him. This is to give notice, that all persons cheated by such Wares, and producing good and steady Evidence to Mr. Henry Panton, Sword-Cutler in Middle-row in Holborn, shall be assisted grain, to obtain recompence of the Offender.

Is Majesty resolving that the Nobility and Gentry of this His Realm, should be preserved in every Degree in Honor and Worsbip, did by His Letters Patents. dated the 24th of June 1680. appoint Sir Henry St. George, Kt. Clarenceux King of Arms, by himself or bis Deputies, to visit the South part of the Kingdom, and to Register the Pedigrees and Arms of all the Nobility and Gentry therein, according to the antient Laws and prastice of Arms. In pursuance whereof, the said Clarenceux hath constituted Francis Burghil, Esq; Somerset Herald, and Gregory King, Rougedragon, Officers of Arms, bis Deputies for the Counties of Northampton and Rutland, who will begin their said Fisitation at Northampton, on Wednesday the 13th Instant, and thence proceed through the several Hundreds in those two Counties.

Advertisements.

Navertifenicals.

Tolen or strayed from the Bask Horse at Charing-Cross, a young white Spaniel Dog, with several Black spots about him, Black Ears, a Motly Nose, Motly on his Fore Legs, a white Tail, and a Black spot upon his Rump near his Tail; Whoever can give notice of the aforesaid Dog, at the Black

Whoever can give notice of the aforesaid Dog, at the Biack Harse archaring-(ras), shall have 20 s. reward.

Oft on Thursday the 7th Instant, between Arlington House and Windson, a Water-Spaniel Bitch of his Graces the Duke of Grasson, the is most part White, with some large Black spots, and the most part of her Head Black, shaped sike a Bull-Bitch, her Tail short, the has a Brass Coller with his Graces Name on it. Whoever shall bring her, or give notice of her, at his Grace's Lodgings in Windson, or at Armoste near St. Jame, 's Park, shall be well rewarded.

I grow-house near St. Jame, 's Park, shall be well rewarded.

Loddon, a small Portmantle, unlock'd, tied about with a small Cord having in it several loose written Papers, a soul Shift, three Paper-Books in Quarto, Bound, in which Books

Shift, three Paper-Books in Quarto, Bound, in which Books feveral Sermons are written in a fair legible Hand. Whoever don, living near Crippegate, or to Mr. Join Reynolds at the Gold w Fliter in the Old Jury, London, so that is may be had again, stall have 40 s. reward.

Tolen or strayed the gift Irstant from Mr. Henry Souther of Market had be the Control of State.

Majden-head in the County of Berks, a Brown Gelding about 15 hands high, a white Creafe down his Face, one Wall Eye, a White Foot behind, a short Tail or a ked with H. S. upon his fore-Hoofs. Whoever given notice of the faid Gelding from Mr. Henry sambles in Majden's ad aforesaid, or to Mr. Hames Care, a Tobacconist at the Dagge in Wasling frees, London, shall be very well rewarded.