The London Gazette.

dublified by Authority.

From Thursday July 7. to Wonday July 11 1681:

Hàgue, July 11. the Heer Ciners who is errived from England (where he is Ambassador ·from this State) to take care of his private Affairs, was yesterday in the Assembly of the States-General, to give them an account of the state of Affairs. Don Fuen Mayor the Spanish Envoye is returned from Erussels, and was yesterday in Conference with the Deputies for Forreign Affairs. This Evening his Highness the Prince of Orange is expected back from Bredd. From Liege they write, that the Sieur Fodocus the Imperial Minister was arrived there, and had been very kindly received by the Magi-Arates.

Hague, July 15. The Spanish Minister here has acquainted the State, that the King his Mafter is refolved not to yield the County of China; to the French, and that he has given Orders to the Governor of Luxemburg to relift them, in case they em ployed force; and at the same time has defired to know their Refolution, concerning the affiftance they will give his Mafter, in case a War should ensue: the States are much concerned hereat, and as we are informed, have ent Instructions to their Ambassador at Paris, to use his utmost endeavours that the French Kings Pretentions upon Chinay, may be peferred to the Conferences at Courrray: and have ordered the Heer Citters their Ambassador to return immediately for England.

Bruffels, July i1. We are told that the French King has tent to the Prince of Chimay, Governor of Luxemburg, to require him to withdraw the Spanish Garrisons that are in any Forts or Castles, depending on the County of Chinay; and that in cale he did not, he would order the Count de Biffy to post is him elf of them, and to fend such Soldiers as he should find there, to the Gallies. The Prince of Parma continues still at Antwerp, and we cannot yet certainly fay when he will be here. The Imperial Minister who is arrived at Liege, endeavours to bring that City to a submission to their Prince.

Bruffels, July 15. We are every hour expecting to hear that the French Troops are fallen into Luxemburg, for our last Letters from thence told us, they were Resolved to Attack China; and that the Phince de China; was putting himselfinto, a posture to defend it. From Alface they write, that 6000 French were on their March through the Dutchy of Deux-Ponts towards the Palatinate, to Attack Creutznach; and that the Elector Palatine, and the Marquis of Baden had sent several Troops thithen to defend it.

Paris, July 12. We have an Account from Dunkirke; that an Embargo has been laid upon all Spanish Ships in that Port, which we do not certainly know the cause of. The Chamber of Poylonings proceeds against several persons that are now in -prison, upon Accusations against them.

Hampion-Ceuri, July 7. This day the following Addless from the County of Hereford was Presented to his Majesty by Sir John Morgan, Baroner, Sir John Hoshins, Baroner, Sir Johns Hambury, Kt. Tromas Prist, History Aubres, and John Liboth, Esquires; being Introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Marquis of Wertester, Lord-Littenant of the County. His Majesty received them very Graciously, and was pleased to Thank them, and to tell them that he took their Adorest very kindly, and so assure them that he would maintain the Protestant Religion as it is established by Law; that he would use his utmost endeavours that they might continue to be liampy, and that it should not be his fault if they did not.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.,

The Hundle Address of the Deputy-Lieutenants, fusices of the Peace, and Officers of the Mili-tia, in the County of Hereford.

May it please Your Sacred Majesty.

Though we are infinitely fatisfied that the Administration of the Government, since Your Majesses happy and miraculous Restauration is such, as doth in Excellency out-do, all other parts of the Christian World, and is every way equal to that of Your most Renowned Adcestors, for Justice and Mercy, and needs not the weak Suffrage of Your most devo-Mercy, and needs not the weak Suffrage of Your most devoced Subjects and Servants to attell it; yot since Your Majesty
hath for the satisfaction of Your People, to far manifested
Your Royal Goodness and Gracious Condescention, as to publi h Your late Dectaration, to disabile the Credulous, to inform the Egnorant, and to call back the lupied to their lost
station of Injegrity; we conceive it our Ducy in such addict;
minating time of Loyalty, and indifferency (if not Faction)
to give Your Majesty some assurances of the Content and
Pleasure we enjoy daily under Your Protection, and Soveveign Power, by the steady Conduct whereof we are at
once safe, peaceable, and happy. The frequent Instances we
have received of Your Majesties Resolution to Detend and
Support the true Protestant Religion, as by Law now esta-Support the true Protestant Religion, as by Law now esta-blished; to extirpate Popery, to discountenance Fanaticitin, raile our late dejected Hearts, to an excess of Joy, to see Your Majesty Govern by the known- Liws of the Land, disa-Your lelf, nor permitting it in others our fellow Subjects, is the greatest Charter of our Liberty, and security of our Property; nor need we repeat our Petit on of Right, when our Prince himself so strictly observer, and so kindly contends for it; that Your Majesty is pleased to believe, that Parliaments are the best Merhod for healing the differences of the Kingdom, and the only means to present the Monarchy in that due Credit and Respect it ought to have, both at home and abroad; that ho irregularities can make You out of love with Parliaments, but that You are Refolv'd to have frequent ones, mult needs convince us, that if by our Ingratitude we forfeit not these Blessings, we are the happiest People under Heaven, in a long and Government. From the due Sense of to eminent Mercies, and for the better enfuring the fame of io eminent Mercies, and for the better enfuring the fame to us and our Polteriries; we do intirely, and unanimously as one Man. Devote our Selves, our Lives and Fortunes, to the preservation of Your Majessies Sacred Person, Your Heirs, and lawful Saccessors, and the Government in Church and State, as now by saw established. We do with horror and grief of Fleart nemember, that by the barbarbus Murder of Your Great Father of Blessed Memory, the Monarchy was shattered and intetrupted, and our Lives, Liberties and Fordunes subjected to Tyranny, Oppression, and Arbitrary Powalen; in his Orave was our admirable Government buried, and in Your Majessies happy Restitution raised again to the highin Your Majelites happy Relitiution raisid again to the higheft pitch of Greatness and Glory. In that Line may it ftill
continue, till Kingdians themselves shall be no more Such
was Mastingolies as these we humbly offer, not that we
conceive we do hereby add any thing to the Greatness of
Your Government; but it is a pleasure to give new Angagements of that warm Loyalty which we feel in our Breats