contradictory, that I am not enabled to form an *Opinion of their Defigns or Numbers.

When General Mendizabel retired across the *Guadiana, he threw a finall Corps of about Three Thousand Infantry into Olivenza, which Place was but ill fupplied with Provisions and Stores. Body of Infantry, which at Times have been flated to be Four Thousand, and at others Seven Thoufand, with about One Thoufand Five Hundred Cavalry, have blockaded Olivenza.

There has been no Alteration in the Polition of the Enemy's Troops in Front of this Army.

I imagine that General Claparede has not received the Orders from General Drouet to take up his Po-Sition upon Guarda, of which I reported to your Lordship in my last Difpatch that we had intercepted the Duplicate.

He attacked General Silveira with the Advanced #Guard of his Division near Trancolo, at the Ponte d'Albade, on the 30th Ult. and obliged him to retire, with fome Lofs. Lieutenant Colonel *M'Bean, of the 24th Regiment, was wounded in this Affair.

General Claparede attacked General Silveira -again, with the Advanced Guard of his Division, at Villa du Ponte, on the 11th Inftant, and obliged him to retire, but without material Lofs, excepting that of Major Cookfey, of the 24th Portuguese Regiment, who was unfortunately killed, and the Officer commanding the rft Brigade of Portuguele Militia wounded.

General Bacellar, who commands in the North, has moved the Divisions commanded by General Miller and Colonel Wilfon upon the Flank and Rear of the Enemy, which it is expected will check this Movement, and oblige him to fall back again towards the Frontier. A Part of Claparede's Diwition was ftill at Pinhel.

Downing Street, February 9, 1811.

A DISPATCH, of which the following is a Copy, has been this Day received at the Earl of Liverpool's Office, addreffed to his Lordship by Lieurenant-General Vifcount Wellington, dated Cartaxo, 26th January 1811.

My LORD, Cartaxo, January 26, 1811. THE Enemy has continued the Blockade of Oliveara and abaied D. Olivenza, and obtained Possession of that Place either on the 22d or 23d Inftant. Notwithstanding the politive Affertions that a large Body had croffed the Bridge of Merida on the 9th, it does not ap-pear that the French have yet had any large Body on the Right of the Guadiana. They have a Train of Six Twenty four-Pounders, and other Ordnance of large Calibre, and a large Quantity of Stores and Carriages, on the Left of the Guadiana; but it is not yet confidered decided that they propole to attack Badajoz.

1 am concerned to have to report to your Lordthip, that the Marquis de la Romana died in this Town on the 23d Infant, after a flort Illnefs. His Talents, his Vistues, and his Patriotifm, were well known to His Majefty's Government. In him the Spanish Army have lost their brightest Ornament ; his Country their most upright Patriot ; and the World the most strenuous and zealous Defender of , the Caufe in which we are engaged 5 and I shall al-

ways acknowledge with Gratitude the Affiftance which I received from him, as well by his Operations as by his Counfel, fince he had been joined with this Army.

Upon receiving Accounts of the Movements of the French Troops in Eltremadura, of the Difficultics experienced in the Relief of Olivenza, and of the Poffibility that Badajoz might be attacked, he ordered the Spanish Troops which had been joined to us, to march towards the Frontier, and they commenced their March on the 20th Inftant.

General Mendizabel has fince ordered them to halt on the Road.

Since I addreffed your Lordship on the 19th Inft., have received the detailed Accounts of General Silveira's Affairs with the Enemy in Upper Beira. In the Affair at the Ponte d'Albade on the 30th of December, which was the most ferious, and in which the greatest Loss was fustained, the General attacked the French and was repulled.

In the last Affair of the 11th Instant, the French attacked General Silveira at Villa de Pont, and he was obliged to retire upon Lamego. He was followed by the French Division, and was obliged to evacuate Lamego, and to retire across the Douro on the 13th Infant.

General Bacellar then took up a Polition on the Pavia, on the Enemy's left Flank, while Colonel Willon was upon their Rear at Caftro Dairo, and General Silveira prevented them from croffing the Douro.

These Politions appear to have induced General Claparede to retire again, as I have heard, from another Channel, of his Arrival at Trancole.

The Enemy have made no material Alteration in their Polition in Front of this Army fince I laft addressed your Lordship. They appear still to en-tertain a great Jealousy of all our Movements on the Left of the Tagus, and they have recently removed fome of the Boats which were in the They detached a Body of Two Thou-Zezere. fand Men from the Rear of their Army into Lower Beira, on the 22d Inftant, apparently to efcort a Courier towards the Frontier.

They drove our Picquets through the Town of Rio Mayor on the 19th Inftant, with a ftrong Body of Cavalry and Infantry.; but retired again imme-diately. It is reported that General Junot was wounded on this Occafion.

Our Light Detachments, under the Honourable Captain Cocks of the 16th Light Dragoons, and others, still continue their Operations with Success, and fend in many Prifoners.

My last Accounts from Cadiz are of the 15th Inftant.

Thave the Honour to be, &c. (Signed) WELLINGTON.

Admiralty-Office, February 9, 1811.

Copy of a Lester from Captain Rogers, of His Ma-jefly's Ship the Kept, addreffed to Admiral Sir Charles

Cotton, Bazt, Commander in Chief of His Majefly's Ships and Veffels in the Mediterranean, and tranf-mitted by the Admiral to John Wilfon Croker, Efg.

SIR, Keut; off Palamos, Dec. 15, 1810. UST as I had closed my Letter to you of the S1R, 12th Inflant, the Cambrian hove in Sight, which immediately determined me to attempt the Defiride-

