

AT the Court at *Carlton House*, the 17th of
July 1812,

PRESENT,

His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT in
Council.

WHEREAS by an act, passed in the forty-
eighth year of His Majesty's reign, inti-
tuled "An Act for further continuing, until three
months after the ratification of a definitive treaty
of peace, an act made in the forty-fourth year of
His present Majesty, for permitting the importa-
tion into Great Britain of hides and other articles
in foreign ships," it is enacted that an act, made in
the forty-fourth year of His present Majesty, inti-
tuled "An Act for permitting, until the fifth day of
May, One thousand eight hundred and five, the im-
portation of hides, calf-skins, horns, tallow, and
wool (except cotton wool), in foreign ships, on
payment of the like duties as if imported in British
or Irish ships;" which by an act, made in the forty-
fifth year of His present Majesty, was revived and
farther continued until the twenty-fifth day of
March One thousand eight hundred and six, and
extended to goat-skins imported in foreign ships;
and which was further continued by an act made
in the forty-seventh year of his present Majesty,
until the twenty-fifth day of March One thousand
eight hundred and eight, should be and the same
was thereby further continued until three months
after the ratification of a definitive treaty of peace:
And whereas by the said acts it is lawful for His
Majesty, by his Order in Council from time to time,
when and as often as it may be judged expedient, to
permit any hides, pieces of hides, dressed or un-
dressed calf-skins, or pieces of calf-skins dressed or
undressed, horns or pieces of horns, tallow, and
wool (except cotton wool), and also goat-skins, to
be imported in any foreign ship or vessel, and to be
admitted to entry in any port or place in the United
Kingdom, on payment of such and the like duties
of customs and excise as are due and payable on the
like goods when imported in any British or Irish-
built ship or vessel; any thing contained in any
act to the contrary notwithstanding: His Royal
Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on
the behalf of His Majesty, and by and with the
advice of His Majesty's privy council, is thereupon
pleased, in pursuance of the powers vested in His
Majesty by the said above-recited act, to allow, and
doth hereby allow, for the space of six months,
from the eighth day of August next, the impor-

tion of hides, or pieces of hides, dressed or un-
dressed calf-skins, or pieces of calf-skins, dressed or
undressed horns or pieces of horns, tallow, and
wool (except cotton wool), and also of goat-skins,
dressed or undressed, in any foreign ship or vessel,
from any port from which the British flag is ex-
cluded; and that on the arrival at any port of the
United Kingdom of any foreign ship or vessel, from
any port from which the British flag is excluded,
with any of the articles abovementioned, the said
goods shall be admitted to entry on payment of the
same duties of customs and excise as are due and
payable on the like goods when imported in any
British or Irish-built ship or vessel:—And the
Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His
Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary direc-
tions hereinafter accordingly. *Chetwynd:*

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Downing-Street, July 20, 1812.

DISPACHES, of which the following are
extracts, and a copy, have been this day re-
ceived at Lord Bathurst's Office, addressed to the
Earl of Liverpool, by General Earl of Welling-
ton, dated 25th and 30th of June 1812:

Salamanca, June 25, 1812.

MARSHAL MARMONT collected his army
on the Douro between the 16th and 19th
instant, with the exception of General Bonnier's
division, which I believe is still in the Asturias,
and some small garrisons, and he moved forward
from Fuente-Sabuco on the 20th. I formed the
allied army, with the exception of the troops en-
gaged in the operations against the forts in Sala-
manca, on the heights extending from the neigh-
bourhood of Villarcos to Morisco; and the advanced
posts of the cavalry and infantry retired upon the
army in good order, and without material loss.
The enemy remained in our front on that night,
and during the 21st, and during that night they
established a post on our right flank, the possession
of which by them deprived us of an advantage
which might eventually be of importance.

I therefore requested Lieutenant-General Sir
Thomas Graham to attack them in that post on the
22d, with the troops on the right, which he did
with those of the 7th division; which were the re-
serve of the right, under the command of Major-
General Hope and Major-General de Bernewitz.

The enemy were driven from the ground immedi-
ately with considerable loss; our troops conducted