

His Majesty's Navy; nor to prevent any ship or vessel from taking or having on board such quantities of naval stores as may be necessary for the use of such ship or vessel during the course of her intended voyage, or by licence from the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the time being; nor to the exportation of the said several articles to Ireland, or to His Majesty's yards or garrisons, or to His Majesty's colonies and plantations in America or the West Indies, or to Newfoundland, or to His Majesty's forts and settlements on the coast of Africa, or to the island of Saint Helena, or to the British settlements or factories in the East Indies; provided that, upon the exportation of any of the said articles for the purposes of trade to Ireland, or to His Majesty's yards and garrisons, or to His Majesty's colonies and plantations in America or the West Indies, or to the island of Newfoundland, or to His Majesty's forts and settlements on the coast of Africa, or to the island of Saint Helena, or to the British settlements or factories in the East Indies, the exporters of such articles do first make oath of the true destination of the same to the places for which they shall be entered outwards, before the entry of the same shall be made, and do give full and sufficient security by bond (except as hereinafter excepted), to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, to carry the said articles to the places for which they are so entered outwards, and for the purposes specified, and none other; and such bond shall not be cancelled or delivered up, until proof be made to the satisfaction of the said Commissioners, by the production, within a time to be fixed by the said Commissioners and specified in the bond, of a certificate or certificates, in such form and manner as shall be directed by the said Commissioners, shewing that the said articles have been all duly landed at the places for which they were entered outwards. But it is His Royal Highness's pleasure, nevertheless, that the following articles, viz. bar iron, white and tarred rope, tallow or mill grease, tarpaulins for waggon covers, pitch, tar, and turpentine, shall be permitted to be exported, upon payment of the proper duties, without bond being entered into by the merchant exporter, to any of the British plantations in the West Indies, or to any of His Majesty's settlements in South America; provided the merchant exporter shall first verify, upon oath, that the articles so exported are intended for the use of a particular plantation or settlement, to be named in the entry outwards, and not for sale, and that the said plantation or settlement has not before been furnished with any supply of the said articles during the same season; and provided also that the exportation of the said articles shall in no case exceed the value of fifty pounds sterling for any given plantation or settlement, whether by one or more shipments, within the same season: and the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, and the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

*Chetwynd.*

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 20th of  
May 1813,

PRESENT,

His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT in  
Council.

IT is this day ordered by His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in Council, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, that all British ships and vessels clearing out for the coast of Africa for the purpose of carrying on the trade there, be permitted to take on board, as an assorted part of their cargoes, trading guns, or blunderbusses, pistols, and gunpowder, in the following proportions, viz.

One barrel of gunpowder for every ten tons of the vessel according to the admeasurement thereof, exclusive of sea stores; and ten trading guns or blunderbusses, and ten pair of pistols, for each barrel of gunpowder, notwithstanding any thing contained in the Order in Council of the first day of February last; provided that sufficient security be given to the Principal Officers of His Majesty's Customs of the port in which the ships are fitted out, and before they proceed on their respective voyages, in treble the value of the articles exported, that the same shall be expended in trade upon the coast of Africa; which security is not to be cancelled until proof of such expenditure has been made by the oath of the captain or master of the ship or vessel, in like manner as is practised with regard to spirits and East India goods used in carrying on that trade. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

*Jas. Buller.*

AT the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 3d of  
June 1813,

PRESENT,

His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT in  
Council.

WHEREAS by virtue of the powers vested in His Majesty by sundry Acts of Parliament, His Royal Highness the Prince Regent was pleased, by his Order in Council of the twentieth February one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to allow, and did thereby allow, for the space of twelve months, to commence from the twenty-fifth day of March then next ensuing, the importation from any port or place whatsoever into any port or place of Great Britain, of certain articles of provisions therein named, subject to the rules and regulations set forth in the said Order, without payment of any duty whatsoever, except in respect to the article of rice, which, when imported, should be subject to such duties as might by law be payable thereon; and whereas it is expedient that rice, imported in British ships or vessels directly from any of the possessions of the East India Company or from any British colony or plantation, should be exempted from the payment of the