

On the 27th the attack was renewed with equal spirit and effect, and continued on the morning of the 28th. Finding, however, the fire from the fortress still continued extremely heavy and well directed, both to the sea and land, it was resolved without delay to strengthen our batteries; and for that purpose, I lost no time in landing two long eighteen pounders from the ship, and two mortars taken from the enemy at Cuxhaven.

Having on the 31st completed our batteries, consisting, the first of two long eighteen pounders, served with red hot shot; the second of four thirty-two pounders; and the third, of two mortars, exclusive of those of the co-operating land force; on the morning of the 1st instant, a most tremendous attack was made on the enemy's works, both by sea and land, and continued until this night; but notwithstanding the town was fired in several places, the garrison still returned a very spirited and determined opposition.

Ascertaining from the appearance of the town, and the information of numerous deserters, that the enemy have suffered severely by the late attack, it is my intention, in conjunction with the General commanding the land forces, to send a flag of truce to-morrow to summon the fortress, which I hope will be attended to.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) A. FARQUHAR, Captain.

William Young, Esq. Admiral of
the White, &c. &c. &c.

His Majesty's Ship Desirée, off Gluckstadt, January 6, 1814.

SIR,

IN my letter of the 2d instant, I had the honour of laying before you an account of the operations of His Majesty's squadron under my command, from the 25th ultimo, in the siege of the fortress of Gluckstadt, and that I intended next day to send a flag of truce, and again make proposals for the surrender of the place, which had already suffered most severely from a heavy bombardment by land and water.

I have now, Sir, the honour to acquaint you, that on the 4th the garrison was summoned, but the Governor's answer (that he might be allowed time to send to his Sovereign, at Copenhagen) being inadmissible, I again ordered the squadron to advance to the attack. Negotiations were then happily set on foot, and I have now the greatest satisfaction in informing you, that yesterday this extremely strong fortress, which has been several times besieged by powerful armies, but never carried, has at length, after an investment of sixteen days, and a most effectual bombardment of six, surrendered to a division of the Crown Prince of Sweden's army, under the command of the General of Division, Baron de Boye, and that of His Britannic Majesty's squadron under my command, as per margin*. But in justice to the Governor and gar-

* Desirée; Shamrock, Captain Marshall; Blazer, Captain Banks; Heatty, Captain Rose; Piercer, Lieutenant Kneeshaw; Redbreast, Sir George Keith, Bart.—Gun Boats No. 1, Lieutenant Hamner; No. 2, Mr. Thomas Riches, Mate; No. 3, Lieutenant Seale; No. 4, Lieutenant Tallock; No. 5, Mr. John Hallowes; No. 8, Lieutenant Soper; No. 10, Lieutenant Romney; No. 12, Lieutenant Henderson.

rison of Gluckstadt, I beg to state, that they defended their post as brave men, and that the cause of humanity appears to have determined the Governor to surrender.

The city had suffered much by fire, as well as in deaths, and I firmly believe a few days bombardment would have entirely destroyed it. On the night of the 2d and 3d, we had two eighteen-pounders and two thirty-two-pounders within point blank, constantly at work with red hot shot, besides the mortar and rocket battery, which caused immense destruction, and kept the city in constant flames. The terms of capitulation and surrender I have now the honour to inclose; a list of guns, stores, and ammunition in the fortress has not yet been obtained; nor of armed vessels, except the flotilla, consisting of seven gun-boats, and one gun-brig.

I have now a most pleasant duty to perform in expressing my best thanks and praise of the conduct of Captains Marshall, Banks, and Rose, Lieutenants Kneeshaw and Sir G. Keith, and all the other officers and men employed in this most arduous service, both by land and water, at this inclement season of the year.

I beg to enclose a list of killed and wounded belonging to the squadron, and which has been almost miraculously small, considering the continuance of the bombardment, exposed to upwards of thirty pieces of heavy artillery; nor has the squadron been materially damaged: both brigs and gun-boats have received a considerable number of shot in their hulls, and rigging much cut. Nos. 1 and 12 gun-boats were dismasted, but the damage has been immediately replaced. The squadron is again in an effective state.

The unanimity of the army and navy has been such as could not fail to insure success; I am most particularly obliged to General Baron de Boye for his marked kindness and attention to all my wishes, as also to the exertions of his officers and men in forwarding the public service.

I have, &c.

(Signed) ARTHUR FARQUHAR, Capt.

Wm. Young, Esq. Admiral of the White,
&c. &c. &c.

CAPITULATION of the Fortress of Gluckstadt, as agreed to by the undermentioned parties, the Commanders of the Allied besieging Forces, by land and by water, and the Commandant of the Garrison in the Fortress.

1st. The troops comprising the garrison of Gluckstadt, naval and military, shall march out of the fortress with drums beating and colours flying, and proceed to Itzehoe the first day, and to Kelnhausen the second, where they will remain for the further orders of his Royal Highness the Crown Prince of Sweden, as to the port from whence they are to proceed to Sonderburg, in the island of Alsén.

2d. The garrison shall retain their arms, baggage, their provision waggons, and empty powder waggons; they shall not serve against the allied armies, either by land or sea, for the space of one year and one day.