

ading Sackett's Harbour, the information obtained from the prisoners of the sailing from Oswego, of fifteen other boats with stores, led to the attempt which has terminated so disastrously, and for the particulars of which, I beg leave to refer your Lordship to the copy of Captain Popham's letter to Commodore Sir James Yeo, herewith transmitted.

It is some consolation, under this severe loss, to know, that before this time it will have been supplied by the arrival at Kingston of the first division of the officers and seamen lately landed here from England: the second and third divisions have also passed this place, on their route to Lake Ontario.

By accounts from Major-General Riall, all was quiet on the Niagara frontier on the 27th ultimo; and as I have not had any accounts from Michillimackinac since Lieutenant-Colonel M'Doual proceeded for that place on the 20th of April, I have every reason to think he must have reached that post in safety, and be fully prepared to defend it against any attempt of the enemy.

SIR, *Sackett's Harbour, June 1, 1814.*

HAVING obtained certain information that the enemy's boats, with their guns and stores, had taken shelter in Sandy Creek, I proceeded to that place (having ordered Captain Spilsbury to accompany me), and reached the entrance of it shortly after daylight yesterday morning. I landed, accompanied by Captain Spilsbury and some of the officers, and having reconnoitred their position, determined on an immediate attack. The masts of their boats (consisting of eighteen) were plainly seen over the marsh, and, from their situation, did not appear to be very near the woods; and their not attempting to interrupt our entry into the creek, led me to hope they were only protected by militia. This circumstance, added to the very great importance of the lading of their boats, to the equipment of their squadron, was a strong motive for me to risk the attack, not aware that they brought their riflemen in their boats, and that a body of Indians had accompanied them along the beach.

The boats advanced cautiously to within about a quarter of a mile of the enemy, when Lieutenant Cox, of the royal marines, was landed, with the principal part of his men, on the left bank; and Captain Spilsbury and Lieutenant Browue, with the coborn and small arm party, accompanied by Lieutenant M'Veagh, with a few marines, were landed on the right bank. Their respective parties advanced on the banks of the gun-boats (which had, from their fire, dispersed a body of Indians) to a turning which opened the enemy's boats to our view, when, unfortunately, the sixty-eight pounder cannonade, on which much depended, was disabled. Seeing us pulling the boat round, to bring the twenty-four pounder to bear, the enemy thought we were commencing a retreat, when they advanced with their whole force, consisting of one hundred and fifty riflemen, near two hundred Indians, and a numerous body of militia and cavalry, which soon overpowered the few men I had. Their resistance was such as I could have expected from a brave and well disciplined body; but, opposed to such numbers, unavailing: their officers set them

an example honourable to themselves, and worthy of a better fate. Captain Spilsbury, for a time, checked the advance of the enemy by the fire which he kept up with the coborn and his party; and I feel much indebted to him for his conduct throughout. Lieutenants Cox and M'Veagh, who nobly supported the honour of their corps, are, I am sorry to say, dangerously wounded. Mr. Hoare, Master's Mate of the Montreal, whose conduct was conspicuous throughout, is the only officer killed. Our loss in killed and wounded (mostly dangerous) is great. I send as correct a return as I can possibly get of them, as well as of the survivors. The winding of the creek, which gave the enemy great advantage in advancing to intercept our retreat, rendered any further perseverance unavailing, and would have subjected the men to certain death.

Lieutenants Marjoribanks and Rowe, in the rear, with the small boats, did every thing in their power; and Lieutenant Loveday's exertions, in the Lais gun-boat, was such as I was much pleased with.

The exertions of the American Officers of the rifle corps, commanded by Major Appling, in saving the lives of many of the officers and men, whom their own men and the Indians were devoting to death, were conspicuous, and claim our warmest gratitude.

I have the honour to be, &c.
(Signed) STEPHEN POPHAM,
Captain.

(A true copy.)
NOAH FREER, Mil. Sec.

18 men killed, 50 dangerously wounded.

BRECON CIRCUIT.

The Honourable *George Hardinge*,
Abel Moysey, Esq.

Presteigne, Monday, August 22.
Brecon, Saturday, August 27.
Cardiff, Saturday, September 3.

Crown-Office, July 19, 1814.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Grampound.

Ebenezer John Collett, of Locker's-House, in the parish of Hemel Hemstead, in the county of Herts, Esq. in the room of the Honourable Andrew Cochrane Johnstone, expelled the Lower House of Parliament.

City of Westminster.

The Honourable Sir Thomas Cochrane, commonly called Lord Cochrane.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the forty-third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act for permitting certain goods imported into Great Britain to be secured in warehouses without payment of duty," it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall and