directed Captain Parker, of His Majesty's ship Tenedos, to receive on board Lieutenant-Colonel Pilkington, Deputy Adjutant General, who is appointed to command, and a small detachment of artillery and riflemen, and to take under his command the Bacchante, Rifleman, and Picton schooner, and proceed to the attack of that place. He sailed on the 6th instant, and most likely, by this time, the troops are in possession of it. After destroying the defences they are directed to return here.

The inhabitants of several townships east of this have sent deputations here to tender their submission to the British authority: and such of them as could give reasonable security that their arms would be used only for the protection of their persons and property, have been allowed to retain them. This indulgence was absolutely necessary, in order to secure the quiet and unoffending against violence and outrage from their less peaceable neighbours, and for the maintenance of the peace and tranquillity of the country. All property on shore bond fide belonging to the inhabitants of the country in our possession, has been respected. All public property, and all property affoat, has been confiscated.

Sir John Sherbrooke conceiving it to be of importance that the Government should be informed, without delay, of our successes here, has requested that a vessel of war may take his dispatches to England.

I have, in compliance with his wishes, appropriated the Martin for that service, and Captain Senhouse will take a copy of this letter to the Secretary of the Admiralty.

I have the honour to be, &c. EDW. GRIFFITH.

To Vice-Admiral the Hon. Sir Alexander Cochrane, K. B. &c. &c. &c.

SIR, His Majesty's Sloop Sylph, off Bungor, in the Penobscot, Sept. 3, 1814.

HAVING received on board the ships named in . the margin* a detachment of twenty men, of the royal artillery, with one five and half-inch howitzer, commanded by Lieutenant Garston; a party of eighty marines, commanded by Captain Carter, of the Dragon; the flank companies of the 29th, 62d, and 98th regiments, under the command of Captains Gell and Caker, Majors Riddel, Keith, and Crosdaile, and Captain M'Pherson; also a rifle company of the 7th battalion of the 60th regiment, commanded by Captain Ward; and the whole under the orders of Lieutenant-Colonel John, of the 60th regiment; I proceeded, agreeably to your order, with the utmost dispatch up the Penobscot. Light variable winds, a most intricate channel, of which we were perfectly ignorant, and thick foggy weather, prevented my arriving off Frank-fort before two P. M. of the 2d instant. Here Colonel John and myself thought it advisable to send a message to the inhabitants; and having received their answer, we pushed on towards Hamden, where we received intelligence that the enemy

had strongly fortified himself. On our way up several troops were observed on the east side of the river making for Brewer; these were driven into the woods without any loss on our side, by a party under the orders of Major Crosdaile, and the guns from the boats. The enemy had one killed and several wounded.

At five P. M. of the 2d instant, we arrived off Ball's Head Cove, distant three miles from Hamden.

Colonel John and myself landed on the south side of the Cove, to reconnoitre the ground and obtain intelligence. Having gained the hills, we discovered the enemy's plouts advantageously posted near the highway leading to Hamden, on

the north side of the Cove.

We inshediately determined to land one hundred and fifty men, under Major Riddall, to drive in the picquets and take up their ground. This object was obtained by seven o'clock, and notwithstanding every difficulty, the whole of the troops were landed on the north side of the Cove by ten o'clock; but it was found impossible to land the artillery at the same place. The troops bivouaqued on the ground taken possession of by Major Riddall. It rained incorrantly during the night. At day break this morning, the fog cleared away for about a quarter of an hour, which enabled me to recomment the enemy by water; and I found a landing place for the artiflery about two thirds of a mile from Ball's Head. Off this place the theops halted till the artiflery were mounted, and by six the whole advanced towards Hamden.

The boats under the immediate command of Lieutenant Pedler, the First of the Dragon, agreeable to a previous arrangement with Colonel John, advanced in line with the right flank of the array. The Peruvian, Sylph, Dragon's Tender, and Harmony, transport, were kept a little in the rear

in reserve

Our information stated the enemy's force at fourteen hundred men, and he had chosen a most excellent position on a high hill. About a quarter of a mile to the southward of the Adams frigate, he had mounted eight eighteen pounders. This fort was calculated to command both the highway by which our troops had to advance, and the river. On a wharf close to the Adams, he had mounted fifteen eighteen pounders, which completely commanded the river, which at this place is not above three cables lengths wide, and the land on each side is high and well wooded.

A rocket boat under my immediate direction, but manœuvered by Mr. Gintop, Gunter, and Mr. Small, Midshipman, of the Dragon, was advanced about a quarter of a mile a-head of the line of

boats.

So soon as the boats got within gun-shot, the enemy opened his fire upon them from the hill and wharf, which was warmly returned. Our roskets were generally well directed, and evidently threw the enemy into confusion. Meantime our troops stormed the hill with the attmost gullantry. Before the boats got within good grape-sliot of the wharf battery, the enemy set fire to the Adams, and he ran from his gans the moment our troops carried the hill.

I joined the army about ten milittes after this event. Colonel John and inyself immediately the-

^{*} His Majesty's ships Peruvian and Sylph, Dragon's tender, and the Harmony transport.