

terms of this Order to export a cargo from the Island of Mauritius, or its dependencies, shall be permitted to export such cargo to any of His Majesty's possessions. But that every British vessel which shall during the continuance of this present Order, have imported a cargo into any port of the said Island of Mauritius, or its dependencies, either from the United Kingdom, or from any other place, shall be permitted to carry back a return cargo, consisting of the articles aforesaid, to any place whatever, either belonging to His Majesty, or to any state in amity with His Majesty. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Chetwynd.

Carlton-House, March 6, 1817.

This day His Highness Prince Esterhazy, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, had an audience of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, to deliver a letter from His Sovereign, offering His Imperial Majesty's sincere congratulations upon His Royal Highness's late escape from a most nefarious attack upon the person of His Royal Highness, and assuring him of the interest which His Imperial Majesty ever feels in the happiness and welfare of His Royal Highness; his Highness was introduced to the audience by Lord Viscount Castlereagh, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Robert Chester, Esq. Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

Carlton-House, March 6, 1817.

This day His Royal Highness the Prince Regent was pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to invest Lieutenant-General Sir Richard Jones, of the East India Company's service, with the ensigns of a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

By command of the Prince Regent, Sir Richard Jones was conducted, with the usual reverences, to His Royal Highness, preceded by Sir George Nayler (the Officer of Arms attendant upon the Knights Commanders), bearing, upon a crimson velvet cushion, the star, ribband, and badge of the second class of the Order.

The sword of state was thereupon delivered to the Prince Regent, and Sir Richard Jones, kneeling, was knighted therewith, after which he had the honour to kiss His Royal Highness's hand.

Then His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence, Knight Grand Cross of the Order, having received from the Officer of Arms the ribband and badge of a Knight Commander, presented them to the Prince Regent, who was pleased to invest Sir Richard Jones with the same.

The Lieutenant-General, having again had the honour to kiss the Prince Regent's hand, and having received from His Royal Highness the star of a Knight Commander, retired.

Carlton-House, March 6, 1817.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent was this day pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to confer the honour of Knighthood on Charles Phillips, Esq. Major-General of His Majesty's Forces.

Carlton-House, March 6, 1817.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent was this day pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to confer the honour of Knighthood on Peter de Havilland, Esq. Bailiff of the Island of Guernsey.

Carlton-House, March 6, 1817.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent was this day pleased, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, to confer the honour of Knighthood on Samuel Spicer, Esq. of Portsea.

Whitehall, February 28, 1817.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the name and on the behalf of His Majesty, taking into consideration the eminent services of the Right Honourable Edward Viscount and Baron Exmouth, and Baronet, Admiral of the Blue Squadron of His Majesty's Fleet, and Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, rendered to His Majesty and the realm upon divers important occasions, during a life constantly and zealously devoted to his country, but, especially, the signal ability, energy, and valour manifested by him in the conduct of the operations of the fleet under his command against the city of Algiers, on the 27th day of August last, which were crowned with the most brilliant success, and of which the unconditional liberation of all Christian captives then within the territory of Algiers, and the renunciation by its Government of the barbarous practice of Christian slavery, were the glorious and happy results, His Royal Highness is desirous, as an additional testimony of the just sense which he entertains of such highly distinguished conduct and merits, that the same should be commemorated by certain honourable armorial augmentations allusive thereto, to be borne by the said Admiral Viscount Exmouth and by his descendants; His Royal Highness, therefore, has been pleased to give and grant His Majesty's royal licence and permission, that the said Admiral Viscount Exmouth and his descendants may bear the armorial distinctions following, that is to say, "Two civic wreaths and a lion passant guardant, and, on a chief, a circular fortified castle with triple battlements, and a ship moored abreast of a line of batteries;" with the motto "ALGIERS"; in allusion to the situation of His Majesty's ship the Queen Charlotte, bearing the flag of the said Admiral, at the moment of the attack upon the said city; and, for supporters, on the dexter side, "A lion guardant navally crowned; his paw resting upon a crescent;" and, on the sinister side, "A figure designed to represent a Christian slave, holding in his right hand a cross,