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Warsaw, April 27.

He great meeting of the Senate (which is called Senatus Concilium, and always follows the Dyet) ended on Friday last. It was there resolved, That a Body of Foot should be forthwith raised, and a Train of Artillery provided; That the City of Craeaus should be fortised; That Envoys should be sent to Moscowy, to the Tartars, the Coslacks, and to Count Tackeley, and that the Resident of this Crown at the Port should be called home, Ge. The Imperial Ambissador, Charles Count Wallssain, parted from hence on Monday last in his return to Vienna; but the Baron de Craeau, Ambassador from the Elector of Brandenburg, continues still here. We have advice, That the Tartars are together in a great Body on the side of Caminies, to observe the motions of, this Crown. A great Council of War is now held here.

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Milan, April 28. On Monday last our Governor the Count de Melgar parted from hence for Pa-via, intending to go likewise to Tortona and Alexandria, to visit the Fortifications of those places, and to take a review of the Troops in Garison there; Monsieur de Louvigny, our Maistre de Camp General, and other the principal Officers of the Army, went thither some days before to give the necessary Orders against his Excellency's arrival. Our Letters from France tell us, That the Most Christian King will have a Camp towards Italy this Summer. The Genoveles, as our Advices tell us, have great Apprehensions of the French; they have not only put their new Galleys to Sea, but have likewife resolved to build six more; and the French Resident has thereupon acquainted the Senate, That the King his Master has given Orders to his Ships of War to attack and fink the said Galleys if they meet them at Sea. They write from Tu-rin, That the Prince of Savay was arrived there from Bruffels, and that it was said he would suddenly return to Germany, where he has lately raifed a Regiment of Dragoons for the Emperor's Service.

Presbourg, May S. On Wednesday last in the Evening their Imperial Majesties, accompanied with the Archdutches and the Elector of Bavaria, arrived here, and were received with all the Solemnity that this place was capable of. The next Morning very early they went to the Rendezvous; their Imperial Majesties arrived there about to a Clock, and found the Army drawn up in Battalia in two Lines, (which were a good Hungarian Mile in length) and 80 Pieces of Cannon placed at the head of it: About 11 the Archbishop of Trigonia sung Mass under a Tent set up for

that purpole, where was prepared a place for their Imperial Majesties, covered with Cloth of Gold, and behind them another for the Arch-Dutcheis, and behind her a third for the Elector of Bavaria and the Duke of Lorrain: After Mais, the Archbishop came from under the Tent, and Blest the whole Army; and then the Emperor mounted on Horseback, and being followed by the Empress, the Archdutchess, and the Elector, &c. visited all the Ranks, which done, the Duke of Lorrain entertained their Imperial Majesties, the Archdutchefs, the Elector of Bavaria, the Duke of Saxe-Law-enburg, and Prince Louis of Baden, at Dinner, under a very rich Tent, several other Tables being prepared for the Nobility that attended their Imperial Majessies. In the mean time the Cannon was thrice discharged, and the whole Army (to whom the Emperor has given a Months Payas a free Gift) gave three Salvo's. In the Evening their Imperial Majesties returned hither, and it's said

the Army will decamp the 11th Instant.

Vienna, May 7. Their Imperial Majestics, with
the Archdutchess and the Electer of Bavaria, arrived at Presbourg the fifth Instant, and the next day the General Rendezveus was to be held not far from thence. Besides the Train of Artislery which is now with the Army, 12 Half-Cannon, and eight great Mortar-Pieces were two days agone taken out of the Arfenal, and sent for Hungary, which makes People think they intend to Attack some place. There are Letters from Croatla which Inform us, That one of that Nation having put himself into the Service of the Turks at Ziget, and insinuated himself into their Confidence, he at last put the defign he had, which was to fet Fire to their Magazine, in Execution, and having succeeded in it, cscaped into Croatia; We are told the Turks had a Magazine there that might maintain 30000 Men two Years, which these Letters say is. quite burnt, and great part of the Fortifications of Ziget blown up, and 500 Turks killed. From Warfaw they write, That the King of Poland is endeavouring an Accommodation between the Emperor and the Hungarian Rebels, and that in order thereunto he is fending an Envoy to Count Teckeley. We have not as yet any certain advice of the Grand-Signior's Arrival at Belgrade.

Vienna, May 9. We have an account from Presbourg, That the General Rendezvous was held the fixth Instant in the Plains near that City; The Emperor was four Hours on Horseback to view the Army, which with the Hungarian Troops that were there, is said to amount to between 40 and 50 Thousand Men, and besides several Regiments were not yet come up; the Train of Artillery consisted of 80 Pieces of Cannon, besides Mortar Pieces- Before the Rendezvous the Duke of Lorrain was to visit Rab and Camorra, and we are told he has designed a Camp between those two

places.