

His Majesty's settlements in the island of Newfoundland and the several islands belonging to and dependent on those settlements, should absolutely cease and determine upon and from the first day of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six; and it was further provided, and His Majesty did further, with the advice aforesaid, declare, that the privileges so granted as aforesaid to the ships of the United States, so far as respected the British possessions on the Western Coast of Africa, should absolutely cease and determine upon and from the said first day of December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six; and it was further provided, and His Majesty, with the advice aforesaid, did further declare, that the privileges so granted as aforesaid to the ships of the said United States, so far as respected the colony of the Cape of Good Hope and the islands, settlements, and territories belonging thereto and dependent thereupon, and so far as respected the island of Mauritius and the several islands and territories belonging thereto or dependent thereupon, and so far as respected the island of Ceylon and the several islands and territories belonging thereto and dependent thereupon, should absolutely cease and determine upon and from the first day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven; and it was further provided, and His Majesty did, with the advice aforesaid, declare, that the privileges so granted as aforesaid to the ships of the said United States, so far as respected His Majesty's settlements in the island of New Holland and the several islands and territories belonging thereto and dependent thereupon, and so far as respected the island of Van Dieman's Land and the several islands and territories belonging thereto and dependent thereupon, should absolutely cease and determine upon and from the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven; and it was thereby provided, that nothing therein contained should extend, or should be construed to extend, to infringe or interfere with the Convention of Commerce and Navigation concluded between His late Majesty King George the Third and the United States of America, bearing date the third day of July one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or the further Convention of Commerce and Navigation concluded between His said late Majesty and the United States of America, bearing date the twentieth day of October one thousand eight hundred and eighteen; or to prevent ships of the said United States from importing into any of the British possessions in Europe, or from exporting from such British possessions in Europe, any goods which under or by virtue of the said Convention, or either of them, or of the several Acts of Parliament made for carrying such Conventions into effect, could or might be lawfully imported into or exported from such British possessions:

And whereas by an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of His present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," after reciting or taking notice of the said Act so passed as aforesaid in the sixth year of His Majesty's reign, and after reciting that unless some period were limited for the fulfilment by foreign countries of the conditions mentioned and referred to in the said recited Act, the trade and navigation of

the United Kingdom and of the British possessions abroad, could not be regulated by fixed and certain rules, but would continue subject to changes dependent upon the laws from time to time made in such foreign countries; it is therefore enacted, that no foreign country shall hereafter be deemed to have fulfilled the conditions so prescribed as aforesaid in and by the said Act, as to be entitled to the privileges therein mentioned, unless such foreign country had in all respects fulfilled those conditions within twelve months next after the passing of the said Act, that is to say, on or before the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six; and for the better ascertaining what particular foreign countries are permitted by law to exercise and enjoy the said privileges, it is further enacted, that no foreign country shall hereafter be deemed to have fulfilled the beforementioned conditions, or to be entitled to the privileges aforesaid, unless and until His Majesty shall by some Order or Orders to be by him made, by the advice of His Privy Council, have declared that such foreign country hath so fulfilled the said conditions, and is entitled to the said privileges; provided always, and it is thereby declared and enacted, that nothing therein contained, extends, or shall be construed to extend to make void or annul any Order or Orders in Council theretofore issued, under the authority or in the pursuance of the said recited Act, or to take away or abridge the powers vested in His Majesty in and by the said Act, or any of those powers, any thing therein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding:

And whereas it is expedient that, in pursuance of the powers vested in His Majesty in and by the said recited Acts of Parliament, His Majesty should declare what Foreign Powers have fulfilled the before mentioned conditions, and are entitled to the privileges aforesaid, His Majesty therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in him in and by the said Acts of Parliament, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare that the several Orders in Council, bearing date respectively the third day of May one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, the sixteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and the twenty-seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, hereinbefore respectively recited, shall be, and the same are hereby, confirmed and continued in full force and effect: and His Majesty doth further, in pursuance and exercise of the powers aforesaid, and with the advice aforesaid, declare and grant that it shall be lawful for French ships to import into the British possessions on the western coast of Africa, and into the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, and into the island of Ceylon, and into His Majesty's settlements in the island of New Holland, and into the island of Van Dieman's Land, and into the several islands and territories dependent upon and belonging to the several settlements or colonies aforesaid, from the dominions of His Most Christian Majesty, such goods being the produce of those dominions, as are mentioned and enumerated or referred to in the table subjoined to the said Order in Council of the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six. And in further pursuance of the powers vested in His