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From Thursday December 13. to Monday December 17. 1683.

Whitehall, December 12.

HE following Address has been presented to His Majesty, who received it very Graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Gentlemen of the Grand-fury Sworn at the Assizes held at Derby, in and for Tour Majesty's Country of Derby, the 30th day of July in the xxxvth. year of Your Majesty's most happy Reign. And of the High Sheriss, and divers others of the Gentry, Clergy, Freeholders and Inhabitants of Tour Majesty's said County, as their hearty Con-currence with an humble Address of the Grand-Fury and Fusices of Peace, at the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace held at Bakewell the York day of the sume Month of July, in and for the said of the same Month of July, in and for the said County, and lately presented to Your most Sacred Majesty.

Most Dread and Gracious Soveraign,

E Your Majeffies most Loyal and Obedieut Sobjects the Representatives of Your Majesties County of Derby, serving upon the Grand Inquest at the Assiges held there the 30th day of July, in the xxxv. year of Your Majesties most happy Reign (which we most carnestly pray finay be prolonged in Peace and Tranquillity) having seen a Thay be prolonged in Peace and Tranquillity) having feen a Copy of an Addrefs figned by the Grand Jury of this County with the Concurrence of Your Majellies Jullices of the Peace there present at the last Sessions held at Bakewell the 10th day of July Instant, which was presented to Your Sacred Majesty (many) of us not then having opportunity to joyn therein, but having the same Loyal inclinations, do with them (as in Duty bound) render our unseigned thanks to the Preserver of Princes, for the great deliverance which He in His wonderful Providence has vouchsafed to Your Majesty and his Royal Highness, Your only Brother, from the Traiin His wonderful Providence has vouchfafed to Your Majesty and his Royal Highness, Your only Brother, from the Traiterous and Bloody Conspiracies of Yours and the Nations malicious Enemies; And we shall ever pray to the Almighty Protector of Princes, that He will still in mercy be pleased to defond Your Majesty and Royal Family, that no villanous Plots, or the Results of Atheistical Clubs or Affociations may ever disturb the Peace of Your Majesties Reien, or the Succession of the Imperial Crown of Your Majesties Realms in the Right Line: And do assure Your Majesty that the discovery of all Plotters and Assured Your Majesty that the discovery of all Plotters and Assured to facrifice our Lives and all that is dear unto us in Your Majesty's service.

Signed by Nine thousand One hundred Seventy five.

Libon, November 23. The last week arrived here the Centurion Frigat, commanded by Captain Wrenn from Tangier, having brought from thence the Portugueles that were Inhabitants there. Captain Wrenn took a Sally-man of War upon this Coaft, wherein he found 43 Moores, an English Renegado, and four Christian Slaves, which he brought in with him. The Queen of Portugal is very ill,

Naples, November 23. On Saturday last Sailed from hence the Spanish Fleet, commanded by the Count d'Aquilar for Cadiz, having taken on board here 300 Italian Foot. The Galleys of Genoua. commanded by the Duke de Tursis, as well as those of Spain and this Kingdom are to Winter here. Our Viceroy the Marquis de Liebe continues to employ his utmost care and endeavours for the Suppressing the Bandi I, who are become very numerous and Infolent.

Gehona, Nov. 28. We have advice that the French have taken and carried to Thoulon a Spanish Bark in which the Prince of Montefarchio was going for Spain. This week 60 Spanish Soldiers, which were brought in a Genouse Vessel from Valence in Spain, landed at Final. From Milan they write, that the Count de Melgar their Governor was recurred from visiting the most important Garifons of that State.

Vienns, December 1. We have already given you account of the taking of Zytekin, a place of importance to the Christians for that it will serve very much to secure their Winters-quarters, whereof we have fince received the following particulars. The King of Poland after he had taken his leave of the Duke of Lorrain, understanding the Turks had a considerable Garison in Zytchin, which might very much disturb the communication between his Troops and the Imperialists called a Council of War, and proposed to them whe ther they should endeavor to possess themselves of that place or not; most of the Council were against it, for that the Troops through the great duties they had been upon, were become unfit for prefent service; however the King resolved not to leave the place in his Enemies hands, and fent the Prince his Son and the Palatine of Lublin, on the 8th of November, with a small body of Horse to observe the situation of it, and upon their return gave orders for the putting what he had resolved in execution. The Turks on their side were in a posture of defence, and being informed that the King had ordered the Cossacks to attack their Suburbs on the toth, they let fire to them the night before, which the Cossacks perceiving immediately fell upon the Enemy, and possessed themselves of one of their Gates and broke down the Palissadoes, which se-The Turks defended themselves cured the Town. with great Refolution, and after a sharp Dispute, forced the Cossacks again to retire, but they being assisted with some fresh Troops, renewed their autack, and obliged the Turks to quit the Town, and to whelter themselves in the Castle, the Action ceasing with the coming in of the day; The King, not to loose time, commanded an Assault to be immediately ately made upon the Castle, which the Turks understanding, and thinking themselves unable to defend it, they hung out a White Flag, and the Commander in Chief, with two others, came out, and prayed the King to permit them to march to Buda, which his Majesty granted, and accordingly they marched out, being 800 Foot and 500 Horse, and were conducted on their way to Buda; In the place was found 20 Pieces of Cannon, besides several finall Field-pieces and Mortars, and a great quan-

tity of Powder, with good store of Provisions.

Lintz, December 7. The Emperor received the last week 200000 Crowns from the Pope, which will be employed for the raising the recruits. Duke of Lorrain has daily conferences with his Iniperial Majesty and his chief Ministers concerning the

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