

quired under the powers of the said former Act, or the said Act now in recital; and such district shall be under the immediate care of the Curate appointed to serve such chapel, but subject, nevertheless, to the superintendence and controul of the incumbent of the parish church; and all such Curates shall be nominated by the incumbent of the parish to the Bishop for his licence, except where the right of nomination shall already be legally vested in any other person or persons, and in every such case by the person or persons possessing such right of nomination, subject to all the laws in force relating to Stipendiary Curates, except as to the assigning of salaries to such Curates; provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, with the consent of the Bishop of the diocese, to determine whether any and what part or proportion of the fees or dues for marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials shall be assigned to any such Curate; and whether banns of marriages shall be published, and marriages or baptisms, churchings or burials, shall be solemnized or performed in any such chapel or not; and in any case in which marriages shall be allowed in any such chapel, the Commissioners shall cause the boundaries of the district assigned to such chapel to be enrolled in the High Court of Chancery, and in the office of the Registry of the diocese, any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and no such chapelry shall become a benefice by reason of any augmentation of the maintenance of the Curate, or by any grant or bounty under the provision of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws for augmenting small livings, any thing in such Act or Acts of Parliament, or law or laws, to the contrary notwithstanding; and whereas by another Act, passed in the 7th and 8th years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and by another Act, made and passed in the 1st and 2d year of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the 7th and 8th years of the reign of His late Majesty, intituled 'An Act to amend the Acts for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;'" and also by another Act, made and passed in the 2d and 3d year of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to render more effectual an Act, passed in the 59th year of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled 'An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes,'" further provisions are made for carrying such divisions into effect;

And whereas the said Commissioners have made a representation to His Majesty in Council, stating that in the year 1831, when the last census was taken, the parish of Prestbury, in the county palatine and diocese of Chester, contained a population of 47,957 persons; that there are, besides the parish church, fifteen chapels in the said parish, which altogether afford accommodation to 9,419 persons; that one of the said chapels, called the Parochial Chapel of Macclesfield, affords accommodation to 1671 persons, including 414 free seats appropriated

to the use of the poor; and that another of the said chapels, called St. George's Chapel, in Sutton, affords accommodation to 1477 persons, including 400 free seats appropriated to the use of the poor; and that divine service is regularly performed in both the said chapels:

And whereas the said Commissioners have further represented to His Majesty that, having taken into consideration all the circumstances attending this parish, it appears to them to be expedient that particular districts should be assigned to each of the said chapels, called the Parochial Chapel of Macclesfield and St. George's Chapel, in Sutton, under the provisions of the 16th section of an Act, passed in the 59th year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to amend an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, for building, and promoting the building, of additional churches in populous parishes;" and that such districts should respectively be named the Parochial District of the Parochial Chapel of Macclesfield, and the District of St. George, in Sutton, with boundaries as follows:

#### PAROCHIAL DISTRICT OF THE PAROCHIAL CHAPEL OF MACCLESFIELD.

The boundary to commence on the High North-road to Manchester, at the meer stone near the Beach-bridge, thence westward along the boundary of the borough to the meer stone at Westbrook; then continuing westward by Moss-meadow, along the boundary between Fallibroome and Macclesfield, to the meer stone at Whirley end; then southward by the boundary between Birtles and Macclesfield, by Long Moss, till it meets the township of Henbury, following the boundary to that of Gaysworth, and along the southward to Moss-pool; then along the boundary between Macclesfield and Sutton (as is described in the perambulation of 1822, in the records of the Corporation) to where it meets the High London-road, continuing eastward along the boundary between Macclesfield and Sutton, as therein described, to where this meets the boundary of Macclesfield-forest at Teg's Nose; then southward following the boundary between this and Sutton to Tenter-bank, and along the boundary between Wildboar Clough and Sutton to Greenway-bridge, and along the boundary between Wincle and Sutton to where it meets that of Bosley, continuing southward to the River Dane by Cartridge-wood; then following the course of the Dane eastward by Quarnford-bridge, where it forms the boundary between Cheshire and Staffordshire; and then northward as the boundary between Cheshire and Derbyshire by Tinker's Pit; then following the River Gogt to where this meets the township of Kettleshulme; then westward along the boundary between this and Macclesfield-forest, by High Bedmoor and Lamled, and between Rainow and Macclesfield borough; then northward, to include the township of Hurdsheld, to Swanscoe, along the boundary between Tlitherington and Hurdsheld; then westward to Breach bridge, where the boundary commenced, as the same is more particularly delineated in the plan annexed to the said representation, and coloured crimson.