

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday September 15. to Thursday September 18. 1684.

Leopol, August 28.

WE have advice that the 23. Instant the King of Poland arrived with the whole Army at *Buczacs*; and that the same day he sent a great detachment to *Faslowic*, to Summon the Place, and in case it was not Surrendered, to attack it; That the Governor returned at first a very fierce Answer; but the Poles making an Assault, the Enemy Capitulated, and there marched out 500 Men. The King has sent a strong Party towards *Camiwic*, which makes us believe his Majesty will besiege that place.

From Count Leslie's Camp at Turannovitz, August, 27. 1684.

On Wednesday last our General received Letters, by an Express, from the Duke of *Lorraine*, and therein Orders, to march with the four German Regiments that are here to joyn the Imperial Army before *Buda*, and to leave the Croats to cover these Parts; which he has not yet complied with, for that the Serasquier Bassa, having in vain attempted to force our Camp, has posted his Army at *Bresowitz*, within two hours march of us, and that it might be feared the Croats, after the departure of the Germans, would not be able to make head against the Turks, who would then be at liberty to make their Incurfions into *Sclavonia* and *Siria*. We were two days agoe reinforced with 1000 Croats more; and are expecting the rest of the Troops of the Arrierban of *Croatia*, when these have joyned us, as likewise some Imperial Troops from *Copranis*, our General will go and attack the Turks in their Camp; but if he find the Enemy move towards *Buda*, he will hasten to joyn the Duke of *Lorraine*.

Vienna, September 10. This day was observed here the Anniverfary of the Deliverance of this City by the Victorious Arms of the Emperor, the King of *Poland*, and divers Princes of the Empire; There was a general Procession of all the Clergy Secular and Regular, at which the Emperor assisted on foot with the Nobility, and the Sovereign Courts in their Robes, after which all the Cannon of the Town was thrice discharged. Our Letters from the Imperial Camp before *Buda*, give an account, that part of the Bavarian Troops arrived there the 6th Instant; and that his Electoral Highness was expected as yesterday with the Reer-Guard. That they have lately sprung several Mines with good success, and that they began to press the place so close, that they made no doubt of reducing it in a very short time, though the Besieged have fortified themselves with several strong Retrenchments within the Town, and continue to make very frequent and desperate Sallies. The same Letters confirm what our former told us of Colonel *Heusler's* having defeated a great Party of Turks near *Alba Regalis*; the Particulars are, That Colonel *Heusler* being sent out with One thousand Imperial Cuirassiers and Six hundred Hungarian Horse, had notice that a great Convoy, consisting

of Four hundred Wagons laden with Provisions and Ammunition, and drawn each by four Oxen, under the Guard of 4000 Turks, had passed the Bridge of *Effecke*, and was going to *Alba Regalis*; upon which he laid his Men in Ambuscade, who falling upon the Turks, at the first discharge killed about 50 of them, and put the rest to flight; That the Enemy afterwards rallying, endeavored to recover the Wagons which they had so easily abandoned, and attacked the Reer-Guard of the Christians, but they were quickly repulsed; and Colonel *Heusler* returned to the Imperial Camp the First Instant with the said Booty, which was a very seasonable Supply for the Army. From *Presburg* they write, that the Turks of *Newbeusel* have quitted a small Fort about a mile from that place, which was kept by 200 Janisaries; and that the Christians had possessed themselves thereof, which makes us believe the Garifon of *Newbeusel* is very much weakened, and that they are in great want of Men. General *Schutz*, who commands the Emperor's Forces in *Upper Hungary*, is marched towards *Esperies* in search of Count *Teckelej*, who continues to Ravage the Country on that side. The Count *de Lamberg* arrived here from the Army on Thursday last, being sent by the Duke of *Lorraine* to hasten the departure of the Troops and Ammunition that might be yet behind; and to give the Emperor an account that he had received advice, that the Serasquier Bassa finding he could not force Count *Leslie* from his Camp, had repassed the Bridge of *Effecke*, and was marching to attempt the relief of *Buda*, according to the positive Orders he had from the Grand Signior; and that his Highness was resolved to go and meet him, leaving before the place a sufficient number of his Troops to maintain the Siege. Yesterday arrived here part of the Troops which the Circle of *Suabia* send to the Emperor's assistance.

Francfort, Sept. 17. Our Advices from *Hungary* inform us, that part of the Bavarian Forces have joyned the Imperial Army, and that they were posted on the side of the *Danube*, by which means the Besieged were hindered from supplying themselves with Water from the River, as till then they had done; That at a Muster that was lately taken, the Imperial Army was found to consist in 20000 Horse, reckoning 6000 Hungarians, and 10000 Foot; and that with the Bavarian Troops, which are between 15 and 16000 Men, and the other Succors that were coming to them, they should be strong enough to fight the Serasquier Bassa, who it is said has positive Orders to relieve *Buda*, or to Perish in the attempt, and at the same time to maintain the Siege. By the way of *Vienna* we have advice, that the King of *Poland* had sent part of his Army to attack the strong Forts of *Faslowic* in *Podolia*; and that the Weywode or Prince of *Valachia* had taken Arms for the Poles, having slain a Bassa and 1000 Turks, who were sent by the Grand Signior to seize the Weywode's Wife and Children and bring them to *Adrianople* as a Pledge of his Fidelity; and had possessed himself of a very advantageous Post on the *Danube*, which he would put into the hands of the Poles, if they designed to pass that River.