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Warsaw, September 11.

Our Letters from *Leopol* inform us, That the Queen of *Poland* (who had taken her leave of the King at a small place two miles beyond *Slozorow*) was returned thither. That the King marched with the whole Army, which General *Mohila* joyned the second Instant with 15000 Cossacks towards *Laminiec*; but that it was believed his Majesty's intention therein was only to amuse the Enemy; who were in a Body near *Cecora*, having been lately reinforced with 10 or 12000 Tartars under the command of the Son of the Kam, which was so small a number in comparison of what the Turks expected, that they were greatly dissatisfied with the said Kam, whom his Son endeavored to excuse, by saying he had at this time need of his Forces at home as well for his own security, the old Kam, who was deposed by the Grand Signior having a strong Party that waited for an opportunity to restore him, as to cover his Countrey against the Incursions of the Cossacks *Zaporoviens*. The King hath commanded publick Prayers to be made throughout this Kingdom for the Prosperity of his Arms and those of the Princes engaged with him in this War.

Florence, September 19. The French Fleet have been again before *Genoua*, which did not a little alarm that City, the Inhabitants in much disorder removing their Goods to the Mountains; but the Weather was so bad that the Ships could not ride at their Anchors, and were forced to put to Sea. The Senate of *Genoua* have, we hear, sent to the Governor of *Milan* to desire he will assist them with 2000 Foot and 500 Horse; and have dispatched a Felucca with Letters to the General of the Spanish Gallies pressing their speedy return to *Genoua*; They have sent 500 Men to *Porto Specia* under the command of a Senator to secure that place; and have confirmed their present Magistrates for another year not to lose time in a new Election.

Venice, September 23. On Sunday last arrived here a Vessel from *Corfu*, bringing Letters from Captain General *Morosini*, wherein, as we are informed, he gives the Senate an account, That he had taken his Course with the Fleet of this State towards the Gulf of *Lepanto*, and that some of the Ships and Gallies having entered into the Port of *Canaila*, they had made a descent, and had furnished the whole Fleet with fresh Provisions; That he did design to pass into the *Archipelago* to joyn General *Molino*, but that he feared the Sea-loa was too far advanced; And the Popes Gallies and those of *Tuscany* were unwilling to stay abroad longer then the next Month.

Vienna, September 24. On Thursday last the Adjutant-General *Haslinger* came hither Post from

the Camp before *Buda*; by whom we are told, that the Serasquier Bassa was arrived with the Army under his command near *Alba Regalia*, but had not yet made any attempt towards the relieving of *Buda*; That they had had a warm alarm in the Camp upon advice that the Enemy advanced towards them; and that the Duke of *Lorraine* had thereupon marched with the Horse and Dragoons to fight them; but the Turks did not stir out of their Camp; and his Highness leaving 10000 Horse under the command of Prince *Louis* of *Baden* to have an Eye upon the Enemies motions, returned to the Army. That the Cavalry of the Elector of *Bavaria* were not yet arrived in the Imperial Camp; but that they were expected there the 21, with the Imperial Regiments of *Caraffa*, *Cheville* and *Herbeville*, which came from *Bohemia*, and *Moravia*, where they had their Quarters; That in the mean time the Siege was continued with great vigor; the Troops of *Bavaria* being advanced to the Walls of the Castle wherein they have made great breaches; That the Besieged make frequent Sallies upon them, but with little success, and ply them very close with Grenadoes and other artificial Fire, which they throw into their Trenches, but without any great effect, for that the Besiegers cover themselves with Gabions and Sacks of Wool; The Besieged likewise have made several Retrenchments behind the Breaches, and seem resolved to expect the Extremity; but notwithstanding all their resolution it's not doubted but the Christians will be Masters of the place before the end of this Month. On Tuesday last arrived here 2000 Men of the Troops of the Circle of *Suabia*, who the next day parted again for *Hungary*; And this morning arrived here by Water 2500 Men more of the said Circle, who came ashore to refresh themselves, and in the Evening embarked again; and in two or three days they will have joyned the Imperial Army.

Hamburg, September 29. The Meeting at *Itzeboe* is at present separated; The Heer *Meinders*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of *Brandenburg*, and the Heer *de Groot*, who was there in the same Quality from the Duke of *Hanover*, being gone home to give the Princes their Masters an account of what hath passed in this Conference, and to receive their farther Instructions thereupon, intending to be back at *Itzeboe* in few days. Two thousand Men of the King of *Denmark's* Troops, that were quartered in the Dutchy of *Holstein*, are marched to *Kjel* to embark there for *Copenhagen*. From *Berlin* they write, that the Conference was begun between the Swedish and *Brandenburg* Commissioners for the adjusting the Limits in *Pomerania*. And from *Dresden* we have an account, that the Troops which the Elector of *Saxony* was sending for *Hungary*, have been countermanded, for that they could not arrive there time enough to do any this Campaigne.

Francfort,