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From Thursday November 13. to Wondey November 17. 1684.

Rome, Octob. 21. N Thursday last the Pope held a ! Congregation of some few Cardinals to consult with them concerning the affairs of Genonz, which his Holines does very much desire

to fee accommodated. Yellerday Cardinal Pio had a long Audience of the Pope, who appeared afterward very much troubled at the account he had received from him of the State of the Siege of Buda A certain Printer having been lately seized within the French Ambassadors quarter, his Excellency has made great complaints thereof, and its faid he will not go to Court till the faid person be re-

flored to his Liberty.

Venice, Octob. 28. On Sunday last Te Deum was fung in the Church of St. Mark for the taking of -Prevefa, at which the Doge and the whole Senate affisted. The four Nobles whom the Senate have made choice of to affift General Morofini with their advice, parted from hence the last week, and carried with them 200000 Ducats for the publick fer-The Duke of Mantoua arrived here on Monday last, intending to spend some time in this City. Several Gallies and Men of War are building in the Arsenal, which will be ready to put to Sea the next Spring. By a vessel arrived from the Levant next Spring. we have this account, That Signior Aleffandro Moline, Captain Extraordinary of the Ships of this Republick, having received advice that the Capitan Bac a was retired into the Port of Scie, immediately bent his course thither with ten, men of War and arriving at the mouth of the Canal, difcovered a Galley which the Turks had left there to observe the Venetian Fleet; This Galley after having fired its Cannon several times, which ferved for a Signal to the Capitan Bacha, made all the haste it could into the Port; The 20th of August the Venetian Ships ankored in the entrance of the said Port, after having taken in the Enemies fight a Saigue laden with Provisions. The 21 Signior Molino posted his Ships under the Cannon of the Castle, upon which they fired all that day, the Turks doing the like as well from the faid Callle, as from a small Fort they have built near it, since Monficur du Quesne was there with the Ships under his The Turkish Gallies, 16 in number, Command. and three men of War continued in the mean time in the Port, waiting a favourable opportunity to The 22 at break of day Signior Molino, sent Captain Baffagnani in a Bark, to view the Ports which he found so well secured by several new Fortifications, that it was judged very difficult to make any attempt upon the Gallies while they were there. Signior Delfino Captain Ordinary of the Ships with two Men of War battered the new Fort all that day, but without doing much damage; and it was resolved to cause four great Barks with Mortais to advance to attack the Gallies with Bombs; but while Signior Molino was giving the necessary Orders for preparing the Batteries, he perceived at the entrance of the night eight Turkish Gallies which came out of the Port, and with the help of their Oars, took their course towards Rhodes; the Venetian Ships immediately got up their Ankors to follow them, and fired all the Cannon they | Principal Mines, which they spoyled.

could bring to bear opon them, but the win I calming, they were fore at) give over the purfuit; in the mean time the rest of the Tu kith G. it e complikewife out, and taking the acvantage of the Calme followed the oth is. But that Sign or Molino had been afterwards informed that 3 of these Gallies were funk by the shot they received from his Ships; that the rest were very much shattered; and that the Town and Castle of Seis had sustained a

great deal of damage.

Vienna Nov 9. On Monday last arrived here an Officer from the Army, by whom we are informed that the Elector of Bavaria may le expected here in few days; that his Troops are marching to take their Quarters in Opper Hungary; that Orders have been given for the demoliting Peft and Vaccia, being places that cannot be kept; but that it hath been resolved to leave a good Garison in Vicegrad. The Emperor has named the Count, de Clary to go in quality of his Envoye Extraordinary to the Electors of Saxony and Brandenburg. and has resolved likewise to send to all the other considerable Princes of the Empire, to desire their assistance for the carrying on the War against the The Count de Zobor, who we told you in our last had taken the Castle of Suran, has since posted himself with 1200 Hungarian Horse, and severat hundred Heydukes in the neighborhood of Newbeusel to block up that Garison; and it's said that 3000 Hungarians more, and 500 Heydukes are marching to joyn him. Our Letters from Cracow say, the Poles had defeated several strong parties of Tartars, but had not been able to engage the Enemy to a general Battle; and that the King; notwithstanding the season was so far advanced, had resolved to pass the Niester, and to enter into Moldavia.

Ratisbonne November 13. Our last Letters from Vienna confirm the account we had by our former, of the raifing the Siege of Buda, and of the Army's having repailed the Danube at the lile of St. Andrew. without the loss of a man, the Enemy not daring to attack them in their retreat: The Troops of Ba-varia and Suabia are gone to take their Winter Quarters in Upper Hungary, and the Imperialists are to have theirs in the Lower Hungary, Silesia, Moravia and Bobemia. There are Letters from the Army, which tells us that they were several days during the Siege without Provisions; That Wine was Sold in the Camp for two Crowns a quart, and Beer for 12 pence: That the Troops were brought into a very ill condition through, the cont nual Service they were upon, and that they have lost near 20000 men.

Francfort November 15. There are Letters from Eungary, which say that on the 27 past, a Grena-dier deserted the Christian Camp, and getting into Buda gave the Bassa account of the condition the Army was in, and of the Mines they had prepared, telling him that if they were Sprung they would certainly cause the loss of the Town; and that thereupon the Besieged, after having in vain searched for the faid Mines within the place, Sallyed out the next day with 2000 Foot and 300 Horse, and forcing the Christians from their Trenches, were by the said Grenadier conducted to their

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