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Cracow, December 1.

THe Nobility of *Lithuania* have at last consented that the Dyet shall be held at *Warsaw*; And the time of its meeting is, we are told, fixed for the 20th of *February*. The King intends to continue in the mean time at *Zolkiew*; where it's said Deputies are expected from Count *Tockley*. The Envoy from the *Cham of Tartary* was arrived at *Zolkiew*, but had not, when the last Letters came from thence, had Audience of the King, so that it was not known What he had to propose.

Dantzicks, December 20. The Letters from *Poland* give an account, that the *Moscovites* have invaded the Territories of that Crown, and have possessed themselves of two or three small places within the *Dutchy of Lithuania*, at the Instigation, 'tis is believed, of the *Turks* with whom it's observed they have at present a very good correspondence. They likewise tell us, that the Dyet is appointed to be held at *Warsaw* about the middle of *February*, but that it will be a very short Session, the Conjuncture of Affairs requiring speedy Resolutions, to enable the King to make the necessary preparations for the next Campaign.

Naples, December 5. The *Pope's Gallies*, after having been detained some time by the ill weather at *Puzzole*, parted from thence the last week; but were forced to put into *Gaete*, from whence they sailed again the first Instant.

Rome, December 9. The *Pope* continues indisposed, which is the reason that the *Marquis de Brignole*, Envoy Extraordinary from the *Republick of Genoua*, hath not yet had his Audience; but he has been several times in Conference with *Cardinal Pio* his first Minister. The *Pope's Gallies* arrived at *Civita Vecchia* on Saturday last; and most of the Officers are come hither; They have lost during this Campaign 100 Soldiers and 400 Seamen and Slaves. *Cardinal Pignatelli* Legat of *Bologna* is very ill.

Genoua, December 10. On Tuesday last arrived here eight Gallies of the Squadrons of *Naples, Sicily and Sardinia*; They came from *Palamos in Catalonia* the 30th of the last month, being then 15 in number, but were separated by bad weather; And as yet we have no news of the other seven; nor of the Gallies of this State, and those commanded by the *Duke of Fursis* which parted from *Palamos* some days before the Squadrons of *Naples, Sicily and Sardinia*. With these Gallies arrived here the *Marquis de Cogolludo* General of the Gallies of *Naples*, who was Complemented on board his Gally by four Gentlemen on the part of the Senate; and is now lodged in the Palace of the Prince of *Doria*. This City being in great want of Wood the Senate have caused four great Barks to be fitted out, carrying 90 Guns and 120 Men

each, who are to sail to morrow for *Corsica*, under the command of Captain *Caratino*, and in their Company will go 12 other Barks with Merchandize. The *French Privateers* are very busy on this Coast, and have taken several Vessels belonging to this State. This week sailed the *Hannibal* for *Leghorn*, and the *Essex Merchant* for *Marseilles*. The *Crown, the Happy Return, and the Mary and David* are ready to sail.

Genoua, December 16. Three of the *Spanish Gallies* which were separated in the Gulf are arrived in this Port from *Corsica*, where they left four of their Company, the rest with the Gallies of this State having bore away for *Port Mahon*. The Count de *Melgar*, Governor of *Milun* is come hither to make a Visit to the *Marquis de Cogolludo*, or rather, as some think, to consult with the governing Men here concerning their present Affairs. This week arrived here the *America* from *Marseilles*.

Venice, December 16. We have no Letters from *Ratisbonne* since those which gave an account that the Troops of the Republick had taken *Narenta*, a small Fort near *Narenta*. The *Sieur Amelot*, the *French Ambassador*, has taken his leave of the Senate, and will part from hence the next week. *Signior Molino*, according to our last Advices, continued to Cruise with the Ships under his command in the *Archipelago*.

Vienna, December 20. On Wednesday last *Prince Francis of Neubourg* received his Investiture from the Emperor as *Bishop of Breslaw in Silesia*; And his Imperial Majesty having likewise conferred upon him the Government of that Province, He at the same time took the usual Oath. The Emperor has written in very pressing terms to all the Princes and States of the Empire to represent to them the present Juncture of Affairs, and to require from them an assistance suitable thereunto; And his Imperial Majesty is sending the Count de *Martinitz* to sollicite Subsidies from the Princes of *Italy*. The *Pope*, it's said, has written to the King of *Poland* and to the Republick of *Venice*, earnestly exhorting them to make such preparations for the next Campaign as may enable them to satisfy the expectation all Christendom has from them. The great Cannon which the Elector of *Bavaria* made use of in the Siege of *Buda*, are brought hither again, where they are to remain till the next Campaign. The *Baron Zieromski* is gone for *Poland* to assist at the Dyet of that Kingdom. The *Prince of Liechtenseyn* has done Homage to the Emperor for the *Dutchy of Fagerdorff in Silesia*. Count *Tockley*, it's said, has had the confidence to signify to the Emperor, That if his Imperial Majesty desire it, he will take it upon him to procure a Peace between his Imperial Majesty and the *Grand Signior* his Ally. They write from *Hungary* that General *Schultz* in his late retreat from