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From Thursday January 15. to Bonday January 19 1684.

Rome, December 23.

He Pope is at present very much cased of the defluxion he hath of late been troubled with. The 18th Inflant he gave Audience to the Arch-Bishop of Seville; and the next day to the Abbot of Denosse, Envoy

from Poland, who delivered to his Holineis a Letter from the King his Master, wherein He informs the Pope of the difficulties that hindred him from executing the great designs He had formed for the last Campagne. The 21, the Senator Francisco Brignole, Envoy Extraordinary from the Republick of Genoua, had likewise Audience of his Holineis. The Resident of Savoy is called home, and the Count de Gubernatis is to come hither in his place.

Venice, Decemb. 28. The Senate have deputed 12 Senators to lay a Tax upon the Inhabitants of this City; and have refolved to receive 24 Families into the Nobility, who are to give each of them, 100 thousand Ducats. Twelve Gallies and swo Galeasses are fitting with great diligence in the Arsenal; And the next week will be launched a Ship which will carry above four score Guns. The last Letters from Palmssia gave an account that the Proveditore-General Valier had separated the Troops to put them into their Winter-quarters; and that the Prince of Parma would return hither to pass the Winter in this City. A Palace is prowided for the Duke of Hanouer, who, we are told, intends to spend two or three months here. The Senate, it's said, have given out Commissions for the raising 16000 Foot and 4000-Hofsel

Vienna. Fanuary 7. The Armenian we spoke of in our last arrived here yesterday; He had a Letter from the Visier of Buda for the Margrave of Baden, President of the Council of War, of whom he has not yet Audience, and in the mean time a firift Guard is kept upon him, there being reason to believe that he is only fent hithen to observe what preparations are making for the next Campagne. General Rabata parted from hence on Tuesday last for Hungary, to visit the Quarters as well of the Bavarian as Imperial Troops, having Orders to remove those that lie in places exposed to the Enemy. We have an account from Prefbourg that the Turks have put a great supply of provisions into Newbeusel; They speak of 300 Wagons laden with Corn and all things necessary for the sublistence of that Garison which were brought into the place under the Convoy of 3000 Horse. We are told that the Treaty between the Emperor and the Dukes of Lunenburg is concluded, and that these Princes are to send 8000 men to the Emperor's affifiance, which are to be paid by his Imperial Majesty, and that besides this Body the Dake of Hanouer has promised to assist the Bmperor with two Regiments at his own charge. There are Letters from Groatik which fay, that the Turks have blocked up Virovitza. And from Gran we are told that the Country people report, That the Turks in Budk are in very great want of Provisions. Among the Papers of Count Teckeley which were lacely taken by General Schultz, was found an exact account of the Winter-quarters alligned the several Troops in Huntgary, and of the strength of the said Troops.

Ratisbonne, Fanuary 2. The Imperial Commissioners continue to press the Dyet to take a speedy resolution upon their late Memorial. Declaring that his Imperial Maj. sty will otherwise be unable to oppose the numerous Forces which the Enemy are preparing to bring into the Field the next Summer. The Letters from Vienna inform us, that an Armenian was arrived there with a Letter from the Visier of Buda, and that it was thought he came to make Proposals of Peace.

Francfort, January 12. They writ: from Hungary that the Troops suffer very much through the scarcity of Provisions, which is so great, that a Measure of Corn that used to be sold for two Livres, is now worthten. The States of Franconia have promised to assist the Emperor with a good Body of men against the Spring.

Cologue, Hanuary 9. The Elector of Cologne continues at Bonne, where the States of this Archbishoprick affembled the 30th past: His Electoral Highness acquainted them that he had made a Treaty with the Emperor to assist him with 60th men against the Turks, and demanded of them a supply to maintain these Troops. The Count de Daun, the Imperial Minister, is gone for the Courts of the Dukes of Laneaburg. We have advice that Monsiett Tambanaeu, Ambastador from his Most Christian Majesty to the Swis Cantons, is arrived at Soleure.

Hamburgh, Fanuary 16. The King of Denmark is expected the next month in Holftein, and we are told that great preparations are making for his reception at Gottorf. From Berlin they write that the Heer Van Amerongen, Envoy Extraordinary from taken his leave at that Court in order to his return home. The Duke of Hanouer, we are told, has begun his journey for Italy. The Princes of Linenburg have defired the Elector of Brandenburg to grant the Troops they are to fend to the Ethperor's affiltance, passage through his Tetritories. The Letters from Poland tell us, That the King had caused the usual Summons to be sent out for the and that his Majesty would continue till the begin and that his Majesty would continue till the begin ining of that month at Zolkieth, and would then remove to Warsaw.

Hague, January 19. We have an account from Dors that the Commissioners, which the Court of Institute for this there the last week, had required