

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS by our Order in Council of the nineteenth of May, in the present year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and in the ninth year of our reign, we were graciously pleased, for the reasons therein contained, to annul the Royal Proclamation of His late Majesty King William the Fourth of the third day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, directing that distribution should be made of the net proceeds of prizes captured from the enemy, of captures and seizures, under the several Acts passed relating to the revenues of Customs, and to trade and navigation, for the abolition of the slave trade, and for the capture and destruction of piratical vessels, and of the rewards conferred for the same, as well as of awards and allowances of salvage granted to the officers and men of ships and vessels of war, when not otherwise specially apportioned by the terms of the respective awards and allowances: and whereas in the recital of the said Order in Council in our Royal Proclamation, dated the said nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, the following words, that is to say, "as well as of awards and allowances of salvage granted to the officers and men of ships and vessels of war, when not otherwise specially apportioned by the terms of the respective awards and allowances," were by mistake omitted, and it is expedient that such mistake should be corrected: now, therefore, we do make known to all our loving subjects, and all others whom it may concern, by this our Royal Proclamation, by and with the advice and consent of our Privy Council, that our said Proclamation of the said nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and forty-six shall have the same force and effect, to all intents and purposes, as if the said words so omitted by mistake had been inserted therein.

Given at our Court at Buckingham-palace, this sixth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and in the tenth year of our reign.  
GOD save the QUEEN.

AT the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 6th day of *July* 1846,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws respecting the office of county coroner," it is enacted, "that whenever it shall appear to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that any county has been customarily divided into districts, for the purpose of holding inquests,

"during the space of seven years before the passing of the said Act, and it shall seem expedient to Her Majesty, with the advice aforesaid, that the same division of the county be made under the said Act, each of such districts shall be assigned to the coroner usually acting in and for the same district before the passing of the said Act."

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Camarthen, in quarter sessions assembled, have presented a petition to Her Majesty, representing that by an Act, passed in the session held in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the law respecting the office of county coroner," reciting "that the regulations for the elections of coroners for counties are insufficient, and that it is expedient that an alteration should be made in the manner of making such elections," it is enacted, "that whenever it shall appear to Her Majesty, on the petition of the justices in quarter sessions assembled, and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that any county has been customarily divided into districts, for the purpose of holding inquests, during the space of seven years before the passing of the said Act, and it shall seem expedient to Her Majesty, with the advice aforesaid, that the same division of the county be made under the said Act, each of such districts shall be assigned to the coroner usually acting in and for the same district before the passing of the said Act:

"That Her Majesty's petitioners respectfully represent, that the county of Carmarthen has been customarily divided into two districts, for the purpose of holding inquests, during more than the space of seven years before the passing of the said Act (independently of a certain district called the liberty of Kidwelly, which comprises the commott of Kidwelly, the commott of Carnawllon, and the commott of Iskennen), the appointment of coroner whereof takes place otherwise than under the writ de coronatore eligendo:

"That the eastern or Llandilo district of the said county comprises the following parishes and parts of parishes, viz. the whole of the parish of Llandilofaur not in the said liberty, the whole of the parish of Lanegwad lying on the east side of the river Cothy down to the river Towy, and the several parishes of Llangadock, Llandausant, Mothvey, Llanfairarylyn, Cilycwm, Conwillyaye, Llanyerwys, Pencarreg, Llanybyther, Llanllwny, Llanfihangel-rhose-y-Corn, Brechva, Llanfynydd, Llangathen, Llanfihangel-Cilfargen, Llandyveyson, Talley, Llansawel, Llansadwrn, Llanwrda, and Llandingat:

"That the western or St. Clears district comprises the following parishes and parts of parishes, namely, Eglwys cymmin, Eglwgsfair a cherrig, Egremon, Henllanangoed, Riffig, Cilymaenllwyd, Llandawke, Llandilo, Abertowin, Llanddewror, Llandissilio, Llangan, Llanginning, Llanglydwen, Llanfihangel abercowin, Llansadwrnen, Llanfalteg, Llanivinio, Llangharne parish and township, Marros, Mydrim, Pendine, Saint Clears,