## The London Gazette.

## Bublish o by Authorish.

From Donday August 24. 10-Churster August 27. 1685.

By the King,

## A DECLARATION.

JAMES R.

Hèreas We find it requifite for Our Service, That the Forces which We are obliged to Maintain for the Preservation of the Peace of this Our Kingdom, be kept in good Order and Discipline, and that Our Subjects may not Suffer by any Diforders or Misbehaviour of any Officers or Soldiers within Our Pay and Entertainment, We have thought fit bereby to Declare Our Royal Will and Plea? sure, That in what place soever any of Our Forces shall Pass or Remain, they shall duly Pay their Quarters at the Rates and Allowances formerly paid by Our Forces, and skall not upon any pretence whatsoever refuse or avoid the same. And We do likewise strictly forbid all Our Officers and Soldiers to use any Kiolence or Threatning Words to any Person whatsoever, or give any other Offince. or just cause of Complaint. And in case any of Our said Officers or Soldiers shall presume to commit any Spoil or Disorder, or use any Violence or Threatning Words, or otherwise Misbebave themselves. We do hereby Require all Our Loving Subjects forthwith to make known the fame to their Superior Officers, who are to cause Satisfailion immediately to be made to the Persons Injured. And if such Officer, to whom Complaint is mide, shall forbear or delay the causing due Satisfaction to be given as aforesaid, the Persons to whom the Wrong is done, are then to Bresent their Complaint to Us, that We may Order speedy fustice to be done them, by Reparation of the Injuny, and by canling the Officers and Soldiers so Offending, to be forthwith Cashiered, and such furthen Punishments to be inflicted on them as the Nature and Quaity of their Offences shall deserve. And We do further Declare Our Will and Pleasure to be, That no Officer or Soldier in their March or Quarters shall be Lodged in any Private House whatsoever, without the Free and Voluntary Consent of the Owner; And that in case any Officers or Soldiers shall for any Reward or Consideration, leave or change the Quarters appointed them, or shall Demand or Exact Money for Quarters, or to Exempt any Persons from the same, they shall be Punished by Cashiering and loss of their Pay. And We do likewise Stridly Prohibit and Forbid all Officers and Soldiers to Destroy or Disturb the Game in any manner whatsoever, without leave from Us, the Lords of the respective Mannors, or others to whom it may belong to Grant the same: It being Our Royal Intention and Command, That all Officers and Soldiers in Our Service, behave themselves Orderly in all things, upon Pain of the Severest Confequences of Our H gb Displeasure.

Given at Our Court at Windfor, the Twenty-fifth day of August 1685. In the First Year of Our Reign.

From the Polish Camp at Gliniani near Lemburg, Aug. 6. There are at present about 25000 men Encamped here; 3000 more are expected to morrow; and the Troops of Lithuania are on their march to joingus. The King will not Command the Armylin person this Summer, not enjoying his Health very

well, but will however come hither to fee the Forces The froops of Muscovia are not only retired from our Frontiers; but its faid the Grars are disposed to come into the Alliance between the Emperor, this Crown, and the Venetians, against the Turks, having already begun Hostilities against them, by sending a Body of their Troops to puffels themselves of and to refortifie Czerin, a Frontier Town which the Turks took and demolished in the last dVar.

From the Imperial Camp before Esperies, July 21. General Schultz, having drawn his Troops together with a resolution to beliege Esperies, marched the 19th instant to Seros, and the next day came before this place, having with him a good Train of Ar-Yesterday we opened our Trenches, and carried them without the loss of one man very near to the Ditch of the Town, which is defended by 1000 men besides the Burghers. This night we shall have finished two Batteries. Count Teckeley is at Caschaw, and assembles all the Force he can to Relieve this place.

From the Imperial Camp in Croatia, within an hour's March of Canisa, July 28. The Forces Commanded by General Leslie having Rendezvouz'd at Gezki-Sigeth near the Drane, dreamped the 26th instant, and marched towards Canisa; Our General detached some Troops which burne the Suburbs of that City; and at the same time other Parties were sent out to destroy the Country four miles round; They had some Skirmishes with the Garison of Canist, but, with little loss on either site, the Turks not venturing to come from under the shelter of the Cannon of that place; We shall march to morrow towards the Bridge of Effect, our Ceneral having received advice, That all the Turkish Forces, except 3 or 4000 men which are left for the Guard of the said Bridge, are gone to join the Scraskier Bassa, in order to Relieve Newheusel. The Governor of Carelfiads and the Viceroy of Croasia are likewise in the Field with the Forces under their Command.

Carelftadt, Aug. 1. The Count de Herberstein out Governor, having concerted with the Chevalier Fanco General of the Morlaques, who have put them-felves under the protection of the Fenetians, to invade the Province of Corbavia; and that at the same time the Morlagues should make an incursion into the Province of Licea, He marched from hence the 14th past with 2009 Croats and 1200 Valaques to wards the faid Province of Corbavia, which they Entered the 20th, and marched towards the Galile of Bunich, fituated on a Rock, which the Governor, who came himself into our Camp to make and fign the Capitulation, surrendeed the same day; he having liberty to march with the Garison, being a o men, with Baggage, Moreables, and every thing elfe that belong'd to them, except Cannon, Arms, and Ammunition, to Wike, or any other place he should chuse. The next day all the Christian Slaves were delivered to our General, and Coll. Orfich with 200 men took possession of the Castle, and another Party was lent to conduct the Garison to Wibus, formerly the Capital City of Croatiz, After which a great many Families of the Walaquer came and furrentired themselves to our General, and offered to become y. Christians. Cheistians. Having burnt the Castle of Bunich, not being able to keep it, for that it was too far from our Frontiers, and having nail'd up three pieces of Cannon and three Mortars taken there, the ways being inaccessible for Carriages; "Our General marched to a large Plain on the fide of Udzina, from whence he tent out Parties which burnt and plunder'd all the Towns and Villages, and cut down all the Corn and Forage for many miles round, fo that this fertile Province, which the Turks have polles'd 140 years, is quite destroy'd. The 29 hour General returned hither with a very confiderable Boocy, viz. 600 Hoises, 1300 Oxen, several thousand Sheep, &c. not having lost one man in this Exp. di-The Cheva ier Fanco has likewife made an incursion into the Province of Licel, of which he his given our General advice by fitree Morlagues, who arrived here yesterday.

From the Imperial Camp before Newbeusel, Aug. g. The 2d instant in the night the Best ged came into Ditch in two finall Boats, but found fo good a Guard there, that they were forced-to retire with ut attempting any thing; The next day welfounded the Ditch, and found there was slill between 4 and 5 foot water; The night following we raised on the Edge of the Ditch a Battery of 26 preces of Cannon; an! Colonel Bearg'dorff, Governor of Duffetdorff, who arrived in the camp the day before, was killed with a Musker shot. The 4th web began to Undermine on the fide of the Attack offthe I roops of Brillwick, but the Belt ged did very much disturb our Work-men with their Cannon and finall shot; however we continued our Work, and carried it to the middle of the Line of Communication over against the Conrtain, and we raised a new Battery of 4 Mortars. The 5th, the Enemy made to great a Fire from a Battery they had railed in the middle of the Courtain, that they put our Workmen into some disorder, tilined part of our Gall ry, and killed and wounded many of our men, who were not yet sufficiently covered, so that we were obliged to dis-Continue the Work till night. The 6th the Elector of Baydrik the Dsk of Lorrain and Prince Waldeck, marched from the Camp with 90 Squadr is and 40 Battalion's, making together an Army of 31000 men, with a resolution to go and fight the Enemy; Icaving Sodo Horse and 12000 Foot, under the Command of the Count de Caprara Mareschal de Camp General, and the Duke de Groy General of the Artillery, to continue the Siege. The next day we had an account, that the Turkish Army before Gran was not above 40000 men, most of them new raised, and that they had been repulsed in several Attacks they had made upon the Lower Town. Since that time we have repaired our Galleries, secured our Lodgments, prepared our Mine, and so advanced all our other Works, not withstanding the vigorous Defe ce of the Belieged, that we hope in few days to be Masters of the place.

Cologne, August 25. The Magistrates of this City have been every day this week at Mulbeim, to con fer with the Commissioners of the Elector of Trier and the Duke of Juliers, who still insist to have 8 or 9 persons, the chief of those that refused to submit to the Imperial Commission, put into their hands. The Children of the Sieue Sacks, one of the three persons nam'd in the Imperial Ban, have been at Mulbeim with the faid Commissioners, to beg their Fathers pardon, but we know not what answer they had. The Letters from Ratisbon tell us, that the Marquis de Creey, Plenipotentiary of France, had presented a Memorial to the Dyet, wherein he protested in the name of the Duke and Duchess of Orleans, against the possession which the Duke of Neuburg, now Elector Palatine, hath taken of the Datchy of Simmeren, the County of Spanbeim, and other Allodial Lands, as being devolved to the faid Duchess by the Death of her Brother the Elector De-

Printed by Tho. Newsomb in the savoy, 1685.

cealed; And against all Transactions, Donations, Testaments, and other Instruments that may have passed between the late and present Electors con-Corning the same. From Heydelberg they write, that the Elector Palatin made his publick Entry into that Ci y the 13th instant with great Magnificence.

Paris, Sept. 1. The 29th past the King was very much indiposed with the Cholick, but is at present very well again. The Court will part from Versailles the 3d inflant for Chamber. We have receiv'd an account, by an Express, that on the 12th of the last month the Elector of Bavaria and the Duke of Lorrain with the Imperial Army came in view of the Turks, Commanded by the Seraskier Baffa, who thereupon quitted the Siege of Gran; That the Armies having continued three days in light of each other, the Duke of Lorrain, to draw the Enemy from their advantageous Posts, seigned a Retreat, upon which the Turks follow'd the Christians and charg'd them, but were so bravely received that hitween 3 and 600% of them were kill'd upon the place; the rest put to flight, and most of their Cannon and Baggage taken. The Plinces de Conti and de la Roche sur You were in this Action and gave great proofs of their Courage. The Prince of Commercy was line by the Duke of Lorrain to carry the news of this Victory to the Emperor, and arrived in the Camp before Newbeufell at the time that the Besiegers, I swing given an Assault to the place, had obliged the Balla to hang out a White Flag to Eurrender, at Discretion; but the Soldiers irritated with the long relifiance of the Refleged, sand animated with the hopes of the plunder, could not be retained, but entring the place, cut the greatest part of the Garison in picees, and pillaged the Town. We are expecting a particular relation of these great Achiors.

Windfor, Aug. 24. The Marquis le Velparaifa, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Spain, had yesterday Audience of His Maj sty, and this day of the Queen, being conducted by Sir Charles Control Master of the Ceremonics.

whiteball, Aug. 26, Yesterday the Infallation of the Right Honourable Lewis Earl of Eev r/ham Knight, of the most Ni ble Order of the Garrer, was performed in the Royal Chappel of St. Geo ge within the Calle of Windfor by his Grace the Duke of Grafton and the Right Honourable the Earl of Rochefter Lord Fig's Treasurer of England, Knights of the fail Order, Con.missioned thereunto by the Soversign, with all the Accustom'd Geremonies.

We are wanting our Letters from Flanders and Holland.

Advertisements. These are to give notice, That His Majesty heth by His Letters latents Authorized John Huchenson Big; to appoint such Secur ties as shall truly Answer all such Sums of Money as shall be received upon Briefs by way of Charitable Benevolence tand that all perfore may receive the better Satisfaction therein, the faid Mr. Hucherlon has letled an Office at Mr. Waltho's, Bookleller against Lincolns Inn Oate in Chancery Lane, where all perfons concerned may see their Accounts Audited, and what mony is from time to time paid in.

These are to give nonice. That the Pate a twoodstock in Oxfordshire, worth between 30 and 40 pound, with be Run for the 21th of september next, three Hears, to carry 13 Stone, and each Horse to be sold for 100 Gnireys if demanded. The next diy a Buck and a Doe will be Run for one Hear, and each Horse to be fold for 20 Guineys if demanded. if demanded.

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N Tuelday the 8th day of September next, will be Sold by way of Ardinon in Sturbridg Fair a Collection of Choice Books in Latin, viz. of Greek and Latin-Fathers, Historiaus, with other Critical Learning; as all? in English of Divinity, Hosbandry, Philosophy, Poetry, but especially Historiaus, Catalogues of which will be given to all Gentlemen, Scholars &c at the Several Coffee-Houses in Cambridg on Wednesday the second of September.

Off from Cransield near Bedford, a bright Ray Hosse, a star is hands high; a little Star in his Porthead, seven years old, had larely some Pitch spilt upon his far thousder, where the Hair is a little grown agaid, almost like a T. Whoever gives notice of the Taid Horse to John Tomin, Mealman in Bermondsey-street Suthwark, or to Mr. Jische Field in Cransield afores lid, shall have a Guinea reward in the Savoy. 1686.