

# The London Gazette.

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Genoa, November 6.

**T**His week arrived here the Charles from Cadiz and Alicant, and the Lucy Ketch from Legorn. The Spanish Gallies are still here, but will part from hence, in few days, for Naples, where they are to winter. The Governor of Milan, who has been all this week entertained by Signior Spinola in his Palace at St. Pier d' Arena, came this Evening into the City, and is lodged at the Carmelites: It's said, he has Pretensions upon the Republick for the Troops he rais'd, at their desire during their late differences with France

Venice, Nov. 2. On Wednesday last arrived here a Tartane, with Letters of the 11th of the last Month from the Fleet, which was then at Porto Cistero: They tell us, That the Captain General having demolished Calamata, a place that by reason of its situation could not be well defended, he sailed from thence, with part of the Fleet, to Porto Vitulo, which the Maynotes had some days before made themselves Masters of: That the Captain General having landed with his Forces, marched towards Chielsa, a strong Fortrefs, situated on a Rock about two Miles from Porto Vitulo, in which was a Garison of 300 Turks, commanded by Assin Bassa, Governor of the whole Province of Masna; who, upon the approach of the Venetians, sent an Officer to the Captain General to capitulate: That Articles were accordingly agreed on, and that, in pursuance of them, the Turks marched out with their Arms, Bag and Baggage, leaving in the place 57 pieces of Cannon, and good store of Ammunition and Provisions; and, according to the Capitulation, were to be conducted to Vatica, but the said Bassa chose rather to remain in the Venetian Camp: After which, the Captain General sent a Detachment to Passawa, a Fortrefs 10 Miles farther in the Country, there were in it 200 Turks, who no sooner heard of the Surrender of Chielsa, and the march of our Troops towards them, but they resolved to abandon the place, which they accordingly put in execution; so that the Forces of the Republick are now possessed of the whole Province of Masna, of which the Captain General has made Signior Lorenzo Venier Governor: And we are assured, that above Twelve thousand Maynotes have already put themselves into the Service of this State.

Nov. 14. The King of Poland, upon the advice he received from the Crown Generall has sent the following Orders to all the Palatin of this Kingdom.

HEREAS Our Army which is entred into Moldavia, by reason several Regiments that

ought to have joined it are not yet arrived in the Camp; and that the new Levies are not in that order, nor do amount to the Number that was expected, is exposed to great danger, the Enemy (with whom they have had continual Skirmishes from the first, to the sixth of this mo th, though without any advantage on the side of the Infidels) very much exceeding them in Number, and being daily reinforced by fresh Troops, as well under the Orders of the Serasquier Solyman, as the Cham of Tartary, and Sultan Galga, so that the success of a Battel, which can hardly be avoided, is much to be feared: To prevent thereof the damage which Our said Forces, and consequently the whole Kingdom may otherwise sustain, We do Command and Require all the Militia, which ought in such Occasions, to follow Our Standard, to march day and night, from the moment that they have knowledge of this Our Command, towards the Bridge on the Nister, whither We intend to go in Person, if there be need of it, to encourage Our Forces, exhorting, in the mean time, Our said Militia (for the love of their Countrey, the discharge of their Duty, and the Common Good of Christendom) immediately to obey these Our Orders, in the doing whereof, they will recommend themselves to Our Royal Favour: But, on the contrary, if they fail therein, will not only incur Our high Displeasure, but oblige Us to proceed against them with the utmost severity.

Given at Giulkiew the 11th of October, 1685.

In pursuance of these Orders, the Militia of the adjacent Palatinates have already begun their march, and divers of the Nobility are preparing to attend the King, who is gone to Zolkiew, from whence he will remove nearer to the Frontiers as there shall be occasion.

Warsaw, Octob. 18. The Letters from Leuburg tell us, That the Forces of this Crown have obtained a great Victory against the Enemy. All the Particulars they give us, are: That the Battel was on the 10th instant; That the Fight lasted 5 hours; That 1200 of the Enemy were slain, and many Prisoners taken (among which, were some of the chief Officers of Sultan Galga) with several Standards, and the best part of their Baggage. The joy of which news is the greater, for that we received it at a time that there was more reason to fear the loss of our whole Army, the Enemy being treble their number, and having so environed them, that they could not retreat without great difficulty and hazard. We have Advice that the Cossacks, in the service of this Crown, have taken the Town of Farolocke, on the Nister, the Garison, which consisted in 1200 Men, being most of them cut in pieces, and the rest, with their Commandr in chief, made Prisoners.

Vicna,