## The London Gazette.

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From Thursday January 7. to Monday January 11. 1685.

By the KING, A PROCLAMATION.

JAMES R.

I Heneas the Parliament bath been Prorogued until the Tenth day of February next, We, for many weighty Reusons, have thought fit and Resolved to make a further Provogatian of the Parliament, until the Tenth day of May next ensuing the Date hereof: And therefore do by this Our Royal Provamation Publish, Notifie and Declare, That the Parliament shall be Prorogued upon and from the said Tenth day of February, until the Tenth day of May next: Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses, and all others whom it may Concern, may hereby take Notice, and Order their Affairs accordingly: We letting them know, That we will not at the said Tenth day of February expect the Attendance of any, but onely such, as being in or about the Cities of London and Westminster, may Attend the making the said Prorogation, as heretofore in like Cases hath been accustomed. And we do also hereby further Declare Our Royal Pleasure, That We shall not expect the Attendance of Our Houses of Parliament upon the said Tomb day of May, but intend at that time a further Prorogation to a more proper season of the Year unless some Extraordinary Occasion requires their Sitting, whereof We will give Convenient Notice by Our Royal Proclamation.

Siven at Onr Court at Whitehall the Eighth Day of Fanuary 1685. In the First Year of Our Reign.

Genoua, Decemb. 22. This Week arrived here the Good Success from Barcelona. We have advice that the French are fitting out 15 Gallies at Marfeilles, and 10 Men of War at Toulon. The 17th instant passed through this City a French Courier in his way to Rome. They write from Milan, that the 3000 Men, which the Count de Melgar is obliged by the Treaty he lately concluded with the Republick of Venice to send to their assistance, would in few days begin their march.

Venice, Decemb. 28. The Master of a Vessel, which arrived here this week from Soria reports, that he heard before his departure from thence, that the Ships of this State, Commanded by Signior Delsino, had been engaged with Nine Turkish Men of War, off of Scio, and had taken Five of them, and were in pursuit of the rest; And that a great Turkish Ship carring 60 Guns and 500 Men had been cast away in the Sea of Bussel.

and all the Men loft,

Vienna, Decemb. 27. The Emperor has givens orders for the providing great Magazines in Creatia, for the subsistence of his Forces on that side, which will be Commanded the next Campagne by the Count of Starembergh. We have an account from those parts, that the Imperial Troops had made an Incursion into the Turkish Territories, but that the weather had obliged them to return without doing the execution they

intended. The Turkish Aga, who was at Comorra, is sent back to Buda with this answer; That the Emperor and his Alies will not receive any Proposals of Peace but what come directly from the Grand Signior. We have advice, but it needs a confirmation, that the berasquier Ibrahim, who Commanded the Oitoman Forces in Hungary the last Campagne has been Strangled at Belgrade by order of the Grand Signior, for not having relieved Newbeusel, and that several other Bassa's have been likewise Strangled to appease the People. The Count de la Vauguyon arrived here the 25th instant to reside at this Court with the Character of Envoy Extraordinary from the most Christian king. The Deputies from the Prince of Transituania are daily expected; That Prince besides the Winter-quarters he gives the Imperial Troops, Commanded by General Caraffa, is obliged to Johnock, St. Nicholas, and some other places on that side.

Vienna, Janu. 3. On Monday last arrived here an Express from Caschaw, being sent by General Caprara with the news of the happy fuccess the Imperialists have lately had against the Turks, of which he gives the following account. The Gaillons of Temiswaer, Sigeth, Gyula and other Neighboring places having drawn together to the number of 6000 Men, with a design to joyn with those of Great Waradin, Agria, Hatwan and Buda, that they might with their whole force fall upon the Imperial Troops in the quarters they had taken in their Neighborhood, the Baron de Mercy and Colonel.

Heusler who Command the Emperors Forces on that fide, upon notice of it, affembled the Troops that were quartered at Zimock and the places thereabouts, and having joyned these which made about 3000 Men, all Germans, with 3000 Hungarians, under the Orders of General Peterbase. marched towards the Enemy, whom they found near the River Maros or Marach; The two Bodies being drawn into order of Battel engaged, and fought for some time with great Fury on both fides, but God continuing to bless the Christian Arms, the Turks at last fled, part of them towards the Town of Arach distant 12 miles from Temismaer and as many from Sigeth, where they very vigorously defended themselves against the Christians who had pursued them; but at last the place was taken by assault, Plandered and burnt, the Turks that fled thither being all put to the Sword; The Imperialiss returned with a very confiderable booty, having taken a great many Horses and a good deal of mone, and Rich Houshold Goods. Of the Enemy 900 were Slain upon the place of Fight, besides those killed in the pursuit and at Arach, among the Slain, according to the report of the Prisoners who are about 300, was a Bassa and several other Eminent Officers, though the Imperialists lost not in this whole Action above 100 Men.