

poor of some parish, township, or place, of which some part is within the said district, upon an annual value of not less than twenty pounds.

6. That at the first election of the said Local Board, Francis George Coleridge, Esq. shall have the powers and perform the duties vested in or imposed upon the Chairman of the Local Board of Health by the Public Health Act, 1848, in relation to the election by owners of property and rate-payers, and shall perform all other duties which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting and completing the said first election; and in case the said Francis George Coleridge, from illness or other sufficient cause, shall be unable to exercise or discharge such powers or duties, or shall be absent, or shall refuse to act, then George Edward Deacon, Clerk, shall exercise and perform such of the said powers and duties as then remain to be exercised or performed.

7. That the fourteen days' notice of qualification required by the Public Health Act, 1848, to be given by owners of property in order to entitle them to vote at the said first election, shall be given to the said Francis George Coleridge, at his residence, the Manor House, Ottery St. Mary, within the said district; or in case he shall refuse or be unable to receive the same, then to the said George Edward Deacon, at the Vicarage House, Ottery St. Mary, also within the said district.

*Wm. L. Bathurst.*

**A**T the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 13th day of *July* 1850,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS there was this day read at the Board a report from the General Board of Health, dated the third day of July one thousand eight hundred and fifty, in the words following; that is to say:

"To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

"We, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the Public Health Act, 1848, have, in pursuance of the provisions of that Act, upon the petition of not less than one-tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within the parish of Chilvers Coton, in the county of Warwick, having a known and defined boundary (the number of the said petitioners greatly exceeding thirty in the whole), directed George Thomas Clark, Esq. a superintending inspector appointed for the purposes of the said Public Health Act, to visit the said parish, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any local Acts of Parliament in force within such parish for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said parish, or having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health Act; also as to the natural drainage, areas, and the existing municipal, parochial, or other local boundaries, which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of that Act;

"And the said superintending inspector, having previously given the notices directed by the said Public Health Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry in the manner directed by that Act, and hath reported in writing to the said Board, upon the said several matters with respect to which he was directed to inquire, and upon certain other matters

with respect to which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of that Act;

"And copies of the said report, accompanied by a notice, stating that written statements might be forwarded to the said Board, with respect to any matter contained in, or omitted from, the said report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as directed by the said Public Health Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed;

"And it appears, by the said report, that there is no local Act of Parliament in force within the said parish for paving, lighting (otherwise than for the profit of proprietors or shareholders), cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving such parish, or any part thereof, or in anywise relating to the purposes of the said Public Health Act;

"Now, therefore, We, the said General Board of Health, do hereby, in pursuance of the said Public Health Act, humbly report to your Majesty, that it appears to us to be expedient that the Public Health Act, 1848, and every part thereof, except the section numbered 50, in the copies of that Act, printed by your Majesty's printers, should be applied to, and be in force within and throughout the entire area, places, and parts of places comprised within the boundaries at present fixed as the boundaries of the said parish; and that such area, places, and parts of places should be and constitute a district for the purposes of the said Public Health Act accordingly.

"2. That the Local Board of Health, to be elected under the said Public Health Act, shall consist of six persons, and that the entire number shall be elected for the whole of the said district.

"3. That the first election of the said Local Board of Health shall take place on the first day of October one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

"4. That one third in number of the said Local Board shall go out of office on the thirty-first day of March, in each year, subsequently to that in which the said election takes place.

"5. That every person, at the time of his election, as member of the said Local Board, and so long as he shall continue in office by virtue of such election, be resident, as in the said Public Health Act, 1848, is required, and be seized and possessed of real or personal estate, or both, to the value or amount of not less than five hundred pounds, or shall be so resident, and rated to the relief of the poor of some parish, township, or place, of which some part is within the said district, upon an annual value of not less than twenty pounds.

"6. That at the first election of the said Local Board, John Estlin, Esq. Clerk to the Guardians of the Nuneaton Union, shall have the powers and perform the duties vested in or imposed upon the Chairman of the Local Board of Health by the Public Health Act, 1848, in relation to the election by owners of property and rate-payers, and shall perform all other duties which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting and completing the said first election; and in case the said John Estlin, from illness, or other sufficient cause, shall be unable to exercise or discharge such powers or duties, or shall be absent, or shall refuse to act, then Richard Stratton, Esq. shall exercise and perform such of the said powers and duties as then remain to be exercised or performed.

"7. That the fourteen days' notice of qualification required by the Public Health Act, 1848, to be given by owners of property in order to entitle them to vote at the said first election, shall be given