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Edinburgh, April 27. 1686.

Esterday about 10 in the Forencon the Earl of Morray His Majesties High Commissioner came from Dunbar, attended by many of the Nobility and Gentry, who met his Grace betwirt Belfort and Berwick last Eaturday, and waited on him during his stay at Dunbar: From whence the Lord Ross's Troop guarded his Grace to the Earl of Winton's House of Seaton (seven miles distant from this place) where they were relieved by His Majesties Life-guard of Horse commanded by the Lord Living ton in very good order. Upon the Road thither, his Grace was met and attended by several Noblemen and Gentlemen of Quality from several Parts of this Kingdom, befides the Gentlemen of East-Lothian, and the principal I habitants of all the Towns in that Shire on Horseback. At the Entrance into the Shire of Midlothian (five Miles distant from hence) his Grace was received by the Earl of Perth Lord High-Chancellor, and the Lords of the Privy-Council, and by the Lords of the Clergy, and all the Judges, with a great Train of Coaches, and the other Members of the Colledge of Justice on Horseback, and a little nearer to this place, by some of the Magistrates of this City with a Body of 5 or 600 of the principal Citizens on horse-back. At the same place he was also met by the Gentlemen of Midlothian, and the Gentlemen and other Inhabitants of the Regality of Musle-burgh, near the Sands of Leith a Batallion of the R giment of Guards was drawn up, who welcomed his Grace with three Vollies, as did His Ma, is Yacht the Charlot, commanded by Cat 1 C oment, and several Ships now lying 1 Thin coming within a mile of this vo Inall Guns prepared by the Magistrates, gaye t e S nal (by three Vollies) to another Ba ry of reat Guns that was placed nearer to the ch were thrice discharged. From thence I Grace coming through a Lane of the Traine B ids, the Cannon from the Castle fired a 1 he way till his coming to the Palace of Holyrood bouse, near unto which was drawn up His Majesties Company of Fuseleers of this City. Commanded by Captain Graham, with several Field-pieces, which were thrice Difcharged, belides the Vollies of that Company. At the Water-Gate his Grace was received by the Lord Provost, and the rest of the Magistrates in their Formalities, with a Guard of gilded Partifans. In the Outer Court of the Palace, a Battalion of the Earl of Dunbarton's Regiment was drawn up, which welcomed his Grace with three Vosies, and concluded with their and the People's acciamations of Joy, after which his Grace was attended into the Palace, and at Supper, by many of the Nobility, the Clergy, and Gentlemen of the best Quality.

Edinburgh, April 29. This being the day to which the Parliament was Adjourned, the several Members attended his Grace the Lord Commissioner at the Palace of Holy-Rood House in the morning, and from thence, in their Coaches, attended His Grace to the Parliament-House, where His Majessies Gracious Letter being read, and the accustomed Ceremonies passed, his Grace the Lord Commissioner made this following Speech.

My Lords and Gentlemen ,

Majesty retains of your Loyalty, Duty and Zeal for His Service, and of your fignal Affection to His Person and Interest, so kindly expressed in your proceedings of the last Session, bath determined Himto meet you again so soon in the; to the end that as you did then by very seasonable proofs of your dutiful Obedience, even during the raging insolence of an unatural Rebellion, demonstrate your Loyalty and firm adherence to the Crown: So His Majesty would not be wanting on His part to shew his Paternal and Royalcare of you His ancient and loving People, by giving you fresh opportunities of doing such things as may tend to the universal good of the Nation, as a generous return to your Affections.

As all the States and Ranks of Men in thu Kingdom have been most eminent in their Loyalty, Love and Deference to Hu Majesty in their several Degrees and Capacities, both when He bonoured you with His Royal Presence and since; So Hu Majesty is Graciously resolved that you shall in your several Stations, share of the effects and influences of His Royal Care, Tenderness and Protestion, by marks of His Royal Favour, which He intends shall be as comprehensive and general for the security and happiness of you all, as your Duty and Kindness towards Him bave been remarkable.

Pursuant tothis, I am to assure you, that His Majefly doth endeavour with all imiginable care to open a free intercourse of Trade with His Kingdom of England

and,

lànd, as one of the surest ways to save His Royal Burrows from the ruine threasned by the decay of Commerce; and will leave nothing unessayed that may tro move a work so benesicial to this Kingdom. And for your surface the couragement, the King bail fully instructed His Envoy at the Court of France, to use the utmost endeavours for having the sity Solx per funn discharged; and for recovering the possession of the other Priviledges of the Scots Merchants trading with that Kingdom, which have been now a long time suffered to run into Desuesade.

And His Majesty conceiving that the Burghs of Regality and Barony enjoy more of that Trade for which the Burrows Royal hear the sixth part of the Gesse of the Nation, than does justly fall to their shree, Has therefore heen Graciously pleased to instruct me to give Hu Royal Consent to such Regulations therein as you shall think sust and equitable. And there having heen several complaints made to Hu Majesty of the Double which Merchants of this Kingdom meet with in the matter of the Staple and Irade with the Notherlands, I am sully instructed to give Hu Consent to what you shall advise as reasonable for the redress thereof, for the suture.

And whereas His Majesty is informed of the great prejudice which this Kingdom suffers by the importation of Irish Cattle, Horses and Vistual; I am also fully instructed not only to give His Royal Assent to whatever may free you from that abuse in time coming, but likewise to enquire into the connivance and malversations of those who in time past have been entrusted to binder and discover all such illegal Importations, to the end that they may be punished according to Law.

I am also to acquaint you, That the King being informed that the want of an open Mint, is a serfible Prejudice to the Traffick of the Kingdom, I amtherefore Impowered to give His Royal Affent to what the Wisdom of this Parliament shall think just and reasonable in that Point.

As His Majesty in His Royal Prudence and Goodness intends to promote the Trade of this Nation by all possible and sit Methods, so He hath Commanded Me to tell you, That He is not at thu time to demand any more Supplies or Impositions of any kind; Notwithstanding of the great and Necessary Charge which the Suppressing of the late Horrid Rebellion has put Him to; Being fully convinced that your Affection and Alacrity have already prompted you to give all that was convenient for you to spare. In requital of which, He is resolved to do all that He can for the advancement of the Good and Interest, and Encreasing the Wealth of this Kingdom; A thing which His Majely is very sensible has been a long time too much neglected, Conceiving His Royal State inseparable from the Happiness and flourishing Prosperity of His People; And the King well knowing how heavy the Cesse lies upon the Land Rents, if it were not indispensably necessary as well for your own Safety as the Support of His Government, would willingly discharge some part thereof: But this being impossible, I am fully Infiruited to pass any Law with your Advice and Confent that may give oase in that matter, not diminishing the former Quota.

I am further to acquaint you, That His Majery bas taken especial care to Instruct me fully for geving His Royal Consent to all such Liws and Regulations as may secure exact Payment to the Country from all His Officers and Soldiers in their Quarters, both local and transfent for the future; and to see exemplary quaissment institled upon all persons who beretufore baw oppressed any of His Loving People, by Denying or Desaining their just Dues from the mix And for easing the Commons of many Oppressions alledged to be committed by Commissars, I am likewise Impowered to Pass an All, with your Advice and Consent, for regulating the same.

That which will surprize you mach is, That as the King is Sollicitous to provide for the Security of this Kingdom, and to Encourage and Cherish His Dutiful and Loyal Subjells as bis obedient Children, fo as a tender-bearted and compassionate Father, is willing and ready to forgive, and mercifully to Pardon the unexcusable Faults and Crimes of such as bave behaved themselves Undutifully and even Rebelliously against Him; And therefore to settle and quiet the Minds of His People, and once more to drive away the Fears of the Guilty, by delivering them from their apprehensions of that Punisment which they have so justly deserved; He bath Graciously been pleased to Instruct me to Pass His Full and Ample Indemnity, with some few necessary and Reasonable Exceptions, for all Past Crimes and Misdemeaners what soever; Which may bonvince the World, That His Majesty Delights by such Sweet and Gentle Methods of Mercy and Lenity, to reduce all to Duty and Obedience: And that nothing but their own Perverseness, and Incurable Obstinacy in Evil, can force from Him that Just Severity which sometimes be-comes necessary for the Safety of His People and Go-vernment, though contrary to His Princely and Metciful Temper.

And now, My Lords and Gentlemen, after so great and excellent designs for promoting the Ho-nour, the Ease and Wealth of thin Kingaom, after His Resolution to pardon so many Enemies, and to free so many of the Guilty from further severe but just Prosecutions, Hu Majesty believeth that none will wonder, If He desire, by the Advice and Consent of this His great Council, to give Ease and Security to some of Hu good Subjects of the Roman Catholick Religion, who have in all Times been firm to the Monarchy, and ready to Sacrifice their Lives and Fortunes for the Service and Security of the Crown: So that His Majesty, who so perfectly understands the Loyal and Dutiful temper and genius of Scotland, rests fully perswaded of your ready and chearful Compliance with His Royal desire and inclinations, tenling so much to your own Security, and His Satisfaltion; And that you will send me bick to my Great and Royal Master, with the good tydings of the con-tinued and dutiful Loyalty of this His anci nt Ki gdom, by which you will show your selv sube best and most affectionate Subjects, to the Best, the Incomparable, and Most Heroick Prince in the World.

The People, as well as the M mbers of Parliament, shew a great deal of sa issaction; and there is all imaginable ground to believe this Session shall be soon and happily concluded.

Madrid, April 11. The Decrees for the Re- Highness, according to the Resolutions that have form within the King's House have been put in been taken here, is to act in Upper Hungary at the executio 1, but those for the suppressing of Pensions | head of an Army of 25000 Men, composed of 10000 of his own Troops, 7000 Imperia ils, 4000 Hungarians, and 4000 of the Circles of Franconia and exceeding 300 Ducats, and the supernumerary Secretaries and Officers of the Councils, are not yet The Duke d'Offuna is returned to Suabia, and to attack Agria; while the Duke of published. Court, and the Count de Villa onfo is restored to Lorrain, with the main Army, of 50000 Men. be-his Office of Majordome. The King has given the teges Alba Regalia, and makes head against the Ottomin Forces; General Lestie has been named to command under the Elector of Bavaria, but his great age and infirmities of Body will, it's Marquis de Cogolludo leave to resign his Command of General of the Gallies of Naples, and to return hith r. The Countess de Soissons arrived here the 5th Instant with the Prince Eugene her feared, render him unable to b-ar the Fatigue of Son. The French Vessel that was stopt at Malaga the Campagne; And therefore Prince Louis of Bade A. has been released, upon the instances of the Marquis de Feuquieres Ambessador of France. We or some other General Officer will, it's be i ved, be appointed for that S rvice. We expect with have advice from the Well-Indies, of the loss of some impatience the Confirmation of the News the Admiral of the South-Sez, which, her Powder we had the last week from Poland, of the Moscovites taking fire by accident, was blown up in the Port having entred into the League against the Turks, of Paira, with 240 Men that were on Board her, The private Letters from Belgrade fay, The Cham but we do not yet know whether she had her Lading of Silver and Merchandizes; The same Letters say, that the famous Pyrate Laurent had plun-Campagne, he having need of them himfelf to defend his Countrey against the Poles. They add, that the Turks have now no manner of Apprehendered and burnt the Town of Campeche in the Province of Tucatan, after having put most of the Inhabitants to the Sword. The Fleet that's fitting at Cadiz, will be ready to fail the next month, to fion of a War with the Persans, the Ambailadors which the Grand Signior fent to the Sophy, having given him Satisfaction upon all his Pretenmeet the Galeons, composed of 20 Men of War, and several Fireships. They write from Cadiz, that fions. 14 Algierines were cruifing in the Streights mouth, and that 8 of these, carrying from 50 to 60 Guns, Ratubonne, April 30. The States of the Empire assembled here, have at the instance of the

before Mongatz of the 12th Instant say, that Gewater out of the great Ditch had not succeeded, the continual Rains that had fallen for feveral days having again filled it, had refolved not to weary and expose his Troops by pressing any farther the Attacks, but to content himfelf with battering the Lower Town with his Cannon, and shooting Bombs and Carcasses into the Casse; And that there was even a discourse in the Camp; of turning the Siege into a Blockade, unless the Emperor should think fit to employ a greater Body of Men against the place than is now before it. The Biron de Mercy, Count Caraffa, and General Heuster, continue in the mean time to possess themselves of all the Poss, whereby they may b.st observe the Enemies motions, and hinder them from putting any succors into Mongatz. The Duke of Lorrain will part from hence on Thursday or Friday next for Hangary. The Imperial Troops are on their march to the General Rendezvous. The Auxiliany Forces of Brandenburgh and Saxony are expected the 19th of the next Month in the Neighborhood of Trenchin on the River Wasg, where they are to refresh themselves for some days; The first are to take their march through Silesia, and those of 'Saxony through Bohemia. The Elector of Bavaria has written to the Emplor, to acquaint him that his Troops shall begin their march towards Hungary before the felfuin ten days or a Fortnight. His Electoral for Vienna.

had Orders to go for the Levant, to join the Grand

Cadiz.

of Tartary had made his excuses at the Port, for that he could not fend his Troops to Hungary this

Signior's fleet commanded by Baba Hassan; They Dyet, declared that the possession of the E'ector had taken four Dutch Vessels bound with Corn for Palatin cannot in any manner prejudice the Right of the Dutchess of Orleans to the Succession of her Vienna, April 25. The Letters from the Camp Brother the late Elector Palatin. Strasburgh, April 29. The Count de Lewenneral Caprara finding his defign of drawing the sein is expected here this wock, to take postession of the Abby of Mourbach, which his most Chriflian Majefly has lately given him. The French Troops that are to encamp on the Saar, have Or-

Count de Crecy the French Plenipotentiary at the

Horse that's quartered in this Province will b: commanded by the Sicur de Bertillac. Cologne, April 30. The Electors of Mentz and Trier are expected at Bonne the next week, to vi-

ders, it's faid, to begin their march thither, the

fit the Elector of Cologne, who, after their departure from thence, will begin his Journey for Munster. The Count de Hobenloe, the Imperial Minister, who has been at the Courts of several Princes of the Empire, to propole to them an Alliance for the D fence and Prefervation of the Upper and Lower Rhine, and had lately a Conference on the same Subject with the Deputies of the Circle of Franconia at Anspach, returned to this place on Thursday last. The Bishop of Strafburgh is expected here this day, with Prince Emsnuel, and Count Ferdinand of Furstemberg, his The last Letters from Vienna told us; Nephews. that the Rendezvous of the Imperial Army was put off till the 25th of May, for that the Auxiliary Troops of Saxony and Brandenburgh could not be there before that time. The Imperial Forces that are to act on the fide of Croatia, are appointed to Rendezvous near Virovitza. They write from Municke, that the Elector of Bavaria end of this Month, and that he will follow him- will part from thence the 20th of the next Month

of this City were yellerday allembled, to deliberate upon what has been proposed to them by the Imperial Minister; which is, That wese Magistrates prite a respectful Letter to the Duke of Zell in fuch terms as shall be agreed on, and that the Lunenburgh Officer who was lately seized as he was passing through the Territories of this City be released with his two Servants, upon which the Duke of Zell will cause his Troops to quit Moerberg, and the other Posts they are still possessed of. The Opinions upon the debate of this matter were various, and we know not what Resolution was taken, but it's hoped that by the endeavors of the Ministers who employ their Offices therein, these Affairs will be at last amicably composed. The Auxiliary Forces of Brandenburgh are on their march through Silesia. They write from Sueden, that 20 Men of War are fitting out in that King-

Hague, Msy 10. The States of Holland are again affembled. We are told that the Electoral Prince of Brandenburgh intends to come hither the next Month with the Princes his wife, to see this Countrey. The Ships designed for the Streights under the Command of the Count de Stirum, will fail in few days.

Our Governor General re-Brussels, May 10. turned hither on Wednesday last from Flanders. The Letters from Madrid of the 25th of the last Month tell us, That the Marquis de los Balbaces had, by Order of the King of Spain, declared to the French Ambassador, that his Catholick Majesty would give the King his Master satisfaction concerning the Money raised in the West-Indies, but that the Ambassador had desired to see some effects of this Declaration, before he gave his most Christian Maj sty an account of it. The last Letters from Vienna are of the 28th past, they inform us, flian Maj fly an account of it. that Lieutenant-General Scherffenberg was marched into Transsvania with 9000 Germans, and 4000 Hungarians, and that to form this Body, some Regiments had been drawn from the Siege of Mongasz; That his design was kept very secret, but the common Report was, that Prince Abafii having promised to join his Forces with those of the Emperor, he was fent to demand the performance of it, and if he fa led in it, to butn and destroy that Countrey.

Paris, May 11. The difference with the Crown of Spain concerning the 500000 Crowns raised upon the French Effects in the West-Indies, is not yet accommolated; And we are cold, that the French Ambailador at Madrid has given in a new Memorial about this matter. The King has given the Marquis de Boufflers the General Command of his Forces in Guyenne. We have an account of his Forces in Guyenne. from Turin, that the Duke of Savoy having marched in Person against his Subjects of the Valley of Luserne, who being 12000 strong, had fortified the Parages of the Mountains, his Highnesses Troops, with those of this Crown commanded by the Sieut Carinat Lieutenant-General, began to attack them the 21 past, and having in three or four days forced their several Posts, which they desended very Guinea Reward.

Hamburgh, April 30. The Senate and Council vigorously for some time, obliged them to lay down this City were yesterday assembled, to delibete upon what has been proposed to them by the perial Minister; which is, That these Magistrates respectful Letter to the Duke of Zell in the terms as shall be agreed on, and that the Lubete to the Duke of Sell in the Duke of Sell in the Duke Troops 170 were killed or wounded, among which were divers Officers, and aburgh Officer who was lately seized as he was

Whitehall, May 3. His Majesty, in consideration of the Loyal and Faithful Services rendred to Him by Sir Fames Kennedy English Consul in Zeland, has been Graciously pleased to bestow upon him the Consulthip of Rotterdam, and other Places lying under the Admiralty of the Maese.

There is Money referved in the Exchequer for payment of several Orders Registred on the last Disbanding All: Viz.

Numb. 956 for 5 6 6 in the name of William Jesope.

Numb. 959 for 5 5 0 in the name of Richard Cotton.

Numb. 960 for 9 3 9 in the name of the Widow Sayer.

Numb. 964 for 21 10 0 in the name of Robert Carter.

The several Proprietors whereof are desired to bring their Orders to the Exchequer, and receive their Monies.

Advertisements.

Systema Medicinale: A Complete System of Physick, Theorical and Practical. In Six Books. Written in Latin by the Learned John Doleus, and Translated into English by William Salmon, Containing a Summary of the Ancient and Modern way of Practice. Whereunto is added a Prefatory Discourse concerning the Method of studying Physick, and other Accommodations relating to the same. Printed for T. Passinger on London-bridge, and T. Sawbridge in Little-Britain, and sold by Randal Taylor near Stationers-Hall by Ludgate.

These are to give Notice, That any Person may be furnished with Glasses for Sashwindows much better than what is now used, at Mr. Dukes Shop Cabinet-maker at the Artichoke near the New Exchange, at reasonable Rates.

On Friday, the 14th Instant, will be sold by Publick Auction, at the King's Arms over against St. Clements Church in the Strand, A Collection of excellent Paintings of the best Ancient and Modern Masters, beginning exactly at Ten a Clock in the Morning, till Twelve; And at Two in the Afternoon, till Six; every day successively the same hours, till the Whole be sold off. They will be expossed to View on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 11th and 12th Instant, on which days Catalogues of the Particulars may be had Gratis.

A N Ancient Printing house, in Little Britain, late in

A N Ancient Printing-house, in Little Britain, late in possession of Mr John Playford Printer deceased, well known, and ready fitted and accommodated with good Presses, and all manner of Letter for choice Work of Musick, Mathematicks, Navigation, and all Greek or Latin Books, with a fair and convenient Dwelling-house, and convenient Rooms for Watchouses; All which are to be sold as they are Ready standing, or Lett by Lease or Yearly Rent. Enquire of Mrs. Ellen Playford at the said House over against the Globe in Little Britain.

A Centleman who dined at the Sign of Pontac in Abchurch-lane, on the 5th Instant, left behind him in the Lesser Room up Two-pair of Stairs, a Cane with a small plain Gold-head. Whoever brings it to the Master of the House at the Sign of Pontac. shall have a Guisea Reward.

House at the Sign of Pontae. shall have a Guisea Reward.

Oft on Monday last, in the Evening, about Budge Row,
a little black and white Spaniel Bitch. Whoever brings
her to Sir John Peakes in Gracechurch-street, shall have a
Guinea Reward.