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Naples, May 28.

THE Duke of Mantua, after having seen here what was most worthy of his Majesty, is returned to Rome, very well satisfied with the Reception and Treatment he received from the Marquis del Carpio Viceroy of this Kingdom. They write from Messina, that the Pope's Gallies had, by reason of the ill weather, not yet been able to join with those of Malta, and Tuscany.

Genova, June 2. We have Advice by a Vessel arrived in this Port from the Coast of Barbary, That the Algerines have refused to send to the Levant no of their Ships, which the Grand Signior had demanded of them to join his Fleet.

Venice, June 15. By a Bark which arrived here on Wednesday last from St. Maura, we have Advice, That the Captain-General having taken a Review of the Forces of this State, 17000 Foot, and 3000 Horse and Dragoons, they embarked the 25th past; And that the whole Fleet would sail the 27th or 28th of the same month. On Thursday arrived a Vessel from Corsica, the Master whereof reported, That he met the 22d past, the Pope's Gallies and those of Malta near Paxo, and four days after the Gallies of Tuscany not far from Corsica. The News of the Alliance between the Poles and the Muscovites was received here with a great deal of joy, and an Express has been sent to give General Morosini an account of it. An Envoy is come hither from Ragusa, to complain of some Spoil committed by the Heyduks within the Territories of that Republick.

Madrid, June 10. Upon the News of the Arrival of the French Fleet before Cadix, Orders were sent to Don Carlo Tasso, General of the Cavalry of the Estramadura, to march to Cadix with 4000 Horse. Don Vespasiano Gonzalez, General of Andalusia, assembled the Militia, part whereof entered into Gibraltar to reinforce that Garrison, and the rest were posted to guard the Coasts. The Garrison of Cadix was likewise reinforced; And Orders were sent to Cadix to hasten the Equipage of the Men of War that were fitting out there, and to arm some of the Merchant Ships designed for the West-Indies. But at last the differences between the two Crowns are composed; It being agreed, that the 500000 Crowns raised upon the French Effects in the West-Indies, shall be repaid upon the Arrival of the Galeons.

Warsaw, May 21. The King of Poland is still at Warsaw, but intends to part from thence the 28th Instant for Strie, where part of the Forces of the Crown are ordered to assemble. The General Rendezvous is appointed to be the 6th of the next Month near Trebawitz. The Troops of Lithuania do rendezvous in the Plains of Brescia, and

the Sieur Sapiba, their General has written to the King that he has already together a Body of 14000 Men, and that 4000 more are marching to join them. The King upon the Advice he had that 8000 Turks and 4000 Tartars were marching with a Convoy of Provisions towards Cambric, sent a Detachment of 2000 Horse to join the Sieur Stolsky, who was posted with the Troops under his Command near Sciutin, but they came too late, and the Sieur Potoski not being strong enough without this Reinforcement to dispute the Enemies passages, the Turks conducted the said Convoy to Cambric without any disturbance, having been met at some distance from that place by the Basha, and part of the Garrison. We have Advice from Moscow, That the Czar, in pursuance of the Alliance lately concluded between them and this Crown, had sent Orders to the Cossacks who are subject to them, to make Incurfions upon the Tartars; And that they had given leave for Levies to be made among the said Cossacks for the service of this Crown.

Stockholm, June 8. The King of Sweden is gone to Helsing and Jampterland to take a Review of his Troops quartered in those Parts; after which he will go to Coningsor, where 8 or 10000 Men are to encamp. It's said that another Camp will be formed near A-andsooruz, and that his Majesty will go thither towards the latter end of the Summer.

Vizna, June 16. We have Letters from the Imperial Camp near Bakhon of the 13th instant, which say that the Imperial Forces, commanded by the Duke of Lorraine, began that day to pass the Danube over the Bridge of Boats at Gran, the Elector of Bavaria marching at the same time towards Pest. That a Party which had been sent out to learn News of the Enemy was come back with two Prisoners, who reported that the Turks had put a very good Garrison into Buda, and made all other necessary Provision for the defence of that place, but that they were not in a condition to bring any considerable Army into the Field this Summer. The Spanish Ingenieur Gonzalez passed from hence this week for Hungary with 18000 Bombs, Carcasses &c. The great Master of the Teutonick Order is likewise gone to join the Army. The Letters from Upper Hungary tell us, That the Seraphim Achenor Basha and Count Tokalay were still in the Neighborhood of Temiswar, expecting a Reinforcement to join the Troops they had already drawn together, in order, as was said, to attempt the Relief of Abony. The Garrison whereof desires for suffer very much through want of Provisions. General Castaffa has written to Count, who apprehends the Turks may have a design upon Temiswar, and that he shall not be able, unless some Troops be sent to his assistance, to oppose them. We do not yet hear with any certainty what the Remain of Transylvania has joined his Forces with those of the Emperor commanded by Lieutenant-General Seberffenberg, not-

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withstanding the several Reports we have had of it. The last Advices from those Parts said, That Prince *Abasti* did assemble his Troops, and that he had sent an Envoy to General *Scherffenberg*, to assure him that he would faithfully observe the Treaty lately concluded at *Vienna*, but that at the same time he had desired him not to advance any farther into his Country. We have Advice that the *Brandenburg* Forces are arrived at *Trenchin*; Lieutenant-General *Schoning* who commands them, has, we are told, written to the Duke of *Lorrain*, to acquaint him, that the blame of the slowness of their march must be laid upon the Commissaries, who did not provide the Provisions they wanted in their march. The News we had the last week that 600 Men of the Garrison of *Salamar* had surprized the Town of *Mokars* not far from the Bridge of *Essecke*, which they afterwards plundered and burnt, is confirmed by the last Advices from those Parts.

From the Imperial Camp near the Island of St. Andrew, about an hours march from *Buda*, June 17. The Duke of *Lorrain* having taken a Review of the Imperial Forces at the General Rendezvous near *Barkun*, and held a Council of War, the Army decamped, and passed the 12th instant the *Danube* at *Gran*, the Troops of *Saxony* having the Vanguard. At the same time the Elector of *Bavaria* directed his march with his own Forces and some Imperial Regiments towards *Pest*. The 14th, by break of day, we marched towards *Vivoprad*; And the next day our Horse came within Half a Mile of that place; Our foremost Troops saw a Party of *Turks*, who retired with all the haste they could, however some of those that were in the Rear were taken. These Prisoners reported, that there are in *Buda* 12000 Foot, and 3000 Horse. Yesterday we advanced within an hours march of *Buda*, and had sight of the place, but heard no News of the Enemy. This day will be held a Council of War. The Elector of *Bavaria* continues his march towards *Pest*, and has detached the Count de *Steinau* with 5000 Men to attack *Hatwan*.

Ratisbonne, June 24. We have an Account by the last Letters from *Hungary*, That the Duke of *Lorrain* having passed the *Danube* at *Gran* with the Imperial Army under his Command, marched directly to *Buda*, and invested that place the 18th Instant; That at the same time the Elector of *Bavaria* marched on the other side of the *Danube* to attack *Hatwan* and *Pest*, a Bridge being laid over that River not far from *Buda*, for a Communication between them.

Hague, June 28. The States of *Holland* will Adjourn to-morrow for 7 or 8 days; It's said they have resolved, That Eight Men of War more shall be forthwith fitted out against the *Algerines*. The Elector of *Brandenburg* is expected at *Cleves* the beginning of the next Month, where he intends to pass greatest part of the Summer. The Prince and Princess of *Nassau* who came hither the last week, are gone home again; Before their departure from hence, they received the News of the Death of the young Prince their Son. The Letters from *Vienna* of the 16th Instant tell us, That the Imperial Army begun to pass the *Danube* the 13th at *Gran*, with a Resolution to march directly to *Buda*, and to set down before that place, while the Elector of *Bavaria* advanced with his Forces on the other side of the *Danube*, to attack *Hatwan* and *Pest*.

Hague, July 2. The Count d'*Avaux*, Ambassador of *France*, has acquainted the States General, That the difference concerning the 50000 Crowns raised in the *West-Indies* is adjusted. The Council of State have demanded 60000 Guilders for the cleansing the *Rhine* and the *Issel*. The States

of *Holland* are adjourned till the 8th of this month. The Letters from *Vienna* of the 20th past tell us, That the Imperial Army had passed the *Danube* at *Gran*; That the 17th they were within a Mile of *Buda*, and that it was believed they invested the place the next day. The Elector of *Bavaria* was gone with his own Forces and four Imperial Regiments to attack *Pest*; And a Bridge of Boats was laid over the *Danube* not far from that place, for a Communication between the two Armies.

Paris, July 3. The King's Journey to *Maintenon* is fixed for Friday next; While the Court is there, the Duke and Dutchess of *Bourbon*, and the Countess of *Moulespan*, intend to make the Prince of *Conde* a visit at *Chantilly*. The Duke de *Vendosme* makes great Preparations at *Anet* for the Reception of the Dauphin, who is going to hunt in those Quarters, an Officer of the King's Household is sent to *Brest*, to conduct hither the Ambassadors from the King of *Siam*; who have, its said, with them a Train of above 50 Persons. The Letters from *Germany* say, that the Imperialists have besieged *Buda*.

The New Fair lately Granted by His Majesty for the Buying and Selling all manner of Cattle, and other Wares and Merchandizes at Ingatestone in *Essex*, will begin there on Friday the 9th day of July next, and so continue till Saturday night then following, according to the tenor of the said Grant.

Advertisements.

THE Meeting of the Loyal Nobility and Gentry at the City of *Litchfield*, which was omitted the last year, by reason of the Rebellion in the West, will be kept again this year, and the Subscribers Plate will be Run for on Tuesday, being *Bartholomew-day*, and the City Plate on the Friday following, according to former Articles; After which there will be Hunting in the Neighbouring Forests.

IN the late Fire which hapned the 25th Instant at *St. James's-street*, were carried away from Sir *Hugh Tym's* House several Parcels of rich Household-stuff, Cloaths, Cabinets, Money, Plate and Papers, to a very considerable Value: And because the Persons who have these Goods in their hands, may not know where to return them, These are to desire the said Persons to bring or send them to Mrs. *Herberts* house in the *Piazza*, *Covent-garden*, and they shall have their Charges born, and be very well rewarded for their Pains and Care in saving the said Goods.

There was lost at the time of the Fire on Friday last in *St. James's-street*, Two large Charging Saddles, one Embroider'd with Gold upon Green Velvet; the other with Gold, silver, and Silk, of several Colours, upon *Mazarine blue* Velvet; with a deep Gold Fringe round each Saddle, and Holsters, Caps and Bags suitable. Whoever gives Notice of the said Saddles to Mr. *Charles Furnis* the King's Saddler at *Charing-Cross*, shall receive 3 Guinea's for each Saddle.

Lost the 24th Instant, Two Pieces of Old Point of Spain Three Yards long; and a Quarter of a Yard broad, some of it sewed upon a Parchment, and new Purled; Your little Narrow Pieces of the same Point, and two Yards and an half of New. Whoever gives Notice of the said Point to Mr. *Mayland* at the *Adam* and *Eve* in the *Strand* Milliner, near *Hungerford-Market*, shall have a Guinea Reward. If already bought, their Money again with content.

Lost from the Duke of *Grafton's* in *St. James's Park*, a very large old French Spaniel Dog, all white but his Ears, which are part white, part yellow, and the tip of his Nose black. Whoever brings the said Spaniel Dog, or Notice where he is detain'd, to the Duke of *Grafton's* Porch in *St. James's Park*, shall have a Guinea Reward.

Lost on Tuesday last near the *Royal Exchange*, a small smooth white Bitch, except one Ear which was black-coloured; she had a black Velvet Collar with four Silver Bells, and a Silver Buckle. Whoever gives Notice of the said Bitch to the City-Crier near *Cripplegate*, shall have a Guinea Reward.

A Black Boy about 15 or 16 years of age, in light-coloured shod Cloaths, lined with black Sateen, and black Buttons, a Scar in his Head lately broken, goes by the Name of *Tom Black*. Whoever gives Notice of him to Mr. *Stokes* at the *Crown* and *Scepter* in *Russel-street*, *Covent-garden*, shall have 10 s. Reward.

Mrs. *Duffy*, who lived in *Prujeans Court* in the *Old-Bayly*, is, since the Decease of her Husband, removed into the square in *Salsbury-Court*, near the middle of *Fleet-street*, to the 2 Blue-Palls and Golden Ball, where any Person may be furnished with her Husband's Cordial Elixir.