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Naples, May 28.

THE Duke of Mantua, after having seen here what was most worthy of his Majesty, is returned to Rome, very well satisfied with the Reception and Treatment he received from the Marquis del Carpio Viceroy of this Kingdom. They write from Messina, that the Pope's Gallies had, by reason of the ill weather, not yet been able to join with those of Malta, and Tuscany.

Genova, June 2. We have Advice by a Vessel arrived in this Port from the Coast of Barbary, That the Algerines have refused to send to the Levant no of their Ships, which the Grand Signior had demanded of them to join his Fleet.

Venice, June 15. By a Bark which arrived here on Wednesday last from St. Maura, we have Advice, That the Captain-General having taken a Review of the Forces of this State, 17000 Foot, and 3000 Horse and Dragoons, they embarked the 25th past; And that the whole Fleet would sail the 27th or 28th of the same month. On Thursday arrived a Vessel from Corfu, the Master whereof reported, That he met the 22d past, the Pope's Gallies and those of Malta near Paxo, and four days after the Gallies of Tuscany not far from Corfu. The News of the Alliance between the Poles and the Muscovites was received here with a great deal of joy, and an Express has been sent to give General Morosini an account of it. An Envoy is come hither from Ragusa, to complain of some Spoil committed by the Heyduks within the Territories of that Republick.

Madrid, June 10. Upon the News of the Arrival of the French Fleet before Cadix, Orders were sent to Don Carlo Tasso, General of the Cavalry of the Estremadura, to march to Cadix with 4000 Horse. Don Vespasiano Gonzalez, General of Andalusia, assembled the Militia, part whereof entered into Gibraltar to reinforce that Garrison, and the rest were posted to guard the Coasts. The Garrison of Cadix was likewise reinforced; And Orders were sent to Cadix to hasten the Equipage of the Men of War that were fitting out there, and to arm some of the Merchant Ships designed for the West-Indies. But at last the differences between the two Crowns are composed; It being agreed, that the 500000 Crowns raised upon the French Effects in the West-Indies, shall be repaid upon the Arrival of the Galeons.

Warsaw, May 21. The King of Poland is still at Warsaw, but intends to part from thence the 28th Instant for Strig, where part of the Forces of the Crown are ordered to assemble. The General Rendezvous is appointed to be the 6th of the next Month near Trebawitz. The Troops of Lithuania do rendezvous in the Plains of Brescia, and

the Sieur Sapiba, their General has written to the King that he has already together a Body of 14000 Men, and that 4000 more are marching to join them. The King upon the Advice he had that 8000 Turks and 4000 Tartars were marching with a Convoy of Provisions towards Cambric, sent a Detachment of 2000 Horse to join the Sieur Stolsky, who was posted with the Troops under his Command near Sciutin, but they came too late, and the Sieur Potoski not being strong enough without this Reinforcement to dispute the Enemies passages, the Turks conducted the said Convoy to Cambric without any disturbance, having been met at some distance from that place by the Basha, and part of the Garrison. We have Advice from Moscow, That the Czars, in pursuance of the Alliance lately concluded, between them and this Crown, had sent Orders to the Cossacks who are subject to them, to make Incurfions upon the Tartars; And that they had given leave for Levies to be made among the said Cossacks for the service of this Crown.

Stockholm, June 8. The King of Sweden is gone to Helsing and Jampterland to take a Review of his Troops quartered in those Parts; after which he will go to Coningsor, where 8 or 10000 Men are to encamp. It's said that another Camp will be formed near A-andsooruz, and that his Majesty will go thither towards the latter end of the Summer.

Vizna, June 16. We have Letters from the Imperial Camp near Bakhans of the 13th instant, which say that the Imperial Forces, commanded by the Duke of Lorraine, began that day to pass the Danube over the Bridge of Boats at Gran, the Elector of Bavaria marching at the same time towards Pest. That a Party which had been sent out to learn News of the Enemy was come back with two Prisoners, who reported that the Turks had put a very good Garrison into Buda, and made all other necessary Provision for the defence of that place, but that they were not in a condition to bring any considerable Army into the Field this Summer. The Spanish Ingenieur Gonzales passed from hence this week for Hungary with 18000 Bombs, Carcasses &c. The great Master of the Teutonick Order is likewise gone to join the Army. The Letters from Upper Hungary tell us, That the Seraphim Achenor Basha and Count Tokalay were still in the Neighborhood of Temiswar, expecting a Reinforcement to join the Troops they had already drawn together, in order, as was said, to attempt the Relief of Abony. The Garrison whereof desires for suffer very much through want of Provisions. General Castaffa has written to Count, that he apprehends the Turks may have a design upon Temiswar, and that he shall not be able, unless some Troops be sent to his assistance, to oppose them. We do not yet hear with any certainty what the Remain of Transylvania has joined his Forces with those of the Emperor commanded by Lieutenant-General Seberffenberg, not-

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