

The London Gazette.

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T Naples, June 4. They write from Palermo That the Gallies of Malta have, after a sharp Fight, taken off of Alicata two Turkish Brigantines; and two other Vessels, having on Board 250 Men, who are all made Slaves.

Venice, June 22. We have Advice both by the way of Corsica and Otranto, that the Pope's Gallies and those of Malta having joined the Fleet of this State at the General Rendezvous, the Captain-General, unwilling to lose time in staying for the Squadron of Tuscany, set Sail with a Fleet of 80 Ships, 14 Galeasses, 40 Gallies, and 12 Galliot, and took his Course towards Lepanto; feigning a design to attack that Fort's, next which he landed 1000 Men to alarm the Countrey, and leaving there six Gallies, two Galeasses, and two Men of War, sailed the Night following with the rest of the Fleet towards Modon, to Bessege that place or Navrino; In which we are told there are very weak Garisons; the Turks having drawn all their Forces towards Lepanto. The Letters from Otranto farther tell us, That the Ottoman Fleet, consisting in 44 Gallies, and 20 Men of War, under the Command of the Captain Bassa, was gone to meet a great Convoy from Egypt, and that Captain General Morosini having Advice of it, had sent 17 of his best Men of War to intercept the said Convoy.

Stockholm, June 19. Yesterday about Nine in the Morning a Fire broke out in that part of this City called the Norden Malme, which continued with great fury 28 Hours, and burnt down most of the Houses in that quarter which were about 2000; a great many persons were buried in the Ruins. The Men of War that are fitting out at Carlscron and in other Ports of this Kingdom, will be ready to Sail in a very short time.

From the Imperial Camp before Buda, June 19. The Cavalry detached by the Duke of Lorraine invested Buda the 17th instant; Their Vanguard took a Chiaux, who was going thither with a guard of 40 Horse. Yesterday in the Evening the Duke of Lorraine came with the whole Army before the Place; and this day the Troops took their several Posts, and began to work on the Lines of Circumvallation; The Garison saluted them with their Cannon, which did no other harm than to kill one Man. The Turks in Pest, upon notice of the march of the Elector of Bavaria, abandoned that place, and having blown up part of the Walls, retired with their Cannon, Ammunition, &c. to Buda, breaking down the Bridge so soon as they had passed it, but in the disorder of their retreat, an Aga and 30 Janisaries were left behind, and taken prisoners by the Bavarians. The Elector having put a good Garison into Pest, and detached Major-General Steindl with 6000 Men to attack Hatzum, marched with his Army to pass the

Danube, on the Bridge of Boats that is laid over that River, at the Isle of St. Andrew's.

Vienna, June 23. We have an account by an Express, that the Imperial Army began the Siege of Buda the 19th instant, the Troops taking their Posts nearer the Town than they did in 1684. The Viceroy had some days before put out of the place all Persons that could not be serviceable in the defence of it, and had called the Garison together; and declared to them, that it was the Grand Signior's Order, That none should speak of a Capitulation, upon pain of Death. The Turks have abandoned Pest; They began the 11th instant to save their Cannon and Ammunition, and upon the approach of the Habutians, the Garison quitted the place, and retired to Buda, except an Aga and 30 Janisaries who were taken prisoners. The Elector of Bavaria has since passed the Danube at the Isle of St. Andrew, to join the Imperial Army before Buda. The Count de Caprara being come hither from the general Rendezvous, parted from hence again the 19th with the Duke d' Croix General of the Artillery. The Troops of Brandenburg arrived the 17th instant at Buda, and are it's not doubted by this time before Buda. The States of Croatia held their general Dyet the 7th of this Month at Sagrabie, the Capital City of that Kingdom, where it was resolved, that the Gentry should immediately mount on Horseback, and join with the Emperor's Forces, who are appointed to act on that side under the Command of General Schiltz. The Advices from the Turkish Quarters say, That the Grand Signior was gone from Adrianople towards Constantinople; and that there was no more discourse of the Grand Viceroy's coming to Hungary this Campagne, but that he had given the general Command to the Serafquier Achmet Bassa, with a promise of great Supplies of Men and Money. We do not hear of any Body of Men the Turks have yet in the Field, unless it be in Upper Hungary, where the Serafquier does draw together what Forces he can between Great Waradin and Temeswaer, to give the Imperialists a Diversion. General Caraffa is posted with the Troops under his Command on the Theys near Zarnacke, to observe the Enemy; and it's said, Orders have been sent to Lieutenant-General Scherffenberg, who is now in Transylvania with 7 or 8000 Men, to join with him.

From the Imperial Camp before Buda, June 23. The 19th Instant we set down before this Place. The 20th, the several Quarters were assigned; The Duke of Lorraine is in the same place where it was two years ago, but General Starenberg has taken his in a more advantageous place; There was a little Skirmish with the Enemy towards the Vienna Gate, but it lasted not long; We opened the Lines of Circumvallation, began to trace the first places of

of Arms, and marked out three Batteries. The same day the Bridge over the Danube at the Isle of *St. Andrew* was finished. The 21, the Elector of *Bavaria* passed the River there. The 22, he arrived in the Camp, and took his Post in the same place where he had it in the former Siege. The Cannon, Mortars, and Ammunition were brought into the Camp, and the Trenches were opened much nearer the Town than formerly; There will be three Attacks, the first under the direction of the Elector of *Bavaria*, the second commanded by General *Starenberg*, and the third will be carried on by the Troops of *Saxony* and *Brandenburg*, to whom will be joined some Imperial Regiments. This day, being the 23d, we began to raise our Batteries. The Company of Miners of *Flanders*, commanded by Captain *Chauvé* is arrived in the Camp. The Besieged have not yet made any Sally to hinder our Workmen. According to the Information of the Prisoners, there are in the place but 7000 *Hungarians*, and 1600 *Spahis*, besides 3000 of the Inhabitants, who are obliged to bear Arms, but they are provided with Provisions and Ammunition for a long Siege. The Garrison is commanded under the Visier by four Bassas.

Vienna, June 27. The Elector of *Bavaria* having passed the Danube at the Isle of *St. Andrew*, joined the 22d Instant the Imperial Army before *Buda*, where the *Brandenburg* Forces are likewise arrived. The same day the *Imperialists* opened their Trenches. The 23d, at Night, they attack the Lower Town, against which they had planted several pieces of Cannon, and made themselves Masters of it, the *Turks*, after some resistance, retiring into the Castle or Upper Town. That Night the Besieged made a Sally, but were beaten back with considerable loss; on our side were killed a Knight of *Mars*, a Lieutenant, and eight Volunteers, and some others wounded. The *Turks* at *Buda* having, upon the approach of the Imperial Army, embarked all their Riches, with the Wives and Children of the most considerable Officers, on 14 Vessels, to transport them to *Belgrade*, upon Advice of it, the *Hungarians*, commanded by the Count de *Budini*, pursued them, and having beaten the Convoy they had with them, took the whole Booty, consisting in Jewels, Plate, Money, rich Householdstuff, &c. They write from *Upper Hungary*, That *Teckley* attempting to enter into *Transylvania* with 3000 Men, had been met and defeated by the *Imperialists*; That 300 of his Men were killed upon the place, and many taken Prisoners, himself escaping very narrowly.

Hamburg, July 2. The King of *Denmark* is arrived at *Gororp*, and intends to go from thence to *Gluckstadt* and *Odenburg*.

Brussels, July 5. The Count de *Clermont* parted from hence this day for the *Hague*, to reside there in the Quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the King of *Spain*. Our Letters from *Vienna* inform us, that the *Imperialists* had taken several Prisoners, who all agreed in their Report, that the *Turks* did not believe the *Christians* would have undertaken the Siege of that place, but thought their design was upon *Avria*, or *Alba Regalis*; And that the principal Inhabitants of those places, had sent their Wives and Children, and richest Moveables to *Buda*; That the Visier of *Buda*, so soon as he heard that the Imperial Army advanced on both sides the River towards that place, sent Expresses to demand assistance from the Neighbouring Garrisons, but too late, the Town being soon after invested. We are assured, that the Garrison does not exceed 9000 Men. It is written farther, That so soon as the Lines of Circumvallation and Contravallation are finished, greatest part of the Imperial Cavalry will

march towards the Bridge of *Essecke*, to try to burn it.

Brussels, July 9. His Excellency has received an account in the *Spanish* Minister at *Paris*, That the *M. King* has given Orders for the taking off the Seizures on the *Spanish* Estates in the *French* Conquest. The Letters from *Vienna* of the 27th past say, the Trenches were opened before *Buda* the 22, that the 23 the *Imperialists* posted themselves in the Lower Town, the *Turks* that were there retiring into the Castle; And that the *Hungarians* had taken 14 long Boats which were passing down the River towards *Belgrade* with the Riches of the principal Inhabitants of *Buda*, after having defeated 1000 *Spahis* that guarded them. They write from *Transylvania*, that Lieutenant-General *Scherfenseberg* had beaten Count *Teckley*, who had made an incursion into that Country with 3000 Men. *Hague*, July 9. The Sieur *Moreau de Kurtilly*, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of *Poland* has by Memorial acquainted the *States General* with the Alliance lately concluded between the King his Master, and the *Czars* of *Moscovy*. Lieutenant General *Spaen* parted from hence the 4th instant for *Cleves*, where the Elector of *Brandenburg* is expected the 20th of this month. Orders are given for a general review of the Forces of this State on the *Moockerbeylle*.

Paris, July 10. The King goes on Friday next to *Maintenon*; and intends after his return from thence to pass some time at *Marli*.

London, June 30. This day came into the River the Ship *Barnaby* from *Virginia*, having on Board the Body of the Right Honourable the Lady *Howard* of *Effingham*, who died in *Virginia*; And of her eldest Daughter Mrs. *Margaret Howard*, who died in her Passage hither; both which are to be Interred at *Lymfield* in *Surrey*, among the Ancestors of that Noble Family. This Ship left my Lord *Howard* very well recovered of his late Sickness.

Advertisements.

THE Creditors of *John Wilson* and *John Bolicho*, who have not yet subscribed an Instrument towards Satisfaction of the Debts due to them from the said Persons, are desired to meet on the 13th day of July instant, at *Finch's* Coffee-house in *Birchin lane*, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon; At which place, a Person authorized from the said *John Wilson* and *John Bolicho*, will be ready to attend until Six, and so from time to time on Tuesday and Thursday in every week at the same Place and Hour, till a final End be made of that Affair.

LOST on Hollow Heath on Friday last, a Gold Watch made by Mr *Tompson*, whose Name is engraven upon the inside Plate; in a black shagreen Case lined with Gold, a Cypher upon the back of it with an Earls Crown upon it. The Watch was tied to a green wrought Sattin Ribon, with five Scales hanging on it. Whoever shall bring the said Watch to Mr. *James Partridge* Bookseller at *Charing-cross* near Mr. *Locketts*, shall have Three Guinea's Reward.

TWO Boys went lately away from Great *Thornton* in *Suffolk*, one about 14 years old, somewhat thick set, a little round shoulder'd, light brown hair, one of his upper teeth beaten out, in a light-coloured serge Coat, riding on a sorrel Mare; The other Boy about 11 years old, dark brown hair, dark coloured Coat with blue Packets, riding on a brown Mare. Whoever gives Notice of them to Charles *Hutton* at the *Dolphin* in *Smithfield*, shall have a Guinea Reward.

WILLIAM *Nott*, an Apprentice, about 17 years old, fresh coloured, flaxen hair, in a grey Coat, and white rug Doublet; and buckskin Breeches, Run away from his Master at *Southminster* in *Essex* the 20th past. Whoever gives Notice of him to *George Rute* at *Southminster* aforesaid, shall have 20 s. Reward.

STRAY'd June 15 out of *Bloomsbury Square*, a large brown bay Mare 15 hands high, a bald face, with Corruption on the upper part of her near Ear, a bob-tail. Whoever gives Notice of the said Mare to *Robert Cooper* in *Little Russell Street*, Coach-wheelers, shall have 10 s. Reward, and all reasonable Charges born.