

Ducats and Dollars by Hat-fulls; There were among the prisoners 100 Women, and among these, the Wives and Daughters of the principal Officers of the Garrison, who were brought into the Camps. Some of them have offered great Ransoms for their Liberty. They write from Upper Hungary, that Lieutenant-General Schorffenberg was marching with the Body under his Command, being about 12000 Men, to join General Caraffa on the They.

Parisbonne, July 4. The Letters from the Camp before Buda of the 27th. past tell us, that the Besieged had made three Sallies with Horse and Foot on the side of the Lower Town, but were every time beaten back. In one of these Sallies the Turks had 30 Men killed, which they were forced to leave behind them, besides wounded. That the Count de Budachan had given the Duke of Lorraine an account of the Action the Heydukes and Hussars had the 23 past with the Enemy. The principal Inhabitants and Officers of Buda had sent away their Wives and best Goods in 14 Vessels; These were guarded by 1000 Spahis; The Hungarians coming up with the Turks charged them with that Fury, that they quickly routed them; Most of the Spahis were slain, and some few taken Prisoners, after which the Hussars seized the Boats, where they found a great deal of Riches in Jewels, Money, Plate, and rich Household Goods, and divers Women, (among which, it is said, is the Wife of a Bassa) for whose Liberty considerable Ransoms have been already offered. That all the Prisoners declared, that the Garrison in Buda does not exceed 8000 Men, and that they are in great Consternation, but that the Visier endeavours to encourage them with telling them, that the Grand Visier will come with a great Army to their Relief. The Advices from Upper Hungary, say, That the Turks continue to assemble between Waradach and Temesvaar, and that the Imperialists are likewise forming a Body of an Army on the River Theysse to oppose them. The Auxiliary Forces of Brandenburg passed the Waag the 23d. of the last month, near Schintz; and it is believed they were the 28th. of 29th before Buda.

Sept 17th, June 24. The French Troops have been encamped since the 12th of this Month near Keszthely on the Saar, and it is said, will continue there till the end of August. Lieutenant-General Cavas arrived here the 19th Instant, and having severally visited the Fortifications of this City, parted again from hence the 22d, with the Baron de Mepclars for the Upper Alsace.

Colony, July 6. We are told from Vienna that the resolution to besiege Buda was taken after the Duke of Lorraine's arrival at the general rendezvous, upon the advices his Highness received concerning the position of that place, and that the Prisoners that have been taken since, do all say that there is not in this Town a Garrison of above 8 or 9000 Men. His Letters from the Army give a good account of the beginning of the Siege; and on the other hand we do not hear that the Turks have any Army in the field to disturb it.

Hamburg, July 9. The King of Denmark arrived here the instant at Gluckstadt. To-morrow his Majesty will be at Altona, and on Thursday at Rensdorp. His Queen is expected on Sunday at Gornow. The Baron de Herwart, and the Baron de Gonters, the Imperial Ministers, continue their Offices for the composing the Differences between the Duke of Saxe and this City, but hitherto with no great success. They write from Moscow, That the Czar has recalled their Ambassadors at the Port; And that they were putting two Armies into the Field against the Tatars.

Hague; July 12. The Count d'Avaux, Ambassador of France, has by Memorial acquainted the States General, That the Sieur Foran, who commanded a Squadron of his M. C. Majesties Ships, not being yet informed of the Accommodation concluded by the French Ambassador at Madrid, concerning the restitution of the 50000 Crowns, had met near the Coasts of Biscay two Spanish Gallions of 64 pieces of Cannon each, sailing towards Cadix, And that endeavoring to hinder them from going thither according to his first Orders, there ensued a very obstinate Fight between them, which lasted a day and an half, when two Ships of the same Squadron coming in, and rejoining with the two the Sieur Foran had with him at the beginning of the Fight, the Gallions yielded, and were carried to Rochelle. That his M. C. Majesty having on the 6th Instant received certain Advice thereof, had the same day sent Orders for discharging the said Gallions, and had commanded him (the Ambassador) to assure the States, that this Incident should not make any alteration in the said Accommodation.

That the Count de Strum being present at the end of the Fight, and having answered the Sieur Foran, who sent to him to know whether he would assist the Spaniards, that he had no Orders to intermeddle in this Difference, and retiring thereupon after he had saluted the French Ships, his M. C. Majesty had farther directed him, (the Ambassador) to let the States know how well satisfied he is with the Orders they had given to the Count de Strum, and with his prudent Conduct in pursuance of them.

Hague, July 12. The Heer Van Dieft, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of Brandenburg, has given Notice to the States General, that his Electoral Highness will be at Cleves the 17th of this Month. The Sieur de Vertilly is gone thither to complement his Electoral Highness in the Name of the King of Poland. The Count de Clermont, the Spanish Envoy, is arrived here from Brussels.

Advertisements.

HIS Majesty having been Graciously pleased to grant His Royal Letters Patents for 14 Years, to John Fische, John Newcomb, and James Butler, or their Assigns, for the sole making and vending a wotten wren Engine, invented by them, most commodious for all Bakers, Millers, Dealmen, Druggsters, Glassmen, and others; And far more profitable, expeditious, and easie, than all other Balers or Engines heretofore used. Whosoever shall have occasion for any of them, may see them work, and be further satisfied at Mr. John Newcombs House over against the Bull and Mouth Inn near Aldersgate.

On Saturday last, near Casbury-house, at Illington, a Gold Watch, with Mr. Tompion's Name on the Inside Plate, a Gold Chain and Gold Seal, with a Lyon Pendant, 3 Porr holes for a Coat of Arms. Whoever brings the said Watch to Mr. Webbs at the St. Hellins in Bishopsgate Street, or to Mr. Hill at Mr. Turbills Chamber in Brick-Courts in the Temple, shall have 5 Guinea's Reward.

Two Bills of Exchange were lost on Tuesday last, one of 43l. 10s. payable at 8 days sight, and the other of 50l. at 14 days sight; Both drawn by Mr. George Clarke of Edinburgh, Merchant, upon Mr. Lowe in Lochbury Merchant, and accepted by the same; They are both payable to Claudius Denise or Order, and are intended by him, Whoever hath found the said Bills, are desired to bring them to his House in Longacre, or to Mr. Percival Goldsmith in Lombard-Street, and they shall be well rewarded.

On Monday, the 5th Instant, was lost a Gold Chain by Mr. Simon Romney a Goldsmith in Little Woodstreet near Cripplegate, supposed to be Robb. If the Owner come to the said Mr. Romney, and deliver the same and pay the Charges, he may have it again.

The ship Ann at Reading in Berkshire, being a large House, and well Customed, is to be Lett, with the Goods and Furniture in it, by Lett, or otherwise; Whosoever may be further informed of it, may see Mr. Hill's Office house against Hatton-Garden in Holborn, or at the said Ship Inn in Reading.