

day of September in each year, subsequently to that in which the said first election of that Local Board takes place; but in case the day so appointed shall fall on a Sunday, or on a day appointed for public fast or thanksgiving, then that such one-third shall go out of office on the day next following.

5. Every person at the time of his election as member of the said Local Board, and so long as he shall continue in office by virtue of such election, shall be resident, as in the said "Public Health Act, 1848," is required, and be seized or possessed of real or personal estate, or both, to the value or amount of not less than three hundred pounds, or shall be so resident, and rated to the relief of the poor of some parish, township, or place, of which some part is within the said district, upon an annual value of not less than six pounds.

6. At the first election of the said Local Board, William Edward Forster, of Wharfeside, Burley, shall perform the duties which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting the said first election; and in case the said William Edward Forster, from illness, or other sufficient cause, shall be unable to discharge such duties, or shall be absent, or shall refuse to act, then Thomas Horsfall, of Burley Hall, Burley, shall perform such of the said duties as then remain to be performed.

7. The fourteen days' notice of qualification, required by "The Public Health Act, 1848," to be given by owners of property, in order to entitle them to vote at the said first election, shall be given to the said William Edward Forster, at his residence, Wharfeside, Burley, within the district aforesaid, or in case he shall refuse, or be unable to receive the same, then to the said Thomas Horsfall, at his residence, Burley Hall, likewise within the aforesaid district.

C. C. Greville.

AT the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 13th day of *September*, 1854,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board, a Report from the General Board of Health, dated the eleventh day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

"Whereas the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of 'The Public Health Act, 1848,' did, in pursuance of the provisions of that Act, upon the joint petition of not less than one-tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within the Parliamentary borough of Malton, in the county of York (the number of the said petitioners greatly exceeding thirty in the whole), directed Robert Rawlinson, a Superintending Inspector, appointed for the purposes of the said Public Health Act, to visit the said borough, and to make public inquiry and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial-grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any local Acts of Parliament in force within such borough, for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said borough, or having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health Act; also as to the natural drainage areas, and the existing municipal, pa-

rochial, or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of that Act;

"And the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices directed by the said Public Health Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry in the manner directed by that Act, and hath reported in writing to the said Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was directed to inquire, and upon certain other matters with respect to which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of that Act;

"And copies of the said report, accompanied by a notice, stating that written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as directed by the Public Health Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed.

"And it appears by the said report, that there is no local Act of Parliament in force within the said borough, for paving, lighting (otherwise than for the profit of proprietors or shareholders), cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving such borough, or any part thereof, or in anywise relating to the purposes of the said Public Health Act;

"Now, therefore, the General Board of Health does hereby humbly report to your Majesty, that:

"1. It appears to the Board to be expedient that 'The Public Health Act, 1854,' and 'The Public Health Act, 1848,' and every part thereof, except the section numbered 50 in the copies of the second hereinbefore recited Act, printed by your Majesty's printers, should be applied to and be in force within and throughout the entire area, places, and parts of places comprised within the boundaries at present fixed as the boundaries of the said borough of Malton, in the county of York, and that such area, places, and parts of places should be and constitute a district for the purpose of the said Public Health Act accordingly.

"2. The Local Board of Health to be elected under the said Public Health Act should consist of eighteen persons, and that the entire number should be elected for the whole of the said district of Malton under the said Public Health Act.

"3. The first election of the said Local Board of Health should take place on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

"4. One-third in number of the said Local Board of Health should go out of office on the thirtieth day of September in each year subsequently to that in which the said first election of that Local Board takes place; but in case the day so appointed should fall on a Sunday, or on a day appointed for public fast or thanksgiving, then that such one-third should go out of office on the day next following.

"5. Every person at the time of his election as member of the said Local Board, and so long as he shall continue in office by virtue of such election, should be resident, as in the said 'Public Health Act, 1848,' is required, and be seized or possessed of real or personal estate, or both, to the value or amount of not less than five hundred pounds, or should be so resident, and rated to the relief of the poor of some parish, township, or place, of which some part is within the said district, upon an annual value of not less than twenty pounds.

"6. At the first election of the said Local Board, William Charles Coppertthwaite, of The Lodge, Malton, should have the powers and perform the