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-Genoua, July - 1.

He Governor of Milan who was so very ill for feveral days, that there feemed to be little hopes of his recovery, is now out of all danger. Yeiterday four Gallies of this State put to Sea, under the Command of Signior Pietro Franor co Gramaldi, upon the advice the Senate had received, that some Pyrats of Barbary were cruifing off of Corfica. Yesterday likewise the Duke of Turfis failed from hence with four Gallies of his fquadron for Naples.

Halitz, July 6. The King and Queen of Poland are arrived here from Stry, and it's faid they will go from hence again to morrow or next day, the King to the Army, and the Queen to Lemberg, where the purposes to remain during the Campagne. The Forces of Lithuania have passed the River Wilingwitz, and will in three or four days joyn with those of the Crown. We have advice that the Sieur Retziurski being informed that 1000 Turks were marching with a Convoy of 100 Wagons to Camimec, he advanced towards them with the Troops under his Command, and took the faid Convoy, having cut off 500 of the Enemy, and put the rest to flight; but pursuing these too far, a strong Detachement of the Garison of Caminica fell upon the Polis, and forced them to quit their Booty, and to retire with some precipitation, and the loss of 100 Men, among which were several Officers of

Dantzick, July 26. The list Letters from Polend tell us, that the Troops of Lithumia and the Coffacks were joyned with the Forces of the Crown, and that the Army, the king being at the head of it, was marching towards the N gire; The Poles were reckoned 20000, the Lithumians 15000, the Coffacks 10000, belides the Gentlemen, who for the Lands they hold of the Crown, are obliged to attend the Ising, and make a confiderable Body; the Train of Artillery confifts in 50 pieces of Cannon and 12 Mortars.

From the Imperial Camp before Buda, July 28 The 24th at night we repaired our Works, which were ruined by the great Mine we had sprung between the Imperial and Braudenburg Attacks. The 25th a Deferter came out of the Town and reported, as another had done a day or two before, That there were still in the Place 5000 fighting Men. That day about 5 in the Afternoon the Enemy sprang a Mine on the fide of the Duke of Lorrain's Attack which buried several of our Men, and presently after they made a Sally with 200 Men, but were quickly beaten back, leaving many dead behind them; Not long after they made another Sally upon the Branderburgers, but were again repulied and pur-fued almost to the Walls of the Town, notwithflanding which they fillied out a third time with a greate force being now above 1000 ftrong, and putting the Brandenburgers into fome diforder-forced them to retir and which the Retallions that

were appointed for the Referve, advanced; and the Enemy was likewise affisted by another detachement from the Town; the Fight was very tharp and obstinate for some time, but at last the Turks were repulsed with great loss; General Staremberg was present in the whole action, giving every where the necessary Orders, his Adjutant had both his Legs fhut off, the Baron d'Alli was wounded, and the Baron de Hohenwarth, and some other Officers killed, with about 20 common Soldiers. The 26 and 27 we con> tinued our preparations for the general Affault, which was made this day between 5 and 6 in the Evening, the Signal being given, our Men fell on with the greateft resolution imaginable, and adv. need with little difficulty to the Palifadoes of the Rondels or Towers; On the fide of the Duke of Liriain's Attack the Enemy sprang a Mine, which put the Imperialists into some confusion, and made them give way, but they presently recovered themselves, and came on again with that Courage, that though the Turks sprang three Mines more, and fired so thick, that it seemed almost impossible for our Men to bear their Fire, they threw down the Palissadoes, and beating the Enemy out of the great Ditch they had made behind the Breach, lodged themfelves there, and began immediately to undermine the great and last Wall, in which the Enemy place their chief Confidence. The Bavarians did likewite their part, and made themselves Mallers of the great Tower or Rondel of the Caftle-with little loss, and could have advanced farther, but fearing the Encmies Mines, they thought it best to lodge themselves fecurely in the faid Tower, having nailed up four of the Enemies Cannon and a Mortar-Piece. In this Affault the Duke de Croy was wounded in the Knee, and the Prince of Cour and, Colonel of a Brandenburgh Regiment, shot through the Body, Major General Pa five, Colonel Golli g, two Lieutenant Colonels, three Captains, and most of the Inferiour Officers of the Brandenlu ghas that were in the Action killed or wounded; The Count de Dona, the second Brother, with two Captains of his Regiment Killed; Major General Thangen mortally wounded in the Head, Major General Diepenthal huit by a Mine; The Baron Van Wilferstein his Aimshot off; The Major and two Captains of the Regiment of Scarensberg wounded; The Lieutenant Colonel and Major, with two Captains of the Regiment of Lurain wounded; The Adjutant-General to the Duke of Lerrain wounded, and several other Imperial Officers were killed or wounded: Of the Bavarians Lientenant General Laverg .c, and Major General Appremont were wornded, and feveral other Officers killed and wounded; Or the Imperialitts, Bavarians and Brandenburghers there were in all about tooo killed, and 2000 wounded.

Vienna, Aug. 1. The 30th past the Marquiss de St. Mauritio arrived here from the Camp before Bida, being fent to give the Emperor an account That on the 28th a general Assault was made Appon the Town, and that the Befiegers had lodged themfelves on the Courtin, and in feveral of the Rondels or Towers, the Furks after having made all the Re-