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Madrid, Aug. 15.

HE Count d'Aquilar, Admiral of the Spanish Fleet, has fent an Officer hither, to acquaint this Court that he had met the Galions, so that we expect every hour to hear of their arrival in Cadiz, or in some other Port of this Kingdom. The last week arrived here an Express from Rome, being dispatched by the Count de Borromeo, Ambassador of this Crown, to give his Catholick Majesty an account of the difficulties that had hapned about presenting the Genet on St. Peter's Eve; He was sent back with the King's Orders upon this Incident. The Duke de Medina Celi, who came hither some days ago, is gone to his house at Guadalaxa, without appearing at Court. Venice, Aug. 16. We have Advice by the way

Venice, Aug. 16. We have Advice by the way of Otranto, That the Forces of this State have taken Lepanto and Petrazzo, of which we expect a

Confirmation.

From the Polish Camp at Tlumaes on the Frontiers of Moldavia, July 18. Our march has been hindered for some days by a difference arisen between Mohila and Appasti, who command 2 Bodies of Costacks; It went so far, That they not only fought themselves, but had almost engaged their Troops in their Quarrel, which being at last ended by the King's Interposition, the Army will decamp this day, and enter into Moldavia. The King has Written to the Hospodars of that Countrey and of Valachia, to have their Forces in a readiness to join him, as they have promised they shall do. We have Advice that Sultan Galga who had passed through Valachia with a Body of Tartars in his march towards Hungary, is recalled by the Cham to defend his Countrey against the Molcavites.

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Lembergh, Juy 30. The M Sovites have published at Smolensko, with much Solemnity, the Treaty of Alliance lately concluded between the Czars and this Crown; Their Forces advance towards the Baristenes in a very considerable Body, and will, doubtles, give the Tartars a great diversion. The King of Poland marches towards the Frontiers of Moldavia, the Hospodars of that Countrey and of Valachia have, we are told, promised to send 14000 Men to join the Army of this Crown. We are expecting the Return of our Ambassadors from

Moscovy.

From the Imperial Camp before Buda, August 15. The 13th, towards Evening, the Duke of Lorrain, having received Advice that the Enemy, to the Number of 40000 Men, approached towards our Camp, with a design to force one of our Quarters, and to put some Succors into the Town, caused, with concert of the Elector of Bavaria, all the Horse and Foot to march our of the Lines, except 20000 Men that were lest to continue the Attacks, and guard the several Posis and Avenues of the Camp, and at the same time the Commissary General distributed to the Cavalty, Oats and Forage for four day; The Army was drawn up in order of Battel, the Count de Dunewaldt, General of the Horse, commanding the Lest Wing, composed of the Impetial Regiments of Capraras Palsi, Tass, Lodron; Neuburg,

Furstemberg, Stirum, Serau and Schultz, with 8 Squadrons of Hussers, and Major-General Heusler the Right, composed of the same number of Regiments, as well imperialists as Bavariats and Saxons, and 4000 Heydukes and Hossers being appointed for the Vanguage. The 14th, by break of day, we were informed that the snempy had formed a Body of 4000 Janistries, and as many Spahi's, of their best Troops, who begun about 5 in the morning to pass behind the Hills, making a Meen as if they would approach in several Parties, by the same wayes which they took raput Succors into the Town two years ago, while the main of their Army descended in great Bodies into the Plain. The Duke of Lorrain phierving the Enemies motion, and lindtheir Army delicended in great Bodies into the Plain. The Duke of Lorrain observing the Enemies motion, and finding by the Noise he heard, that the Heydukes and Husses of the Vanguard were engaged with the 8000 Janisaries and Spahi's before-mentioned, ordered the Right Wing to advance to their Assistance; The Fight was there very sharp, and the Success doubtful, till Major-General Heuser and General Petnehas Engine who though their Public Points of Support the Heuseline who though the public Points. Heusser and General Petnehasi cámie in with the Troops of their Divisions to support the Heydukes, who though they fought very bravely, wet being attacked in Front and Flank by the Turks exceeding them in Number by one half, were forced to give way, but upon this Succor, the Fight was vigorously renewed by the Christians, who charged the Enemy with that Courage, that the Spahi's not being able to bear their Shock, fell into great Confusion, and abandoned the Janisaries; These were provided each man with 3 Grenadoes, and with Pickaxes, Shovels, and other Instruments, to level our Works. After this, the Turks caused to or 12000 Men to advance against our Lest Wing, commanded by General Dunewaldt, who thought fit to move a little, that he might give time to the Troops of the Right Wing, who returned from the Defeat of the Troops defigned to factor the Town, to retake their Ground, after which the fuccor the Town, to retake their Ground, after which the whole Army advanced towards the Rnetmy, who theseapon retired to their main Body; Our Troops purfued them, and sk rm Ihing with the Spahi's that were left to cover their Reiseat, killed 142, and took 27 Prifoners, and would have gone farther, had not the Duke of Lorrain commanded General Dunewaldt to return, and join the main Body. Soon after the Enemy came down the fecond time from the Hill, and advanced towards our Right Wing, but after fome Skirmilling retired again, though not without confiderable thin, and advanced towards our right wing, but after ione Skirmiking retired again, though not without confiderable Lofs. The Night coming on, the Duke of Lorrain drew the whole Army again within the Lines, and the feveral Regiments returned to their former Pofts. Of the Enemy, 3000 Janifaries and 1200 Spahi's were killed in this days according to the Corporation of the C Cannon, and 24 Colours or Standards taken; On our fide the Count de Lodron, Lieutenant-Colonel of Croats, the serjeant Major of Caprara, a Caprain of Dunewaldt, and about Fifty fix Common Soldlers were killed. During the Fight, the Besieged made a Sally, but were simmediately beaten back. The Army being returned within the Lines, all our Cannon were thrice discharged, and the next day the Colours we had taken, and the text day the Colours we had taken, and ed, and the next day the Colours we had taken, and the Heads of a great many Turks were planted on the Wa'ls of the Towns as Marks of the Victory we had obtained. The Prisoners report, That the Grand Visier was greatly incensed against the Serasquier because of this ill success, and that he had treated him with all the marks of Anger and Contempt. They say farther, That the Ottoman Aramy cannot subskilling on this side of Alba Regalis, for that the Imperial Horse and the Hussars have destroyed all the Corn and Forage. Corn and Forage.

Vienna, Aug. 18. We have an Account from the Camp before Buda, That the Enemy shewed themselves the 13th Instant drawn up in Battalia, but that towards the Evening they retired again to their Camp, That about the same time the Duke of Lorrain was informed by a Deserter, That the Turks intended the next day to attack the Imperial

Camp