



SUPPLEMENT

TO

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 4, 1855.

War-Department, July 4, 1855.

LORD PANMURE has this day received a Despatch and its Enclosures, of which the following are copies, addressed to His Lordship by the late Field-Marshal the Lord Raglan, G.C.B.

*Before Sevastopol,
June 23, 1855.*

MY LORD,

I INFORMED your Lordship in my despatch of the 19th instant, that I would make a more special report upon the movements of the 3rd Division, as soon as I should receive the reports of Lieutenant-General Sir R. England, and the Major-Generals commanding brigades under him.

The 1st Brigade, under Major-General Barnard, proceeded down the Woronzow-road, and was placed in position on the right of the ravine, ready to co-operate with the columns of attack on the right; whilst the 2nd Brigade, under Major-General Eyre, moved down the ravine which separates the left of the English from the right of the French advanced works, for the purpose of attacking the enemy's ambuscades, and making a demonstration on the head of the dockyard creek.

This service was performed with the utmost gallantry, and notwithstanding that they were exposed to a most galling fire, the troops maintained themselves in the position they had taken up during the day, and in the evening withdrew unmolested, leaving a post at the cemetery, which had been one of the objects of the attack in the morning. The action having from circumstances become a most serious one, I beg, as the most satisfactory way of making your Lordship acquainted with the particulars, to lay a copy of the Major-General's letter before your Lordship, and to solicit your attention to the officers whose services he particularly notices, and at the same time to his own distinguished conduct.

Your Lordship will see with concern that the loss sustained by this brigade is very considerable,

and that Major-General Eyre is himself wounded; but I have every reason to hope that the injury he has received is not very severe, and will not incapacitate him from the discharge of his duty with the same energy and devotion as he has already applied himself to its performance during the protracted operations before Sevastopol.

Lieutenant-General Sir G. Brown, to whose able assistance I referred in my former despatch, has specially brought to my notice the distinguished conduct of Colonel Yea, who was unfortunately killed, and pays a just tribute to the great merits of this deeply lamented officer; of Lieutenant-Colonel Lysons, of the 23rd; Lieutenant-Colonel Johnstone, of the 33rd; and Captain Gwilt of the 34th, all of whom are wounded; of Major-General Codrington, who commanded the Light Division; of Captain Blackett, of the Rifle Brigade, who has lost a leg; and of Captain Forman, of the Rifle Brigade, who fell upon the occasion; and Major-General Codrington mentions the admirable conduct of Captain Turner, of the 7th Foot; Major Macdonell, of the Rifle Brigade; Lieutenant Knox, of the Rifle Brigade, who is wounded; and Lieutenant Donovan, of the 33rd.

Lieutenant-General Sir R. England speaks highly of Colonel Cobbe, of the 4th Regiment, who commanded in the trenches of the left attack, and is severely wounded; and Lieutenant-General Bentinck eulogizes the conduct of Colonel Lord West, of the 21st Foot, who assumed the command of the left column after the death of Major-General Sir J. Campbell; of Lieutenant-Colonel Warre, who succeeded to the command of the 57th Regiment, on the death of Colonel Shadforth; of Lieutenant-Colonel Cole, commanding 17th Regiment; and of Captains Croker (who was killed) Gordon, McKiustry, and O'Connor, and Lieutenant Thompson, of the 17th Regiment; and Lieutenant Shadwell Clerke, of the 21st Regiment; and Colour-Serjeant Colcliffe and Serjeant Pratt, of the 17th; and Captain the Honourable