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Naples; September 14.

THE 11th Instant, we had the News here, by two Expresses, of the taking of *Buda*; The Marquis de *Liche*, our Viceroy, caused *Te Deum* to be sung in the Church of the *Carmelites*, the Cannon were thrice discharged, and in the Evening there were Bonfires and Illuminations in all the Streets, with Fountains of Wine for the Entertainment of the People. The Gallies of this Kingdom that were sent out to Cruise against the *Corsairs* of *Barbary*, are returned into this Port.

Sambor, Sept. 24. We have Advice that the Tartars have taken a Convoy of 200 Wagons that were going to the Army, which was still encamped the 18th of this month on the River *Pruth*.

Warsaw, Octob. 1. We have an account by an Express from Sambor, That the King of Poland has obtained a great Victory against the Turks and Tartars, though with the loss of many brave Men, and several of the first quality. The Enemy were, it's said, above 6000 strong, and began the Fight with great Fury, but were at last forced to quit the Field, leaving their Cannon and Baggage behind them; the farther Particulars we must expect by our next. In the mean time the joy of this good News is increased, by the advice we receive at the same time, that the *Holpodar* of *Valachia* hath joined the Polish Army with 10000 Men.

Buda, Sept. 25. Yesterday arrived here an Officer from the Imperial Army, which he left encamped near *Tolna*. He reports, that the Forces would be obliged in few days to separate for want of Forage, and that General *Caprara* had Orders to pass the *Danube* with the Detachment under his Command to attack *Segedin*. We have no certain Advice concerning the Grand Visier, some Letters say that he continued encamped near the Forts of *Darda*, and others that he was retired towards *Belgrade*, leaving a Body of his best Troops to defend the Bridge of *Essecke*, but we may expect our next Advices from the Army will inform us with more certainty. Several Carpenters, Masons, and other Workmen come hither daily, to be employed in repairing the Houses and Fortifications of this place. The great Church, formerly dedicated to *St. Stephen* King of *Hungary*, which the *Turks* had made their principal Mosque, received very little damage in the Siege; the Palace of the Kings, which is in the Castle, being defended by very thick walls, likewise escaped very well, but most of the Houses in the Town are very much ruined; Those that are in the best condition are now repairing, to lodge the Garrison.

Vienna, Octob. 6. Yesterday arrived here an Express, with advice, that Prince *Louis* of *Baden*, who was detached the 25th of the last month from the Imperial Camp near *Tolna* with 7 Regiments of Horse, 4 of Foot, 2 of Dragoons, and 2000 *Hungarians*, commanded under him the Horse by the Generals of *Battalia Piccolomini* and *Stirum*, and the Foot by the Major-Generals *Dingen* and *Aspramont*, having taken his march towards *Simon-*

orna, arrived the next day before that place, situated on the River *Sarowitz* about 3 miles from *Caposwar*, and fortified with a good Palanque and Ditch, and a Castle on the South-side of it, built of Stone. The Town is pretty large, of no very easie Access, by reason of a Moras, and several Branches of the River that do in a manner surround it; There was in it a Garrison of about 300 *Turks*, the Inhabitants most *Rascians*. The 27th, early in the morning, Prince *Louis* sent a Summons to the Commandant, who answered, That he would make the best Defence he could, but continued not long in that resolution, for no sooner had the Imperial Troops posted themselves, and begun to fire upon the Enemy with three pieces of Cannon, but they hung out a white Flag, and by Noon surrendered at discretion, with this Condition only, That the Women and Children should be conducted to *Five Churches*, which was performed the next day, the Prince of *Baden* very readily consenting to it, that the disorder and consternation might be the greater in that place, which he was going to besiege. The *Turks* were made all Prisoners, but the *Rascians* had their Liberty. The *Imperialists* found in the Castle 9 pieces of Cannon, 6 of Brass, and the rest of Iron, with one Mortar-piece, 45 Quintals of Powder, and 2300 Grenadoes. The 29th, Prince *Louis* continued his march towards the *Drav*; to join the Forces of *Croatia*. We have an account from thence, That Lieutenant-General *Scherffenberg* was gone with 3000 *German* and *Croatian* Horse to attack 2000 *Turks*, which he had notice were marching to put a Convoy of 600 Wagons into *Canisa*, where the Garrison began to suffer for want of Provisions. The Letters from the Imperial Camp at *Tolna* of the 28th past tell us, That the Duke of *Lorraine* was returned to *Buda*, having left the Army under the Command of General *Caprara*, which was passing the *Danube* to execute the designs that have been formed upon *Segedin*, and some other places, in order to block up *Agria*, and secure our Winter-quarters in *Upper Hungary*. And this day we are informed by an Express, That General *Caprara* was encamped the 2d of this month near *Caloza*, about 20 miles below *Buda*, on the side of *Pest*. This week dyed the brave Lieutenant-General *de Mercy*, and the Count *de Capizares* Vice-President of the Council of War, The first of the Wounds he received before *Buda*, and the last of a Fever, their death being universally regretted. The famous Count *de Pentenbasi*, who since he quitted *Teckley's* Party, and returned to his Duty, has done the Emperor very eminent Services, is likewise dead, not without suspicion of being poisoned. They write from *Transylvania*, That Prince *Abafis*, and the States of that Country have resolved to send hither a new Deputation.

Hamburgh, Octob. 15. Yesterday was executed the Sentence pronounced against *Jalfram* and *Schnitger*, whereof