leaving a will, or intestate, it shall be lawful for the Consul, provided that probate of the will or letters of administration to the estate of the party deceased shall not have been applied for within thirty days by any person lawfully entitled thereto, to administer to such estate, and to reserve to himself out of the proceeds of such estate a commission not exceeding two and a-half per centum.

XXIX. And it is further ordered, that a register shall be kept by Her Majesty's Consul, of all British subjects residing within the Kingdom of Siam, and that every British subject now residing within the dominions of the Kings of Siam who shall not be already enrolled in such Consular register, shall, within a reasonable time after the promulgation of this Order, to be specified in a notice to be affixed and publicly exhibited in the Consular Office, apply to the Consul to be enrolled in such register; and every British subject who may arrive within the said dominions, save and except any British subject who may be borne on the muster-roll of any British ship arriving in a port of Siam, shall within a reasonable time after his arrival, to be specified as aforesaid, apply to the Consul to be enrolled in such register; and any British subject who shall refuse or neglect to make application so to be enrolled, and who shall not be able to excuse, to the satisfaction of the said Consul, such his refusal or neglect, shall not be entitled to be recognized or protected as a British subject in any difficulties or suits whatsoever, in which he may have been involved within the dominions of the Kings of Siam within the time during which he shall not have been so enrolled.

XXX. And it is further ordered, that Her Majesty's Consul may exercise any of the powers which by any Acts of the Imperial Parliament now enacted or hereafter to be enacted for the regulation of merchant seamen, or for the regulation of the mercantile marine, may be exercised by one or more justices of the peace within Her Majesty's dominions.

XXXI. And it is further ordered, that nothing in this Order contained shall be taken or construed to preclude Her Majesty's Consul within the dominions of the Kings of Siam from performing any act of administration or jurisdiction, or other act which British Consuls within other States at amity with Her Majesty are by law, usage, or sufference, enabled to perform.

XXXII. And it is further ordered, that any suit or action brought against Her Majesty's Consul by reason of anything done under the authority and in execution of the power or jurisdiction of Her Majesty entrusted to him by this Order, shall be commenced or prosecuted within six months after he shall have been within the jurisdiction of the Court in which the same may be brought, and not otherwise, and the defendant in every such action or suit shall be entitled to the benefit of the provisions made with respect to defendants in actions or suits, in an Act passed in the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to remove doubts as to the exercise of power and jurisdiction by Her Majesty within divers countries and places out of Her Majesty's dominions, and to render the same more effectual."

XXXIII. And it is further ordered, that the term "Consul" in this present Order shall be construed to include all and every officer in Her Majesty's service, whether Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, or Consular Agent, or person duly authorized to act in any of the aforesaid capacities within the dominions of the Kings of

Siam, and engaged in carrying out the provisions of this Order; and that wherever in this Order, with reference to any person, matter, or thing, any word or words is or are used importing the singular number, or the masculine gender only, yet such word or words shall be understood to include several persons as well as one person, females as well as males, and several matters or things as well as one matter or thing, unless it be otherwise specially provided, or there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

XXXIV. And it is further ordered, that this Order shall take effect from and after the first day of December next ensuing.

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Clarendon, and the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, August 20, 1856.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable Edward Strutt, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Belper, of Belper, in the county of Derby.

St. James's Palace, August 20, 1856.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Frederick Temple, M.A., one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools, to be one of the Chaplains in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

Downing-Street, August 16, 1856.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Robert Duncan Wilmot, Esq., to be Provincial Secretary, John Hamilton Gray, Esq., to be Attorney-General, and John Campbell Allen, Esq., to be Solicitor-General, for the Province of New Brunswick.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint the Venerable Hugh Willoughby Jermyn, Archdeacon of the Island of St. Christopher, to be a Member of the Council of that Island; Algernon Montagu, Esq., to be a Member of the Council of the Colony of Sierra Leone; Thomas Warwick Brooke, Esq., to be a Member of the Executive Council of the Falkland Islands; and Captain Henry Charles Bird and Robert Dawson, Esq., to be Members of the Legislative Council of the Island of Ceylon.

Downing-Street, August 20, 1856.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Isaac Farrington, Esq., to be a non-elective Member of the Legislative Council of the Virgin Islands; Burnthorn Musgrave, Esq., to be a Member of the Council of the Island of Antigua; Ernest Baudot and James Edward Arbuthnot, Esqrs., to be Members of the Council of Government of the Island of Mauritius; and Charles Montocchio, Esq., to be a Member of the Council of Government of the said island during the temporary absence of Dr. Harel, a Member of that Board.