and free from any impost, or else a certain settled

quantity of the land obtained.

(b.) Freedom from customs duties on all tools, machinery, &c., required for the prosecution of the works, as also upon the implements and seeds required for the culture of the land. Should the Company desire, for the purpose of cultivating such land, to introduce settlers, such settlers will enjoy, in addition to the privileges above mentioned, the following immunities, subject however to the ordinance of the  $\frac{4}{16}$  April, 1834.

Freedom from all customs' duties on :-

- Wearing apparel required by them and already used.
- 2. Necessary domestic furniture.
- 3. Carts, animals, &c., required for their service.
- 4. Necessary implements and all other advantages referred to in the above-mentioned ordinance.
- (c.) The Government will further grant to such settlers, land for the erection of houses, warehouses, churches, schools, &c., and for gardens, as also the land required for roads, public places, &c., agreeably to the plans drawn up. In case the land should not be granted to the Company for a fixed time on the terms of an entire franchise, the settlers will not be subject to any personal tax or land tax.

## B.—Construction of Roads.

The following advantages will be granted to the undertakers of these works:

(a.) The land necessary for their construction and free right to obtain the necessary materials.

- (b.) The right to levy fixed tolls.(c.) All necessary implements imported for making and maintaining the roads to be free from customs duty.
- (d.) In respect to certain roads a minimum interest of 5 per cent. will be granted upon an amount of capital to be determined upon.

## C .- Construction of Ports.

The Government will make the following concessions to undertakers of works of this nature:

(a.) Port duties and other charges established by the laws in force, and levied on account of the Exchequer.

(b.) Complete freedom from all import duties on machinery and implements required for the

works.

(c.) And lastly, a minimum guarantee of 5 per cent. for a certain period upon a capital to be determined upon.

> Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 7, 1856.

IN the Notice which appeared in the Gazette of the 30th ultimo, respecting the duties on the importation of fish into France, for "salted fish," read "pickled fish."

The Lords of the Committee of Privy Council Trade have received from the Earl of Clarendon, an extract from the "Moniteur," rectifying an error in the French Imperial Decree respecting the importation of tobacco into Algeria, which appeared on the 27th September last, and a translation of which was inserted in the London Gazette of the 3rd instant.

The Decree, as corrected, applies exclusively to the octroi de mer.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kincardine.

Sir James Horn Burnett, Bart., to be Vice Lieutenant. Dated 1st September, 1856.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Flint.

William Bryan Cooke, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

4th or Royal South Middlesex Regiment of Militia. William John Burford Standidge, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Keane, resigned. Dated 14th August, 1856.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Amelius Sicard, Gent., to be Surgeon, vice Curtis, resigned. Dated 2nd October, 1856.

OTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Mansion House Chapel, situated at Mansion House-place, High-street, in the parish of Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, in the district of Camberwell, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 15th day of September, 1856, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 30th day of September, 1856. Tho. W. Plum, Superintendent Registrar.

OTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Salem, situated at Tywyn, in the parish of Abergele, in the district of St. Asaph, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 20th day of August, 1856, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 17th day of September, 1856. Tho. K. Roberts, Superintendent Registrar.

OTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Bodlondeb Chapel, situated at Abergele, in the parish of Abergele, in the district of St. Asaph, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 20th day of August, 1856, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV.,

Witness my hand this 17th day of September, 1856. Tho. K. Roberts, Superintendent Registrar.

OTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the George-street Independent Chapel, situated in Upper George-street, in Heckmondwike, in the parish of Birstal, in the county of York, in the Superintendent Registrar's district of Dewsbury, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 23rd day of September, 1856, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 30th day of September, 1856. William Carr, Superintendent Registrar.