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Venice, Febr. 8.

THIS City is filled with Princes, and other persons of the chiefest rank, that are come hither to partake of the divertisements of the Carnaval. In our former we gave you an account of the arrival of the Elector of *Bavaria*, the Duke of *Mantua*, the Prince of *Bareit* of the House of *Brandenburg*, the Prince of *Savoy Soissons*, &c. To which we must now add, that the Duke of *Savoy* arrived here the 6th instant *Incognito* under the Name of the Count *de Tereda*, accompanied with five or six persons of quality. We have advice by a Vessel arrived here in 21 days from *Nipoli di Romania*, that the Serasker of the *Morea*, having left a small body of Men for the guard of the *Isthmus* of *Corinth*, or the neck of Land that separates the Golf of *Lepanto* from that of *Engia*, was marched with the rest of his Troops towards *Patras* to reinforce the Garisons of that place and of *Lepanto*: And that the new Fortifications that are making at *Napoli di Romania* and on the Hill *Palamida* are almost brought to perfection.

Genova, Febr. 8. This week arrived here the *Swan* from *England*, and a Dutch Convoy from *Holland* and *Spain*, and another from *Smirna* bound home.

Lemburgh, January 25. The *Moscovite* Ambassadors parted from hence the 22d Instant, accompanied by the Commissioners appointed by the King to conduct them to the Frontiers of *Silesia*, where they will be received by the Imperial Officers, who have been there some time expecting them. We are assured, that the Expence which this Court has been at in defraying these Ambassadors, during their stay here, amounts to above 200000 Florins. Since their departure, the Council of War has been several times assembled in the King's presence, to consult of the means to prosecute the War with all the advantage which we may promise our selves from the ill posture the Affairs of the Infidels are in. And we have no reason to doubt, if the *Moscovites* perform what they have promised, but that the Forces of this Crown will make considerable Progresses the next Campagne. The Levies that are making in this Kingdom, advance in the mean time with good success; And the other Preparations are carried on with the same diligence; The Popes Nuncio has undertaken to provide Magazines of Provisions for the Army; And the King has declared, that he will be in the Field as early as the *Imperialists*. His Majesty has sent Circular Letters to all the Palatinates, to acquaint them with the Reasons that have obliged him to put off the meeting of the Dyet till the next year. The *Turks* having provided a great Convoy of Provisions in *Moldavia*; a Body of *Tartars* was ordered to conduct it to *Caminiec*, but in their march between that place and *Choczin*, they were met by the *Cossacks* commanded by General *Mohila*, who defeated the Enemy, and took 200 Wagons Laden with Provisions. Some other Convoys have had the good Fortune to get into *Caminiec*, but the Relief the Garison received by them, was so inconsiderable, that we are assured they do however want many things necessary for their Subsistence, and that they stood in great need of this last Convoy.

Vienna, Febr. 6. The Preparations for the Campagne are carried on with extraordinary Application; And we are assured, that the Emperor will have 60000 Men of his own Troops in the Field the next Summer, without reckoning the *Hungarians*, *Bavarians*, and other Auxiliary Forces. They write from *Upper Hungary*, that a Party of *Turks* and *Tartars* commanded by *Teckeley*, had made an Incursion towards *Segedin*, and burnt several Villages, for that the Inhabitants had furnished that Garison with Provisions; But that the Enemy in their return, were met and defeated by a Party of *Imperialists*, *Teckeley* being himself wounded. The Rebels of *Mongatz* have made another Sally, but were repulsed with the loss of 50 of their Company kill'd, and 6 taken Prisoners. The Letters from *Buda* of the 27 past tell us, that the Regiment of *Lodron* with a Party of *Hussars* commanded by the Count *de Ricardi*, marched from thence two days before towards *Alba Regalis*, to keep that Garison from giving any disturbance to the Convoy that was going from *Stiria* to *Five Churches*. The advices from the *Ottoman* Territories say, that the Grand Visier was gone to *Adrianople*, to be present at a great Council of War that was to be held there in the Grand Signior's presence; And that the *Turks* were drawing all the Force they could towards *Hungary*, where, as they give out, they will have a very numerous Army the next Campagne. The Letter which the Grand Visier writ some time ago to Prince *Herman* of *Baden*, President of the Council of War, was to this effect: That the Breach of the Peace between the two Empires, had been occasioned by those who had then the Conduct of Affairs; And that they had been punished; That to put an End to the Calamities of the War, he came to *Belgrade* the last Summer to Negotiate a Peace; But that he then understood, that the Imperial Army was before *Buda*. That he now writ to him (the Prince of *Baden*) to know whether they were here in a Disposition to treat, that he might give an account thereof to the Grand Signior, and that a place might be chosen for the Negotiation, protesting, That if the Imperial Court rejected so reasonable a Proposition, they would be answerable for all the effusion of Blood, and the ruine of the People that should follow. The Prince of *Baden* answered,