

The London Gazette.

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From Monday March 7. to Thursday March 10. 1686.

At the Court at *WHITEHALL*,
the 4th of March, 1686.

Present

The King's Most Excellent Majesty
in Council.

HIS Majesty being informed that several Sums of Money Collected for the Relief of the Distressed French Protestants, pursuant to the Letters Patents of His Late Majesty of Ever Blessed Memory, dated the 10th day of December 1681, are still remaining in the Hands of several Persons who were appointed to Collect and Pay in the same. His Majesty in Council was thereupon pleased to Order, And it is hereby Ordered, That such Persons in whose Hands any of the Money Collected as aforesaid doth remain, do forthwith cause the same to be paid into the Chamber of London, according to the directions of the said Letters Patents; And the Commissioners appointed by His Majesty to dispose and distribute the Money Collected for the French Protestants by His Majesties Letters Patents bearing date the 5th day of March 1685. are hereby Authorized and Empowered to dispose of the said Money.

PHIL. MUSGRAVE.

Lezhorne, Febr. 15. Four Gallies and as many Gallies are fitting out by Order of our Great Duke, to serve against the Turks the next Summer. By a Vessel arrived in this Port from *Constantinople* we have advice, That the Grand Signior was at *Adriahople*, and that it was still given out (to encourage the Soldiery) that he will the next Campagne command in Person his Forces in *Hungary*. That the 35s Gallies and 17 Men of War were returned to *Constantinople* in a very ill Condition; And that the Plague continued to rage there very violently.

Venice, Febr. 22. The 16th Instant, the Elector of *Bavaria* was in the Great Council, to see the manner of giving their Voices; The next day he went to see the Arsenal, where he was received by four Nobles appointed by the Senate to accompany him. He saw likewise the new Ships that have been built here this Winter; And went afterwards some Leagues to Sea in a small Frigate, on Board of which he was entertained with a Noble Collation. After his Return, he went to see the Bassa of *Napoli di Romania*, and the other Bassa his Brother, who received him with many expressions of Respect. It is said his Electoral Highness has promised to assist this Republick with a Regiment of Horse, which is to serve in the *Morea* the next Campagne, and that a Gentleman has been dispatched to *Munick* with Orders for the said Regiment to be-

gin forthwith their march. The Duke of *Savoy* (who is here *Incognito*) has likewise seen what's most Curious in this City. The 18th, he went to see the Palace, where he was entertained with a Banquet of Sweet Meats, &c. by Order of the Republick; And the next day had the divertisement of the usual Combat between the *Castellans* and the *Nicolares*. This week arrived here 2 Vessels from the *Morea*, by which we have no other News, than that Signior *Venier*, Captain Extraordinary of the Ships of this State, was gone to Cruize with five or six Men of War in the *Archipelago*; And that the Seralquier of the *Morea* was returned to *Corinthe*, after having reinforced the Garisons of *Patras* and *Lepanto*.

Warsaw, Febr. 15. The Bishop of *Primissia*, Ambassador Extraordinary from this Crown to the Emperor, has begun his Journey to *Vienna*; From whence, as we are told, he is to go with the same Character to *Rome* and *Venice*. The last Letters from *Lemberg* told us, that the Envoy of *Tartary* was still there, but that he would be sent away in few days with this Answer, That the King having ratified the League with the Czars of *Moscow*, he is not now at Liberty to receive any Proposals of Peace, in which their Satisfaction as well as that of his other Allies is not included. The Advices from *Moscow* give an account, that the Czars will have 120000 Men in the Field the next Summer, under the Command of *Kaees Galuzin* their chief Minister; And that the General *Rendezvous* is appointed to be in the Month of *April* near *Smolensko*.

Vienna, March 2. The News of *Teckley's* death is not confirmed, but on the contrary the last Letters from *Upper Hungary* said; they had advice that he was very well at *Temeswaer*, and that they believed he himself had caused the Report first of his being dangerously wounded, and afterwards of his death, to be purposely spread abroad, to make the *Imperialists* less watchful on that side, that so he might have a better opportunity to relieve *Agriu*. They write from *Buda*, That the Detachment which was lately sent towards *Alba Regalis*, had brought back with them 25 Prisoners, having defeated a Party of *Turks* belonging to that Garison commanded by a Nephew of the Bassa, who, with many more, was killed upon the place. That these Prisoners reported, that there was in *Alba Regalis* a Garison of 5000 Men, but that they suffered very much through the want of Provisions: The same Letters add, That the Fortifications of *Buda* are so well repaired, that the Place is in a condition to sustain a Siege: That so soon as the Frost was broke, a Bridge would be made over the *Danube* between *Buda* and *Pest*, for a more easie Communication with the Imperial Troops quartered on that side; And that a great Magazine was providing at *Buda* for the Subsistence of the Imperial Troops during the next Campagne. The last

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