

to me that a copy of such notice has been advertised for three successive weeks in the Cardiff and Merthyr Guardian, and the Star of Gwent, those being two of the local newspapers published and circulated in the aforesaid district, and that copies of such notice have also been affixed to the principal doors of each church and chapel in such district, to which notices are usually affixed, and the period of twenty-one days fixed by the said Act for appeal against the resolution for the adoption of the said Act, by such district, has now expired, and no such appeal has been made:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, do hereby give notice, that the Local Government Act, 1858, has been adopted within the said district of Canton, in the parish of Llandaff aforesaid, and that, in accordance with the provisions thereof, the said Act will, at the expiration of two months from the date of the passing of the aforesaid resolution, have the force of law within such district.

Given under my hand this eighteenth day of July, 1859.

G. C. Lewis.

Home-Office, Whitehall.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 24). MEDITERRANEAN—SICILY.

Light on Cape San Vito.

THE Sicilian Government has given notice, that on and after the 1st of August, 1859, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Cape San Vito, in the province of Trapani, on the northern coast of Sicily.

The light will be a *fixed* light, varied by a *red* flash every two minutes, placed at an elevation of 142 English feet above the level of the sea, and in clear weather should be visible from a distance of 20 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric, or by lenses of the third order.

The light tower is circular, coloured white, and about 143 feet in height. It stands on a small level spot, at 173 yards within the extremity of the cape, in about lat. 38° 13' 10" N. long., 12° 45' East of Greenwich.

By command of their Lordships,
John Washington, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
4th July, 1859.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Mediterranean, General, No. 2158; Sicily, General, No. 165; North Coast, No. 167; West Coast, No. 187. Also, Mediterranean Lights List for May, 1859, No. 170.

THE Medical Register is now published, pursuant to an Act passed in the 21st and 22nd Victoria, cap. 90, to regulate the qualifications of Practitioners in Medicine and Surgery. It may be obtained upon application, by letter or otherwise, at the office of the General Council of Medical Education and Registration of the United Kingdom, No. 32, Soho-square, London, W., price 7s. 6d., or post free 8s.

TAKE NOTICE.—By the Medical Act, and Amendment Act, after 1st July, 1859; no unregistered person is entitled to hold any Medical appointment in any of the public services or in any public-civil capacity, or in any friendly society, or in any vessel, or to sue for professional

fees and costs of medicines, or to be exempted from service on juries or in the militia, or to grant valid Medical Certificates required by any Act passed, or to be passed.

By Clause 40: Any person falsely taking any medical title, or using any name or description implying that he is registered or recognised by law as a Medical practitioner, is liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, unless and until the fine be paid.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Reform Chapel, situated at Higham, in the parish of Shirland, and county of Derby, in the district of Chesterfield Union, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 9th day of July, 1859, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 11th day of July, 1859.

George Hazlehurst, Superintendent Registrar.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to William Eccles, of Blackburn, Power-loom Manufacturer, William Crook, of Livesey, Hand-loom Weaver, and William Lancaster, Power-loom Weaver, of Blackburn, all in the county of Lancaster, bearing date at Westminster, the 18th day of September, 1845, for "certain improvements in looms for weaving."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the said William Crook, sole surviving patentee of the said invention, has applied to Her Majesty's Solicitor-General, for leave, certified by his fiat and signature, to enter with the Clerk of the Patents for England, a disclaimer and memorandum of alteration of certain parts of the specification of the said letters patent.—Dated this 6th day of July, 1859.

Hughes and Bloodworth, No. 17, Cross-street, Manchester.

Hughes and Son, No. 123, Chancery-lane, London, Agents for the Petitioner.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

588. Richard Leake and Matthew Sykes, both of Barnsley, in the county of York, have given notice at the Office of the Commissioners, of their intention to proceed with their application for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in furnaces for consuming smoke and generating heat, part of which improvements are applicable to furnaces generally."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 5th day of March, 1859.

595. And John Aspinall, of Great Tower-street, in the city of London, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in evaporating in vacuo."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 7th day of March, 1859.