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From Monday May 23. to Thursday May 26. 1687,

Whitehall, May 25.

THE following Addresses have been Presented to His Majesty, which His Majesty received very Graciously.

To King JAMES II, over England; &c.

The Humble and Grateful Acknowledgments of His Peaceable Subjects, called Quakers, in this Kingdom.

From their Usual Yearly Meeting in London, The Nineteenth day of this Month, vulgarly called May, 1687.

WE cannot but bless and praise the Name of Almighty God, who hath the Hearts of Princes in his Hand; That he hath inclined the King to hear the Cries of his Suffering Subjects for Conscience-sake: And we rejoyce, that instead of troubling Him with Complaints of our Sufferings, He hath given us so Eminent an Occasion to present Him with our Thanks. And since it hath pleased the King out of His Great Compassion, thus to commiserate our Afflicted Condition, which hath so particularly appeared by His Gracious Proclamation and Warrants last year, (whereby above Twelve hundred Prisoners were released from their severe Imprisonments, and many others from Spoil and Ruine in their Estates and Properties,) and His Princely Speech in Council, and Christian Declaration for Liberty of Conscience: It which He doth not only express his Aversion to all Force upon Conscience, and Grant all his Dissenting Subjects an Ample Liberty to Worship God in the Way they are perswaded, is most agreeable to his Will: But gives them His Kingly Word, the same shall continue during His Reign; We do (as our Friends of this City have already done) render the King our Humble, Christian, and Thankful Acknowledgments, not only in Behalf of our Selves, but with respect to our Friends throughout England and Wales: And pray God with all our Hearts to Bless and Preserve Thee, O King, and those under Thee in so good a Work. And as we can assure the King, it is well Accepted in the Counties from whence we came, so we hope the good Effects thereof for the Peace, Trade, and Prosperity of the Kingdom, will produce such a Concurrence from the Parliament, as may secure it to our Posterity in after-times. And while we Live, it shall be our Endeavor (through Gods Grace) to Demean our Selves, as in Conscience to God, and D. y^og. be King, we are obliged,

His Peaceable, Loving, and Faithful Subjects.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

T Humble Address of divers of your Majesties Dissenting Subjects, in the Behalf of Themselves & many others, in and near Your Town of Taunton, in the County of Somerset.

Great SIR, I I I I I NO

THE extraordinary and undeserved Favours, which Your Majesty hath been pleased and by Your Royal Clemency and Bounty, to confer upon

us, since the Late unhappy Rebellion do oblige us by the strictest Ties of Duty and Gratitude, first, to return our most hearty Thanks to Almighty God, and next; our most Grateful and Humble Acknowledgments unto Your Majesty: Your Gracious Rewards secured many of us our Lives and all that we possess: And Your Generous Indulgence in Matters of Conscience, hath restored to us the Freedom of serving our God without Fear or Disturbance; which with Your Majesties Rational Presumption of the Continuance of Your Two Houses of Parliament with Your Royal S. E. L. F. in so Good and Great an Undertaking, gives the strongest Foundation to our Hopes, that Liberty and Property being thereby secured, Peace, Prosperity, and Ease, will flow from hence to Your Majesties Dominions, Your Majesties Gracious Proceedings herein, hath laid upon us greater Obligations to Duty and Allegiance; than all the Oaths, Vows, and Subscriptions, that could have been imposed. Hereby we have the greatest Encouragement to Industry in ourocations, since the Penal Laws (which prey'd on the Vitals of our Trade) are taken out of the way: We trust You shall never have cause to Repent, that Your Favours are bestowed on Persons Disloyal or Unthankful: And that we may Enjoy many prosperous days under the favourable Auspices of Your Government. But chiefly, that all the Blessings of Heaven may for ever Crown Your Sacred Majesty.

We shall ever Pray, &c.

Genova, May 13. The Popes Gallies and those of Malta are at Sea, and have been met by some Vessels that are come in here, taking their Course towards the Levant to join the Venetian Fleet. There has been a great Earthquake at Naples, which lasted but two Minutes, but was so violent, that it shook all the Houses in the City, and threw down some, and very much endamaged several publick Buildings, and among others, the Church of St. Paul, occasioning a general Terror among the Inhabitants; It lasted longer in the Country at several Miles distance from the Town, and did likewise much mischief there. This happened the 25th of the last month between 5 and 6 of the Clock in the Morning.

Warsaw, April 25. We have Letters from Alexander of the 19th Taltam, which tell us, That the Troops of the Crown, as likewise those of Lithuania, were on their march to their general Rendezvous near Jaslowitz, which the King had sent their Orders to hasten, upon the Advice he had received, that 20000 Tartars Comanded by Siltan Nuradin, were advancing towards the Frontiers of Poland, with a Resolution to destroy the Country, and thereby deprive the Polish Army of the means of Subsisting; At the same time, we are assured, that 20000 Turks are marching to join the Tartars of Budzink. The Moscowites are on their march under the Command of the Prince Gaitzen, who has written to the Crown General to let him know his design is to enter into the Crimea, and to give the Cham battle in case he opposes him.

Vienna