The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the first order.

The tower, which is circular and surrounded by a dwelling, stands on the highest part of the island. It is built of iron, 51 feet high, and surmounted by a bronze lantern. The position of the eastern summit of the island is, lat. 17° 57′ 42″ S., long. 38° 41′ 30″ West of Greenwich.

Revolving Light on Ponta dos Naufragados.

Also, that a light is exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Ponta dos Naufragados, at the southern bar of St. Catherine.

The light is a revolving white light, attaining its greatest brilliancy every thirty seconds. It is placed at an elevation of 149 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather at a distance of 18 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by

lenses, of the second order.

The tower is circular, and its position is given in lat. 27° 49' S., and long. 48° 42' 37" West of Greenwich.

By command of their Lordships,

John Washington, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, 3rd September, 1861.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: — South America, No. 1800; South Atlantic, No. 2203; South America, East Coast, Sheet 5, No. 529; Sheet 7, No. 2522; and South American Lights Lists, Nos. 17* and 22*.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 28.) ATLANTIC-UNITED STATES.

Fixed Lights on Thatchers Island.

THE United States Lighthouse Board has given notice, that on and after the 1st day of October, 1861, lights will be exhibited from two lighthouses recently erected on Thatchers Island, about three-fourths of a mile from Cape Ann, which forms the northern limit to Massachusetts Bay.

The lights will be fixed white lights. Both lights will be placed at elevations of 165 feet above the mean level of the sea, and should be seen in clear weather from all directions seaward, at a distance of 20 miles.

The illuminating apparatus of each light will be dioptric or by lenses, of the first order.

The towers are built of gray granite 112 feet high; the lanterns and parapet railings are painted red; the work rooms and covered walks attached to the towers are stone colour. The keeper's dwelling for the north tower is two stories high and painted white; that for the south tower is two and a half stories high and is red brick. The position of the north tower is in lat. 42° 38′ 19″ N., long. 70° 34′ 10″ West; that of the south tower, lat. 42° 38′ 11″ N., long. 70° 34′ 11″ West of Greenwich; and they bear from each other N. by E. \(\frac{3}{4} \) E. and S. by W. \(\frac{3}{4} \) W. distant 298 yards. They are 30 miles distant from Boon island light, 24 miles from Boston light, and 43 miles from Cape Cod light.

The Londoner rock bears S.E. by E. distant half a mile from Thatchers Island. There is a good channel between the island and Cape Ann for

small vessels.

The temporary structures from which the present lights are exhibited will be removed.

[The Bearings are Magnetic. Variation 11° 15' West in 1861.]

By command of their Lordships, John Washington, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, 4th September, 1861.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—North Atlantic, No. 2059; North Atlantic, Western Sheet, No. 2061; Bay of Fundy to Long Island, No. 2492; and United States Lights List, No. 49.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 6, 1861.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the proceeds received and tonnage bounty awarded for the ship, Name Unknown, captured on the 13th April, 1860,

by Her Majesty's ship Triton.

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in

the respective classes will be announced.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 6, 1861.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the proceeds received and tonnage bounty awarded for the brigantine Rosarito or El Rosolito, captured on the 13th December, 1859, by Her Majesty's ship Arrogant, and her tender Mæander.

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual