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From Thursday June 30. to Monday July 4: 1687.

By the KING,
A PROCLAMATION
For Dissolving this present Parliament.

JAMES R.

WHEREAS this Parliament which was Summoned to begin at Westminster the Nineteenth day of May 1685. hath by several Prorogations been continued to the Twenty Second day of November next ensuing: The King's most Excellent Majesty for weighty Reasons hath thought fit to Dissolve this present Parliament, and doth by this His Royal Proclamation Dissolve the same accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeses of this present Parliament are hereby Discharged from their Meeting on the said Twenty Second day of November next ensuing.

Given at Our Court at Hampton-Court the Second day of July 1687. In the Third year of Our Reign.

God Save the King.

Windsor, July 1.

THE following Addressees have been Presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Graciously. That from Kingsbridge in the County of Devon, was Presented by Sir John Southcote.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

The Humble Address of the Bishop, Dean, Archdeacons, and Clergy, of the Diocess of Lincoln, whose Names are hereunder Subscribed.

May it Please Your Sacred Majesty,

WHEREAS in Your Majesties Royal Declaration lately Published, You have been Graciously Pleas'd to Declare, That Your Majesty will Protect and Maintain Your Archbishops, Bishops, and Clergy, and all Your other Subjects of the Church of England, in the Free Exercise of their Religion as by Law Established, and in the quiet and full Enjoyment of all their Possessions, without any Molestation or Disturbance whatsoever.

We cannot but think our selves oblig'd in Duty and Gratitude, to return Your Majesty our Hearty Thanks for these Gracious Expressions of Your Kindness, and for all Your former Assurances of Your Royal Favours to the Church of England: And Humbly to express our Loyalty as becomes the True Sons of the Church of England, and

Your Majesties most Dutiful Subjects and Servants.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The Humble and most Thankful Address of Your Majesties most Loyal Subjects in and about the Town of Kingsbridge in the County of Devon, who are in the Enjoyment of the high Favour and rich Priviledge of Your Majesties late Gracious Declaration for Liberty of Conscience.

May it Please Your Majesty,

WE Your most Faithful Subjects are brought out of Darkness of Misery, to the Light

of Joy and Felicity, in that Your Majesty hath set our Consciences at Liberty, and Granted us Your Royal and most Gracious Protection in the Possession of our God; for which we can never sufficiently Bless God and our King: And we do hereby profess our selves to be under the most feasible Obligations to Honour and Serve Your Majesty to the utmost of our Powers; not doubting but Your Majesty Acting from such High and Royal Principles as appear in Your most Gracious Declaration, will Please to continue to us the Enjoyment and Comfort hereof, to the Glory of God, and to our most precious present and everlasting Blessings; according to our daily Prayers, which are from Inclination as well as Duty, Your Most Obedient and Grateful Subjects and Servants.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The Humble Address of Your Majesties Loyal Subjects of the Conregational Persuasion, and other Your Majesties Subjects dwelling in and about the Boroughs, Town, and Mannor of Bideford, in Your Majesties County of Devon.

May it Please Your Majesty,

YOUR Royal Indulgence no sooner smil'd on us, but we were in an Exstasy of Joy to consider how Gracious Your Majesty is towards us, and how happy and secure we and all Your People are, in having so Wise, just, and Merciful a Prince to Protect and Govern us; may we be exceedingly affected with that Series of Providence, which hath so signally preserved and brought Your Majesty to the Crown, and made You so transcendent a Blessing to this Kingdom, and ever Praise the Lord for inclining Your Royal Heart to Grant us the Free Exercise of our Religion, to assure us the Enjoyment of our Property, and in Pity to our late Sufferings, to Suspend those Penal Laws, which rendred our, and Your other Dissenting Subjects Lives, so very uneasy and uncomfortable: For all which Prince's Care and Affection be Pleas'd, Great SIR, to accept our unfeigned Thanks, and to be persuaded, that Your Royal Person and Government is thereby so highly endeared to us, that in defence thereof we shall at all times rejoice to obey Your Majesties Commands.

The Lord Protect our Gracious Prince and His Royal Family, and unite us and all Your Subjects in Love and Obedience to Your most Excellent Government; and give us the Resolution to our last Breath, to approve our selves,

Dread Sovereign,

Your Majesties most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects.

Buda, June 16. Here arrive daily the new raised Men that are intended as Recruits for the Army, and are to be disposed of in the several Regiments to make up two Companies more in each Regiment: And as fast as any of them come hither; the old Companies are proportionably drawn out to be sent to the Army. The Lower Town here is already demolished, which reach'd from the Vienna-Gate to the Water-Gate. The Turks at Alba Regalis are very busy in Fortifying that Place, both within, and without the Town: The Garrison there have made some Excursions as far as the Danube, but without doing any considerable damage. Here is arriv'd a Deserter from Agria, who reports, that he was forced from thence by hunger; And that the Garrison there was brought to great Necessities, and their number very much diminished, inso-much, that they were not capable of making any long Resistance. The Duke of Lorraine who was advanc'd with the Imperial Army as far as

Festwal

Feutwar, eight Leagues from hence, having there received certain advice, that a Body of about 10000 Turks had passed the Danube near Peter Waradin, with Orders from the Grand Visier to attempt the relief of Agria, and that it was believ'd, that he was himself following in Person: His Highness hereupon immediately assembled a Council of War, where it was resolv'd, that the Army should return to Tolna, and that a Bridge of Boats should be made there over the Danube, for the convenience of joining the two Armies as there should be occasion. And at the same time it was order'd that an Express should be dispatched to the Elector of Bavaria to give him Notice hereof, and to press his Highness to quicken his march to the Army in Upper Hungary, there to oppose the Enemies designs. And it is also said, that the Ottoman Troops begin to be in motion about Great Waradin.

Vienna, June 22. Two Regiments of Foot belonging to the Circle of suabia, consisting of 3000 Men in 20 Companies, under the Command of Prince Baden Dourlach, arriv'd here the 19th Instant, and were encamped that night in the Island of Tabor: The next day they march'd into this City in two Battalions, and were Exercis'd before the Palace, to the great Satisfaction of his Imperial Majesty: And the next day they continu'd their march down the Danube towards Hungary. The Elector of Bavaria, who parted from hence the 17th Instant, arriv'd at Buda the 19th; And the next day pass'd the River towards Pest, with Intention to go in all haste to Zolnoock; His Electoral Highness having received advice from the Duke of Lorraine, that the Turks had pass'd the Danube over their Bridge at Peter Waradin, and were marching with Cannon and Waggon's laden with Provisions towards Agria.

Vienna, June 26. The Duke of Lorraine has alter'd his Resolution of passing the Danube to join the Elector of Bavaria, and now intends as soon as the Bridge is finish'd over the River near Tolna, with small Forts for the security thereof, to leave 2000 Hungarians and some Companies of Germans for its defence, and continue his march with the rest of the Army towards *Essfcke*; Having sent Orders in the mean time to General *Dunwald*, that he should, in conjunction with Count *Scherffenberg* and Count *de Thun*, endeavour to destroy what the Turks have been repairing of the Bridge of *Essfcke*. The Duke of Lorraine received advice by a Dragoon arriv'd yesterday from *Upper Hungary*, That the Elector of Bavaria was arriv'd at *Zolnoock*, and entred upon the Command of the Army (which was 12000 strong;) That the Turks who had lately pass'd the Danube and the *Theysse*, upon Notice of his Highness's arrival, and his beginning to march towards them, were retreated back over the *Theysse*. In the mean time the Turks and Tartars were continually making Excursions between the *Theysse* and the Danube. A Party of about 4000 Tartars who (as it is believ'd) were marching to the relief of *Agria*, each Man having behind him a Sack of Meal on his Horse, met on their way with General *Husser*, who attack'd them so vigorously, that he killed 600 of them, but the rest by the goodness of their Horses escap'd to *Keskenme*, leaving behind them, for halfe, most of their Provisions. His Grace the Duke of *Berwick* is arriv'd here on his way to the Army.

Hamburgh, July 4. His Royal Highness Prince *George of Denmark* arriv'd yesterday at *Gluckstadt*, and went this day to *Itzehoe* on his way to *Copenhagen*. They write from *Moscow*, that the Inhabitants of *Kiev* making their usual annual Procession to *Pieczarow* in great numbers, and with a strong Convoy, were attack'd in the way by the Tartars, who killed 5000 of them upon the place, and carried away most of the rest Prisoners.

Brussels, July 8. Our last Advices from *Hungary*, are, that the Duke of Lorraine march'd with the Imperial Army on the 19th past, and encamp'd that night at *Batteseck*, where he intend'd to pass the *Sarantz* on his march to *Essfcke*. That the Army on the *Drava*, with the Militia of *Croatia*, and the Troops Commanded by General *Dunwald* making in all 16000 Men; were marching likewise to join the Duke of Lorraine, whose Army upon the

arrival of the said Troops would amount to above 50000 Men.

Windfor, June 28. Captain *William Phipps* being this day Presented to the King by his Grace the Duke of *Sibmarle*, His Majesty received him very Graciously, and was pleas'd to Confer upon him the Honour of Knighthood, in Consideration of his Loyalty and good Services in a late Expedition, having brought home a very considerable Treasure which was taken out of the Sea, after it had lain there 44 years.

Whereas the *Pist* from Tunbridge has never yet come from thence on Mondays during the Season of Drinking the Waters there: It is Order'd, that for the future, it shall come from thence for London on Mondays, as well as on every other day of the week.

All Masters of Ships, and others that carry Letters to the Island of Jamaica, are to take Notice, That His Majesty hath established a Post-Office in the said Island, whereof Mr. James Waile is Post-Master, unto whom they are to deliver their Letters when they arrive in the said Island.

Advertisements.

☞ A brief History of the Times in Octavo. Together with Perfect Sets of the Observators, and odd Numbers to supply Imperfections. Sold by Richard Sare at Grays-Inn-Gate in Holborn.

☞ *Chirurgorum Comes*: Or, The Whole Practice of Chirurgery. Begun by Dr. Alexander Read; Continued and Completed by an Eminent Practitioner. Sold by Christopher Wilkinson at the Black Boy in Fleet-street over against St. Dunstan's Church.

ON the first Instant three Men robbed a Coach near Brecknan, and took away 12 Trencher Plates of Silver, a Sugar Box, and Pepper Box, with my Lord Clarendon's Coat of Arms on them, and other things. Whoever gives Notice of the Persons or the Plate to Mr. Heyton, at my Lord Clarendon's in Germain-street, shall have five pounds Reward.

UPON Tuesday the 5th of July next, at the Marine Coffee-House in Birchington-lane at 4 of the clock in the Afternoon, will, by the Assigns upon the Stature against John Hinde, be expos'd to Sale by the Candle, one large Capital Messuage; As also 6 Closets of Palture; As also two other Messuages, near the aforesaid Capital Messuage, with their Appurtenances; and the 2 parcels of waste Ground near the said Messuage: All which Premises are situate in Highgate, and lately were in the Tenure of the said John Hinde deceased.

STolen from Nathaniel Green, Quarter-Master, on the 1st Instant, a red Coat with large Plate-Burtons, lined with Yellow Silk, the Sleeves faced with Silver Tissue, a Silver Net-fringed Scarf, a pair of Silver-fringed Gloves, a black Hat laced, and Silver Hatband, a white Holland Wastecoat with a fringe, a Periwig, 3 Suits of rich laced Linnen, and plain, with Table Linnen and Sheets, and other things: They were taken away by a Fellow about 20 years of Age, low Stature, pretty well set, short curled Hair, of a sandy Colour, swarthy and freckled Faced, in a sad coloured Coat, and red Wastecoat, with a sea Hankerchief about his Neck, a black Hat, his Hands being of a very swarthy brown colour. Whoever gives Information of the Party or Goods aforesaid, to the said Nathaniel Green at the Camp, or Mr. Kirk at the Hen and Chickens on Ludgate Hill, shall have 3 Guinea's Reward, and their Charges born.

THESE are to give Notice, That the Commissioners upon the Stature against Mr. John White, and Mr. Benj. Mercer, will Sit at the Irish Chamber at Guildhall on Wednesday next, being the 6th of July, at Two of the Clock in the Afternoon precisely; where all Creditors that have not yet proved their Debts, are desired to attend for that purpose; in order to a Dividend which will be made very speedily.

LOST between Temple-Bar and Ludgate, about 10 or 11 a Clock on Friday night last, a large Paper Bund. Whoever brings it to Mr. Francis Child, Goldsmith, at Temple-Bar, shall be well rewarded.

LOST out of South-Witham Field in Lincolnshire, the 20th past, a bright bay Gelding near 15 hands high, bob Tail'd, 7 years old, all his Paces, no white about him, thorn Mane. Whoever gives Notice of the said Gelding, to Mr. William Wimberley Post-Master of South-Witham, or to Mr. John Middleton at the Letter Office, London, shall have a Guinea Reward.