## The London Gazette.

## **Bublished** by Authority:

From Thursday July 28. 10 Bonday August 1. 1687.

Windsor, July 30.

THE following Addresses have been Presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Graciously.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Proprietors and Inhabitants of the Borough of Droytmich in the County of Worcester.

E pleased to permit us, Great SIR, amongst the crowd of Your Subjects, to throw our selves at Your Royal Feet, with Hearts full of Acknowledgement of Your Majesties Goodness, which has not only made all Your People happy and at Ease, by affuring them of the free Exercise of their Religion, and the full Enjoyment of their Properties; but has extended it self to us in a particular manner, in the directions which Your Majesty of Your Royal Campassion has been pleased to give for the bringing of a Quo Warranto against the Baylists and Burgesses of this place, in order to relieve us from the unreasonable and insufferable Oppressions which we lay under: Therein consirming that Promise, fit to proceed from the Mouth of so Great a Prince, that You would not suffer that in Your Subjects which You thought unreasonable for Your Self to do.

unreasimable for Your Self to do.
With the greatest sense of Gratiende for the Blefsings we enjoy under Your Reign, we offer up our
Prayers to Heaven for the long continuance of it,
and our Lives and Fortunes to Your Majesties Ser-

vice.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of Your Majesties Loyal Subjects, in the Hundred or Wapentake of Losnsdale, the Liberty of Furnace within Your County Palatin of Lancaster; known by the name of Protestant Dissenters, or Nonconformists.

May it Please Your Majesty,

E Your Grateful, as well as Obedient Subjects, cannot but testissic our joysul resenting of Your admired unexpected Candor and Indulgence to Your People, in that most Princely and Christian Ast expressed in Your late Declaration for Liberty in matters of Religion; wherein You notifie to the World those Noble and Renouned Principles, That Conscience Ought not to be Constrained, nor People Forced in Matters of meer Religion; have Granted the free Exercise thereof for time to come: Together with Your Free and Ample Pardon, for Crines past relating thereunto; and added that to the perfect Enjoyment of Property: And that it is Your Resolution, that such Force shall not be attempted in Your Kingdoms during Your Reign.

For which affable and condescending Favours (being altogether free,) Dread Soveraign, we humbly, and cordially Praise almighty God, who hath thus inclined Your Royal Mind? And next we would present our humble Thanks to Your Self, humbly and exempstly praying, and carefully endeavouring to improve such a Mercy accordingly as proposed; That nothing be Taught prejudicial to Your Self or God

vernment. Craving Your Gracious Acceptance hereof, which shall more and more ingage us, by Inclination as well as Duty, to endeavour the approving our selves, as bound,

Your Maje Lies Faithful, Peaceable, and Obedient

Subjects.

Warfaw, June 20. The King we hear is still at Jawarow; and in the mean time we are told, that the Army is drawing together to make up the compleat number with which they are to Act: But the Tartars taking their advantage of these delays, have broke into that part of the Ugrain which was quitted to the Moscovites by the last Treaty between the two Nations, and confirmed again the last year; where they have made a horrible ravage, burning, pillaging, and carrying away whatever was for their conveniency: It is faid the Moscovites took the alarm, and got themselves in a readiness to fall upon them in their return home, where there was a sharp Fight between them, in which 20000 of the Tartars were killed, and great numbers of the Moscovites; and that there last following their blow, had made themselves Masters of that most important Post the Town of Precop, scituate in the very Ishmus, between the Gulf of Nigropoli and the Lake of Suka Morzi, which has thut up the Crim Tartars from all Passages out of their Country, except it be over the Bosphorus Cimmerius, or the Streights of Kercy, which joins the White and Black Seas, and lets them into Circalia, whither they have already fent most of their Women and Children: But this may want a further Confirmation; as will the other reports concerning any confiderable Action between the Armies in those parts.

From the Imperial Camp near Walpo, July 18. We are approaching so near to the Enemy, that the must either retreat before us, or we shall goon come. to a decision by Battle; we are now within a League and half of their Army, which is not thought to be much above 24000 Men; but they have possed themselves to all the advantage imaginable, having the Drave on their Right, a thick Wood, with fome Works cast up by them on their Left, and the Town of Effeck behind them; yet notwithstanding these accidental helps, the Duke of Lorrain ( who finds that Alacrity in his Army, that they are impitient till they are led on against the Enemy,) is refolved to loofe no time to force them from their Holds before the Grand Visier comes up, who is faid to be expected: But if it be, as we hear, that they have already fent away their Baggage, it may not be improbable that they defign to follow after

it themselves, and leave us the way open to Essech Buda, July 21. That flying stream of Fire which we mentioned in our last, took its course far beyond Pest, for though it seemed to us to vanish from thence, yet it was seen and observed by great numbers of Spectators passing through the Air over the Danube towards Be grade for 2 Leagues together; The Count of Cohari is marched with his 3000 Huslars and Heydukes towards Agria to join the Marquis Doria. Count Esterbasi, Palatin of Hungary, hath assembled the Hungarian Militia, with which he designs to help to block up Alba Regalis; and destroy the Fruits growing about it. The Troops

of.

of the Circles of Suabia and Franconia having made a short halt in these Parts, are gone down the River in order to join the Imperial Army, which we hope they will find before Effeck; for it is believed here, that the Ottoman Army that now covers that place, will hardly stand the shock: For the Grand Visier not being come up to them (who according to our last advices was at Sermium upon the Save;) it does not look as if they would lay the stress of fuch an Event upon a divided Army, especially since they are at no greater distance one from the other. They write from Croatia, That the Troops encamped upon the River Kulp, are waiting for the Emperor's Orders whither they should join the Duke of Lorrain, or attempt any thing elfe. And that in the mean time the Sieur Stephen Jellacsich, Protonotary of the Kingdom, and Captain John Kamenan being commanded out with 1000 Foot and 600 Horse, to make an Incursion as far as Busim and Transgrach, two of the Turkish Garisons, they anet with a Party under the Command of the Aga's Omeragich and Muztaf, both of the Garifon of Novigrac, which they deteated entirely, killing all but fuch as they took Prisoners, among which last were both their Officers in Chief.

Vienna, July 24. Since it has been upon second thoughts confidered how hardly our Army has pafsed the Drave, and what difficulties they have met with on each fide of the River, where the Soldiers, notwithstanding the many Bridges, and the infinite number of Babins that have been employed, were forced to wade through feveral places before they could recover dry ground; all People are now convinced what reason the Turks had with such Care and Charge to maintain their Bridge from Effeck to Darda, thereby to preferve a Pallage for their Troops at all Seasons, without being subject to the Caprice of a River apt to overflow, and when that hapned, was attended with inconveniencies almost intuperable: The Elector of Bavatur's Troops did not pass the River till the 15th. On the 17th the whole Army encamped between Ottom and Wal; v. Major-General Heister was commanded with a detached Party and some small pieces of Cannon, to attack the Car le of Walpo; but the Garifon confitting of about 500 Men, shewed no difp sition to surrender, but firing upon our Men, the Major General was hunt in the Foot by a Mulquetshot: It was not thought worth while to make a formal Siege of this place, there being greater designs on Foot; therefore the Duke of Lirrain ordering the Major-General to continue before it with 800 Men (who is calting up a small Fort against the Entrance into the Town, to keep them from Exembons) he paffed on with the Army towards the Enemy. There is an Express arrived with Letters from Prince Lews of Baden, which mention, that there had been a Prisoner taken, who declared, That the Enemy were about 10000 Janufaries, and 20000 Spahi's; that they had chosen their Ground to encamp with great Skill and Judgement; with a River on one hand, a Wood on the other, a floor Town behind them, and a Morafs before them; But the Duke of Loran making nie of the great forwardness-he found in his Troops, both in Officers and Soldiers to engage, he was refolved to advance fo near the Enemy the 19th, that he might attack them on the 20th; and to that and great quantities of Babins had been provided to help the Pullage over the Morals; so that we are in daily expectation to hear of some happy iffile of this great Conjuncture.

ritime, digift 4. The Moscovite Ambassador who has been here since the 29th of the last month, hath not yet had his Audience of the States, which has been put off because of his Indif-ofition. We to acquaint the States that the Czars have a great Army in the Field: It is faid, that during his stay here, in stead of that Entertainment which has been usually given in the like Cases, at the Charge of the States, he shall now have Money paid him to defiay his own Expences. To morrow the Colledges of the Admiralty renew their Meeting, to enter into Conferences with the Deputies of the States; and it is faid, that, one occasion thereof is in order to oblige them to a new Oath, for the exact observation of all Laws and Ordinances relating to the Duties and Impositions upon Foreign Trade; and to engage them to be affifting to the new Farmer Nieuport, upon all the occations he may have of recourse to their respective Colledges and Comptoiss. The Prince of Orange is expected here the tame day from Loo.

Durbam, July 21. This day the Lord Bishop of Durham, and the Judges of Assize, arrived here, and were met by most of the Gentlemen of the County.

Windscr, July 31. This day Their Majesties, and after Their Example, the whole Court, went into deep Moutning for Her Highness the late Duchess of Modena; a Person extremely regretted by both Their Majetties, and particularly by the Queen, out of that filial Affection, and tender respect which She conflantly bore Her: Being one whose Princely Virtues and other extraordinary Qualities, wherewith She was fingularly endowed, recommended Her to the Etteem and Veneration of all Persons, as well at Rome, where She dyed, as in all other places where She had ever been.

## Advertisements.

Letters writ by a Turkish Spy, who fived Five and forty Years undifferenced at Paris: Giving an Impattial Account to the Divan at Contlantinople, of the most remarkable. Transactions of Europea, Andedicovering several Intrigues and Secrets of the Christian Courts (especially of that of France) from the Year 1637, to the Year 1682. Written Originally in Arabick, first Translated into Italian, afterwark into tength, and only mint Republy. Sold by Hene afterwards into french, and now into Boglik Sold by Henry Rhodes next door to the Swan-Tayern in fleet-lifeet.

All Glauber's Works is proposed to be Printed by way of subfeription, Containing 44 Treatiles (Licensed by the Colledge of Philitians) very ulctul for all Gentlemen, Phititians, Attiticers, and others, as will appear by the Specimen, which with Propolals annexed, are to be had Gratis of Mr. Newman, Booklelter in the Poulicy, and of Mr. Christopher Pack at the fign of the Globe and Chymical I urnaces in the Pottern-tfreet near Moorgate; as allo of divers BookleHers in and about London.

Philotophiæ Naturalis Principia Mathematica. Autore Ilaaco Newton, Trin Coll Cantal, Socias, Mathe-feos Profeliore Lucafiano, & Regra Societatis Sodali In Quarto Londini proffat apud Guallerum Kettleby, & Sam, Smith in Coemeterio Paulino aliofq; nonnullos Bibliopolas. Joit the 15th Inflant in the Road, a low built Silver

Oft the 15th Instant in the Road, a low bhist Silver Warch, with the hour of the day and the day of the month, in a shagreen Case Studded with Silver, and a blue Ribon flowered with white: Made by Richard Crayle of London. Whoever bridge it to Mrs. Palmet's Coffee-house in blue Boar-yard in Kingstreet Westeninster, shall have 20 s. Reward, it Sold their Money returned.

Oft from Tadmarton in Oxforoshire, the 26th past, a dark brown Nag, all his Paces, 8 or 9 years old, about 14 hands high, a long Dock and carries it a little asioe, has had a hurt between the Ferlock and the Heel of the coal.

had a hurt between the Ferlock and the Heel of the tear Leg before Whoever gives Notice of him to Charles Mayhard at Doctors Common, shall have a Gpinea Neward

Oll from the Lord Dumbarton's Kirchin on Honflow heath the 13th path, a forcel Mare about 14 hands high, with a flaxen Mane and Fail, and branded on the near Buttock with M. P. Trots all, with a bit Bridle, and a black (litched Saddle, and a blue Saddle Cloth. Whose er gives Notice of her to Mr Edward Lock at the Bull in Houstow, or to Mr. Prince in Piccadilly, thall be well rewarded.

O T hole from Old Breutford the 27th path, a light

O'T loole from Oid accurrors the 27th pan, a night bay Gelding about 7 years tild, above 15 hands high; with a thin Mahe half shorn, and bob Tailto, with a little Gall upon the Withers. Whoever gives Notice of him to Mr. Tho, George at the Red Lyon Ion in Oid Brentford, or and seen put off because of his India, officer. We to Mr. James Thatcher at the Tub Twern in Germaindo not hear, but that great part of his business is fireet, shall have 20s. Reward and their Charges.