

In accordance with the spirit of these instructions to Collectors of Customs, by which stringent restrictions are imposed upon vessels of the United States, you are specially instructed to refuse licenses to all vessels which, whatever the ostensible destination, are believed by you, on satisfactory grounds, to be intended for ports or places in possession or under control of insurgents against the United States, or from whence there is imminent danger that the goods, wares, or merchandise, of whatever description, laden on such vessels, will fall into the possession or under the control of such insurgents; and in all cases where, in your judgment, there is ground for apprehension that any goods, wares, or merchandise shipped at your port, will be used, in any way, for the aid of the insurgents or the insurrection; or be transported to any place under insurrectionary control, and used to give aid or comfort to such insurgents.

In short you are specially instructed to refuse every application for a license for any vessel having on board as part of her cargo any of the articles designated in either of the lists furnished by the Secretary of the Treasury.

You will perceive that these lists have been prescribed under the powers conferred by law on the Secretary of the Treasury to regulate our domestic trade, and security by bond is required from all American shippers of goods to the designated ports against any abuse of the privilege, and you will readily understand that foreign shippers cannot be placed on a more favourable footing than American merchants in the loyal ports of the United States.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIAM H. SEWARD.

(883.)
Board of Trade, Whitehall,
July 3, 1862.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a despatch addressed to Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires, in New Granada, by the Government of that country, announcing that the following duties will be levied upon the under-mentioned articles when imported into New Granada:—

Salt, Machinery (set up or in detached pieces), and Tools for Agricultural and Mining purposes, free.
Steel, tin and zinc (manufactured or unmanufactured), wood (rough), tow (clean or tarred); ingredients used for seasoning or preparing provisions, such as lard, olive oil, cinnamon, vinegar, garlic, and pepper: wine and beer, when the boxes or barrels containing the bottles are completely opened for inspection. 5 cents. per kilogramme.

(887.)
Board of Trade, Whitehall,
July 4, 1862.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from the French Ambassador at this Court enclosing the following form of a certificate for trade marks of British goods imported into France, the adoption of which, though not obligatory, is recommended

as affording facilities to the importers, tending to remove causes of complaint.

Modèle de Procuration pour le Dépôt des Marques Anglaises.

Le Soussigné,

(Énoncer les noms, prénoms, profession, domicile et lieu de fabrique, s'il est distinct, si c'est une société qui agit; énoncer la raison de la société, son siège et son objet.
Le pouvoir est signé par le Directeur-Gérant)

donne pouvoir à Mr.

(nom, prénoms, profession, domicile) de, pour moi et en mon nom, en vertu du Traité du 23 Janvier, 1860, et conformément à la loi du 23 Juin, 1857, faire au greffe du Tribunal de Commerce de Paris le dépôt de (designer la quantité), marque de ma fabrique (ou de mon commerce) de (designer la nature des produits).

A cet effet, rédiger et signer tous modèles des dites marques, et signer tous procès verbaux.

Le dit dépôt à effectuer pour jouir des droits résultant de la loi précitée.

Fait à _____, le _____ 186 .
(Signature).

(Rédiger en Français pour éviter les frais de traduction).

Faire légaliser la signature par le Consul de France, et, à défaut, par l'autorité judiciaire ou municipale du lieu.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
4th July, 1862.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

The under-mentioned Gentlemen Cadets to be Lieutenants:—

William Lacy Hutchinson. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Robert Alfred Lanning. Dated 25th June, 1862.
John Castell Robson. Dated 25th June, 1862.
George Firebrace. Dated 25th June, 1862.
William Auchinleck. Dated 25th June, 1862.
James Alleyne. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Edward Wighton. Dated 25th June, 1862.
William Mallins. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Frank Johnson. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Charles Stewart. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Hugh Stewart. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Ernest Johnson. Dated 25th June, 1862.
George Tennant Carré. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Carlile Greer. Dated 25th June, 1862.
George Montgomery. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Robert Powel Hars. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Norman Macdonald Burt. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Lee Percy Pennethorne. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Henry Walter John Hubback. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Wadham Pigott Platt. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Edward Almon. Dated 25th June, 1862.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant Shearman G. Bird has been permitted to resign his Commission.

The under-mentioned Gentlemen Cadets to be Lieutenants, with temporary rank:—

Thomas Fraser. Dated 25th June, 1862.
Mark Sever Bell. Dated 25th June, 1862.