Government of Bombay, and Rupees 3,00,000 on that of Madras.

No Tender is to be for a sum less than Rupees 10,000, and one-eighth of a penny per Rupee is to be the smallest fraction tendered.

Each Tender must specify the rate of Exchange at which the applicant is prepared to purchase a Bill, or any number of Bills, and the lowest amount of any one Bill is to be Rupees 5,000.

The Secretary of State will not be bound to accept any Tender, and reserves the right of accepting the whole or any portion of a Tender.

In the event of two or more Tenders being equal, and the amount remaining to be allotted not being sufficient to supply both or all, the Bank will be instructed to allot rateably.

S On the day following the receipt of the Tenders at the Bank, the parties will, on application at the Chief Cashier' Office, be informed whether their Tenders have or have not been accepted.

If accepted, the amount of payment must be lodged at the Bank on or before the 15th day of December.

Those applicants whose Tenders shall have been accepted; will be furnished with a Form to be filled up with the particulars of the Bills required, and the Bills themselves, drawn in Duplicate, will be delivered on the day following the payment.

Thomas George Baring.

India Office, 24th November, 1862.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice that he has received from the Government at Madras the undermentioned schedules, viz.:—

Schedule of all sums of money, bonds, and other securities received by the Administrator-General on account of each estate remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout and the balances, prepared up to 30th June, 1862:

Schedule of all Administrations whereof the final balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such balances and the persons to whom paid, prepared from the 1st January to 30th June, 1862:

Schedule of all sums of money, bonds, and other securities received by the Administrator-General on account of all trusts remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout and the balances, prepared up to 30th June, 1862:

Schedule of all trust accounts whereof the final balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such balances and the persons to whom paid, prepared from 1st January to 30th June, 1862:

And that the said schedules are open to the inspection of the public in the department of the official agent to the Administrators General of India, at this office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

OTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

2056. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166
Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent

for the invention of "improvements in generating heat in furnaces and fire places."—A communication to him from abroad by William Elijah Hagan, of Troy, United States of America, Chemist.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 18th day of July, 1862.

2260. To Jean Frédéric Journaux Leblond; of Paris, France, Machine Maker, for the invention of "improvements in sewing machines."
On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 12th day of August, 1862.

2642. To Joseph Ebenezer Walker, of Kingstreet, Old Ford-road, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanist, for the invention of "improvements in signalling on railways."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 29th day of September, 1862.

2855. To William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in sewing machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Messrs. Dwight, Tracy, George Hobbs, both of Worcester, in the county of Worcester, and State of Massachusetts, United States of America, Machinists. On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 23rd day of October, 1862

2871. To George Luke and William Luke, trading at No. 98, Mott-street, Birmingham, as Wholesale Saddlers, under the firm of G, and W. Luke, for the invention of "an improved stirrup."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 25th day of October, 1862.

2886: To Henri Charles René, Joubert, Upholsterer, of 18, Maddox-street, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "an improved method of raising and fixing at any height desired music stools, chairs, or seats."

2889. And to Thomas Pilgrim, of 17, Carlisleterrace, Fairfield - road, Bow, London, E., Engineer, for the invention of "an improvement in locks, bolts, latches, and other fastenings."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 27th day of Ocber, 1862.

2904. To Charles Stewart Duncan, of Invernessroad, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "an improved compound or material for coating or covering metallic and vegetable substances to preserve them from corrosion or decay."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of October, 1862.

2950: To Frederick Elsworth Sickels, of New York City, United States of America, but now residing at Bute-street, Brompton, in the county of Mindlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the means of steering and managuvering ships or boats, and in the apparatus connected therewith, which apparatus is also applicable for pumping and lifting weights." On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 31st day of October, 1862.

2954. To William Tarr, of 112, York-street, Oxford-street, Manchester, and Enoch Farr, of 40, Cavelidish-street, Oxford-street, Manchester, both in the county of Lancashire, for the invention of "an improvement in pianofortes."